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ARMY

GAZETTE OF THE
REGULAR

ESTABLISHED 1863—VOL. LXI, NO. 34.
WHOLE NUMBER 3,165.

ARMY OFFICERS BEGIN FIGHT ON INCOME TAX

Rental Allowance to Be
Subject of a Test
Case Filed

CONTRIBUTIONS NEEDED

SUBSTANTIATING their contention that the commuted value of quarters in kind or the rental allowance is not taxable income, individual Army officers are making voluntary contributions of not to exceed \$1 so that the prosecution of the Clifford Jones test case in the Court of Claims may be pushed to a successful conclusion. It can readily be seen that in the event the case is won, savings which will accrue to each individual during the remainder of his active service will be considerable. Should the case go to the Supreme Court for decision, litigation expenses will be quite heavy.

Officers of the other Services who are receiving pay and allowances under the act of June 10, 1922, and who desire to co-operate with the Army officers in this matter, should send their personal contribution, not to exceed \$1, to Col. F. W. Coleman, U.S.A., Room 3004, Munitions Building, Washington, D.C. Col. Coleman is acting in an unofficial capacity as co-ordinator in this effort.

The subjoined statement explains the problem involved and what has already been accomplished:

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX

1. Matters affecting individual income tax are personal between the individual and the Internal Revenue Bureau.
2. The problem set forth below is of personal interest and affects the personal welfare of every officer in the Service.
3. It is improbable, and could hardly be expected, that any one officer could be found who would be willing to go to the personal trouble and expense necessary to have this problem definitely and finally decided for the corresponding benefit of all the others.
4. Problem Involved and What Has Already Been Done.—

(a) The Internal Revenue Department requires the commuted value of quarters in kind or the rental allowance in lieu thereof to be reported by each officer on his individual income tax return, as gross income for taxation purposes.

(b) We contend that these items are not taxable, that they are part of the overhead expense of the Government in operating its plant; that our officers must accept and live in the quarters assigned them for the convenience of the Government; that the rental allowance is only paid them for the purpose of providing themselves with quarters at places where the Government cannot provide them and where they are required to live and function for the sole benefit of the Government in the operation of its activities. We have judicial decisions which strongly fortify our contention.

(c) On June 28, 1923, we submitted to the Internal Revenue Department a request for reconsideration of this former decision. This was accompanied by very able briefs pre-

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NAVY

AND VOLUNTEER
FORCES

JOURNAL.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1924.

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ROUND WORLD FLIGHT COMMANDER RESCUED

Major Martin Is Saved
by Destroyer Hull
After Accident

ARMY FLYERS CONTINUE

MAJ. FREDERICK L. MARTIN, Air Service, U.S.A., commander of the squadron of Army flyers who are making an all-around-the-world flight, and who was reported missing when the three accompanying planes arrived at Chignik, Alaska, late April 15, was fortunately found and rescued April 16 by the U.S. destroyer Hull, Lt. Comdr. T. C. Hilliard, near Cape Igvak, in Portage Bay.

Maj. Martin's plane developed engine trouble and the major was forced to descend, and with his mechanic, Sgt. Alva Harvey, remained in his machine all night and both suffered from exposure before rescued.

They were taken aboard the Hull with the plane to Kanatak, Alaska, 170 miles from Chignik, where the defects in the plane will be made good for the continuance of the flight. The repairs will, it is thought, require a week to perfect and a new engine may have to be installed.

When Maj. Martin's fellow flyers arrived at Chignik from Seward, after a flight of 450 miles, and found him missing, messages were at once broadcast asking that a search for him be made, and the U.S.S. Corry and Hull and the steamer Starr took up the search.

As a result of the accident orders have been issued to the flyers to remain within sight of one another during the remainder of their flight.

The official reports showed that three of the planes had pulled away from the fourth during the flight from Seward to Chignik.

An Associated Press dispatch states that the next leg of the flight will be from Chignik to Flase Pass, 220 miles southwest. It had been planned to fly to Unalaska (Dutch Harbor), 400 miles from Chignik, but it was decided later to make the trip in two stages. The airmen have accepted the invitation of J. R. Nichols, superintendent of the P. E. Harris & Co. cannery there, to take a brief respite at the company's plant.

The Secretary of War has requested the Secretary of the Navy to issue instructions to various naval units to co-operate and assist in the Army around-the-world flight. The specific assistance requested was as follows:

Send two destroyers with gasoline and other supplies to the stops in the Kurile Islands as station vessels for the aviators when they arrive at these points. These vessels were also to act as a radio chain of communication during the flight in this section.

Guard the passage across the Yellow Sea from Kagoshima down to Shanghai, and if necessary furnish radii chain and guard flight on the various stops from Shanghai to Calcutta.

Assign four destroyers or similar vessels to assist in the passage across the North Atlantic ocean.

The commander-in-chief of the Asiatic Fleet has assigned the U.S.S. Pope and U.S.S. Ford to the duty in connection with the Army flight in the vicinity of Kurile Islands and these vessels arrived at Yokohama for their supplies on April

NEW SECRETARY OF NAVY TAKES STAND IN FAVOR OF INDUSTRIAL MOBILIZATION

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY CURTIS D. WILBUR, who appeared before the House Committee on Military Affairs at Washington on April 9, said that he favored the enactment of a law vesting the President with absolute power to mobilize industry, capital and labor, in time of war.

"I say without hesitation," said Mr. Wilbur in part, "that I am for the mobilization of material and money in time of war."

"A system that draws a distinction between blood and money at a time of national danger is not a wise one."

"My suggestion is that any legislation looking to the mobilization of industry and the conscription of man power and woman power in time of war and the taking of property without compensation as a means of furthering war should be based upon a Constitutional amendment."

"In making preparations for war we should not commit ourselves to any line of policy that might lead to the reconstruction of the Government itself. We should beware of anything in the form of a dictatorship."

NATION NEEDS NAVAL AND MARINE CORPS RESERVE; BILL IS PENDING

BY CAPT. DUDLEY W. KNOX, U.S.N., Naval Correspondent

THERE is no more important piece of naval legislation before the present Congress than the bill relating to a Naval Reserve and a Marine Corps Reserve, upon which hearings were recently completed by the Senate Naval Committee. That the existing state of affairs is highly unsatisfactory, and that the proposed bill will correct the principal deficiencies, was made clear by the testimony of a number of witnesses, among them Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, Adm. Latimer and other Regular Navy officers and representatives of the Reserve Officers' Association and of the Naval Militia.

While the American Navy is well below the 5-5-3 ratio in ships and in a number of other elements of naval power, its deficiency in reserve personnel, compared with other powers, is greater than in any other factor. That the Navy would be in a serious plight with regard to personnel in the event of a major emergency was clearly demonstrated by Secretary Roosevelt. After counting all of the present regular and reserve forces, there is an indicated deficiency of 440,000 men and 19,000 officers. Manifestly, such numbers cannot possibly be supplied except through provision for a reserve. While the proposed bill scarcely deals in such proportions, and could not be expected to, it makes an extremely necessary beginning.

The new bill revokes all previous laws pertaining to Naval Reserves. This is desirable because of the hasty way in which previous legislation was framed and passed to meet the special conditions of imminent war and of actual war. It was prepared after careful and exhaustive study by several boards and after prolonged conferences with representatives of the Naval Reserve Force and the Naval Militia. This has resulted in the striking feature of virtual unanimity of approval among all concerned, who regard it as a very constructive and comprehensive basic law. In the hearings, Mr. Roosevelt stressed the point that for the first time this law would without fail correct the unfortunate tendency heretofore existing to regard the Naval Reserve as an organization in some degree separate from the Regular Service.

The outstanding general provisions of

the new plan are the consolidation of the existing six classes comprising the Naval Reserve Force into but three classes (Fleet, Merchant Marine and Volunteer); a change in the matter of compensation so as to bring it into harmony with the National Defense Act as applied to the National Guard; the federalization of the Naval Militia; and a revision of the laws now applicable to the Fleet Naval Reserve, so as to make substantial reductions in its unit costs and to insure the physical qualifications essential to service afloat.

The reduction in the number of classes is in the interest not only of simplification of administration, but of a greater sense of unity in the organization. Care has been taken in framing the details of the consolidation to safeguard every right which members now have. They are carried on in their current enrolment in their existing confirmed rank.

The principal change in compensation is the abolition of the old retainer pay and the substitution of drill pay, together with necessary provision for subsistence, outfit, leave and compensation in the event of injury. In general, the Naval Reserve Force and the National Guard are placed on a parity in regard to compensation.

An important feature is the requirement that, in the future, enlistment in the Regular Navy will involve an agreement to serve at least four years in the Reserve after honorable discharge. It is expected that this alone will result in providing about 30,000 Reservists after the law has been operative through a period of eight years, at an annual cost of only \$750,000.

The Marine Corps Reserve is cared for by the substitution for the present classes of only two classes: the Fleet Marine Reserve and the Volunteer Marine Corps Reserve, corresponding to the Fleet Naval Reserve and the Volunteer Naval Reserve, respectively.

The present highly unsatisfactory state of affairs in regard to Naval Reserves has continued to the point where America's sea power is in great jeopardy. It is to be profoundly hoped that Congress will no longer delay in placing the matter on a firm and adequate basis.

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ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL GOES TO SENATE

**Committee Increases House
Figures by Total of
\$3,368,759**

RESTATES LONGEVITY LAW

SHORN of most of the objectionable legislative provisions that were adopted by the House and with an increase over the budget recommendations, the Army Appropriation bill (H.R. 7877) was reported to the Senate on April 11 by Chairman Wadsworth. The total of the bill pending in the Senate is now \$329,606,352.13 as compared to \$326,237,503.13 as it passed the House. The Senate committee added \$3,368,759 to the bill, but still the amount is slightly below the budget estimates for 1925, which were \$329,857,771.

Among the increases made by the Senate were \$7,160 in the office of the Secretary of War, \$85,052 in the Adjutant General's Department, \$300,000 in transportation for the Army and \$600,000 for military posts under the Quartermaster General. There was an increase of \$25,000 for preservation of historical fortifications, of \$50,000 for the electric light and power plants in Hawaii, of \$152,000 for alteration and maintenance of mobile artillery, of \$41,413 for service detachments and engineer detachments at the Military Academy. The National Guard figures were increased \$565,000. The largest increase was \$1,059,706 for the Organized Reserves. By this increase the Senate committee raised the amount for training Reserve officers to \$3,916,360 as compared with the War Department recommendations of \$3,465,917 and with the budget estimates of \$2,907,000 and the House bill of \$2,856,606.

The Senate committee restored the item for the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, reporting \$89,900 for expenses, \$7,500 for national trophy and medals and \$10,000 for Ordnance equipment.

AMENDMENTS

The provision for the discharge of enlisted men upon application of their parents was stricken from the measure. This provision as it passed the House read:

Provided, That hereafter the Secretary of War shall discharge from the Army with the form of discharge certificate and the travel and other allowances to which his service, after enlistment, shall entitle him, any enlisted man under the age of twenty-one on the application of either of his parents or legal guardian if such enlisted man was enlisted without the written consent of one of his parents or his legal guardian.

The Senate Military Committee followed in the footsteps of the Senate Naval Appropriations Committee in dealing with the amendment affecting the Noce decision on longevity credit for cadet service. The amendment as reported out by the Senate committee reads as follows:

Provided, That in computing for any purpose the length of service of any officer of the Army who was appointed to the U.S. Military Academy or the U.S. Naval Academy after Aug. 24, 1912, the time spent at either academy shall not be counted.

The Senate committee rewrote the House provision relative to the civil employment of retired Army officers. It recommended that the following be stricken out of the bill:

None of the money appropriated in this act shall be used to pay any officer on the retired list of the Army who for himself or for others engages in the selling, contracting for the sale of, negotiating for the sale of, or furnishing to the Army, or the War Department any supplies, materials, equipment, lands, buildings, plants, vessels, or munitions. None of the money appropriated in this act shall be paid to any officer on the retired list of the Army who is employed in the United States or its possessions by any individual, partnership, corporation, or association regularly or frequently engaged in making direct sales of any merchandise or material to the War Department or the Army.

And the following language substituted therefor:

None of the money appropriated in this act shall be used to pay any officer on the retired list of the Army who for himself engages in the

selling, contracting for the sale of, negotiating for the sale of, or furnishing to the Army or the War Department any supplies, materials, equipment, lands, buildings, plants, vessels, or munitions, or who is employed by any individual, partnership, corporation, or association regularly or frequently engaged in selling merchandise or material directly to the War Department or the Army, if such employment be as sales or contract agent for the purpose of selling, contracting for the sale of, negotiating for the sale of, or furnishing to the Army or the War Department any supplies, materials, equipment, lands, buildings, plants, vessels, or munitions.

The Senate committee struck out the provision limiting the purchase of motor vehicles which was attached to the bill in the House. The amendment which was stricken out reads as follows:

None of the funds appropriated or made available under this act or any of the unexpended balances of any other act shall be used for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger or freight-carrying vehicles for the Army except those that are purchased solely for experimental purposes, and except one automobile for the official use of the Secretary of War.

The committee recommends the addition of the following proviso under the appropriation for roads, bridges and trails in Alaska:

Provided, That if an appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1926, shall not have been made prior to March 1, 1925, the Secretary of War may authorize the Board of Road Commissioners to incur obligations for this purpose of not to exceed 75 per centum of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1925, payment of these obligations to be made from the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1926.

Chairman Wadsworth was authorized by the committee to offer an amendment authorizing the employment of Army and Navy officers as co-ordinators. It reads as follows:

Nothing contained in this act, or any other act, shall be construed as depriving any commissioned officer of the Army or Navy of his right to pay and allowances while serving on such duty as the President may direct in the co-ordination of the business of the Government.

The committee also authorized Mr. Wadsworth to offer an amendment for the payment of certain claims in the Citizens' Military Training Camps in the following language: "Expenditures heretofore made for similar supplies and equipment from appropriations for Citizens' Military Training Camps are hereby validated."

NATIONAL GUARD CAMPS IN THE 9TH CORPS AREA

THE following is a revised schedule of National Guard encampments which will be held in the 9th Corps Area during the summer training period of 1924:

Del Monte, Calif., June 10-24—Oregon National Guard, 162d and 196th Infantry, Co. A, 116th Engrs., 167th Hospital Co., state staff corps and departments.

Del Monte, Calif., Aug. 2-16—California National Guard, 159th and 160th Infantry, 40th Signal Co., 143d Ambulance Co., 79th Infantry Brigade and Hqrs. Detachment, 184th Infantry, 40th Division Tank Co.

Fort Barry, Calif., June 14-28—Oregon Coast Art. Corps.

Fort MacArthur, Calif., July 5-19—California Coast Art. Corps.

Camp Lewis, Wash., June 14 to 28—Washington National Guard, Battery A, 196th Field Art., Idaho National Guard, Batteries C and D, 148th Field Art., 3d Battalion, 186th Inf.

Camp Lewis, Wash., Aug. 2-16—California National Guard, 143d Field Art.

Camp Lewis, Wash., July 7-21—Utah National Guard, 145th Field Art.

Camp Murray, Wash., June 14-28—Washington National Guard, 161st Infantry, 146th Field Art., 41st Tank Co., Troop B, 58th Machine Gun Sqdn., 161st Motor Transport Co.

Fort Worden, Wash., June 14 to 28—Washington Coast Art. Corps.

Payette Lake, Idaho, June 14-28—Idaho National Guard, 116th Cav., less 2d Sqdn., Hqrs. Co., 40th Division.

Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., June 14-28—Utah National Guard, 116th Cav., 2d Sqdn., 143d Hospital Co., state staff corps and departments.

Pole Mountain, Wyo., June 14-28—Wyoming National Guard, 115th Cav., Hqrs., 58th Cavalry Brigade.

Fort William Henry Harrison, Mont., June 14-28—Montana National Guard, 163d Infantry, 146th Ambulance Co.

POLICY FOR TRAINING CAMPS IS OUTLINED

Hearings Bring Out the Program to be Followed

ARMY OFFICER TESTIFIES

APPEARING before the House Subcommittee on Appropriations, recently, Lt. Col. Howard C. Dickinson, Inf., O.R.C., detailed with the General Staff, outlined the policy to be followed in the administration of the summer training camps this year. Referring to Reserve officers, in answer to questions by Congressman Anthony, Col. Dickinson explained:

"They will be trained in various ways under the War Department training program for fifteen-day periods. A number of them would attend camps. Others will be assigned to units of the Regular Army for active duty for fifteen days, and others will be trained at posts, camps, and stations throughout the country, in accordance with the best available facilities for giving training in their particular branches of the Service."

Mr. Anthony—In other words, where you find it more practical to give a Reserve officer training by assigning him for duty for fifteen days with some organization of the Regular Army he will be given that training?

Col. Dickinson—Yes, sir.

Mr. Anthony—Instead of going to one of the regular camps?

Col. Dickinson—Yes, sir. Also in connection with the Services, officers of the various branches, Ordnance, for example, we find that much better training can be given by sending them for fifteen days to an arsenal or a depot, rather than to send them to the camps. In other words, we want to give the officer the training in the duty that he will have to perform on mobilization.

Mr. Anthony—I think that is very wise. I think one of the drawbacks of the present system is that very frequently officers are ordered to a training camp where they do not see any real training in the branch to which they belong.

CONTACT TRAINING

Under the method that you have just described it will put the man in actual contact with the work that he is supposed to be called upon to do.

Col. Dickinson—That is what we wish to do, sir.

Mr. Anthony—Colonel, will you tell us the system under which you select the trainees each season for your camps and for duty longer than fifteen days?

Col. Dickinson—With respect to fifteen-day training under the present policy for the development of Organized Reserve units, training will be largely based upon a system of unit training. That is to say, instead of ordering out individual officers, complete units, as far as practicable will be ordered to active duty in each corps area. This will depend on the amount of funds available, which will be apportioned, as in the past, to the corps area commanders, who in turn will distribute it among various organizations within their areas, so that certain units will then have a share of the funds for the training of their particular personnel. It may be sufficient to train 10 per cent., 20 per cent., 25 per cent., or more of the officers and men of each organization, and their selection will largely be in the hands of the commanding officers of the units.

Mr. Anthony—So that instead of having groups of officers at training camps that are selected indiscriminately from scattered organizations you are going to select as many as possible from the organizations that they are assigned to?

Col. Dickinson—Yes, sir.

Mr. Anthony—Would it be a desirable thing? As a rule, in your regimental organizations, the colonel, of course, is the most active man in it. The higher the rank of the officer, the greater his interest in proportion, and will you not, probably, miss the training of the subordinate officer, who is really the man that we want to rely on when we need him?

Col. Dickinson—No, sir; I do not think so.

Mr. Anthony—In other words, I have the idea that the training of the captains and the lieutenants is probably the most important thing.

Col. Dickinson—There is no question about that, sir; but it seems to me that the only way to arrive at the proper basis of organizational training is to put the training of the organizations directly up to the commanding officer of the unit. We must develop, on the part of colonels of Reserve organizations, some sense of responsibility; in other words, put them more or less in the same position as colonels of National Guard organizations. If they assume that responsibility, which the War Department proposes to place upon them, it is then their function, under the supervision of corps area commanders, to see to it that trained teams are produced; and they must be kept informed as to the funds at their disposal so as to distribute their training with a view of developing trained teams.

Mr. Anthony—Would not such a method of training, where a large number of the higher ranking officers are called out each year, consume too much of your appropriation?

Col. Dickinson—No, sir; I do not think so, because the higher ranking officers diminish at a rapid rate when the higher grades are reached. Furthermore, I feel that many of the higher ranking officers, in order to supervise the training of their subordinates, will be willing to attend camp on a non-pay status, provided funds are not sufficient to pay for the entire unit personnel. Training of officers in the higher grades must not be neglected, since their responsibilities are proportionately greater, and a higher degree of professional knowledge necessary.

Mr. Anthony—You could get the theoretical training through the meetings of your groups of officers during the winter, and the summer training ought to be devoted to actual work in connection with duties to which these officers are assigned.

Col. Dickinson—The ideal training would be through regimental organizations, with unit headquarters and Regular Army officers on duty in charge to carry on during the winter, by correspondence courses, local conferences and assemblies, the theoretical work in preparation for the summer training, and then, as far as practicable, to devote the fifteen-day active duty period to practical training, insofar as facilities are available.

Mr. Anthony—Of course, troops of the Regular Army are somewhat limited in number and not always stationed so that they are available for training Reserve officers, as the Reserve officers can be attached to them for training, but every summer, almost the entire National Guard is ordered into training camps. Has the question ever come up of the practicability of detailing Reserve officers for training with the National Guard during that period, so that they would have actual contact with troops?

Col. Dickinson—Yes, sir.

Mr. Anthony—Will anything be done along that line this summer?

Col. Dickinson—Yes, sir. Of course, the War Department can not direct it because, as you know, the National Guard, in time of peace, is not a part of the Army of the United States; and when it comes to the assignment of officers of the Federal Reserve to train with the state forces it must be done with the consent of the National Guard authorities concerned.

Mr. Anthony—What would be the attitude of the National Guard toward that?

Col. Dickinson—The spirit of co-operation between the National Guard and the Reserve is developing in a most cordial and satisfactory manner, and I believe that, in so far as it did not interfere with the training of the National Guard personnel, they would be willing to permit a number of Reserve officers, who so desire, to attend their camps.

NAVAL LAND BILL TO BE REPORTED OUT

THE House Committee on Naval Affairs on April 14 approved the provision of the Omnibus Land bill, excepting the land for the naval air station at Sand Point. With the adoption of this provision all of the controversial features of the land bill have been disposed of, and the committee will shortly report out the entire Omnibus bill.

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CORPS OF CADETS

CADET chapel services were conducted by Rev. P. N. Waggett of London on April 13. At the Y.M.C.A. meeting Mr. J. O. Arroll of Jamaica, N.Y., related his experiences on the southern Russian front during the World War.

DR. HERTY of the American Association of Chemists addressed the second class April 9 on the subject of Organic Chemistry and Its Relation to Warfare. It is the desire of the association to bring the Army in closer contact with the civilian chemists. To further this idea, each year a series of lectures is delivered at both the Military and Naval academies by eminent chemists and authors of scientific works.

DUE to the quarantine for scarlet fever there has been no hop for several weeks. Very few visitors have been, on the post and gatherings of cadets and others have been discouraged. As a result, there are but few cases and it seems probable that the ban will be lifted before Easter.

CADET CONRAD S. BABCOCK has been elected secretary-treasurer of the Intercollegiate Fencing Association. Cadet Babcock has been a member of the fencing squad for three years.

THE moving pictures during the quarantine have been for cadets only. Capt. Cherrington has scheduled some of the leading pictures of the year including "The Hunchback of Notre Dame," "Merry-Go-Round," "Scaramouche," "Little Old New York" and "Zaza."

THE Pointer from now till the end of the academic year will be a series of special numbers. The "Femmes" number comes out to-day, April 19.

TRACK competitions, held April 12, were very satisfactory. Cadets Newmann and Calhoun in the mile and two-mile runs respectively showed the same form which enabled them to set new Academy records last season. Cadet Barkes in the hurdle events, Cadets Dean and Heacock in the dashes, Cadets Dabezies and Sexton in the field events, all veterans, promise brilliant performances for the season.

THE tennis match scheduled for April 12 with Cornell was canceled.

BECAUSE of rainy weather it has been impossible to carry out the schedule of intra-mural athletics. Close order Infantry drill has been substituted.

BARON VON ANTISHOFEN, Swiss Minister to Poland and a colonel in the Swiss army, paid an official visit to the Military Academy April 10. He expressed himself as being well pleased with the institution. A special luncheon was given in his honor at the Officers' Mess.

CADET J. C. B. ELLIOTT competing in the preliminary tryouts for the Olympic team placed fifth in the finals of the 200-meter breast stroke in the swimming events at Annapolis on April 12.

UNDER the tutelage of Coach Collins a lacrosse team of the usual Army caliber is developing. There are many veterans of last season on hand, including Salmon, member of last year's All-American team, Vichules, Marinelli, Horner, and Gillmore and Fraser of football fame. This is the first year that a game has been scheduled between the Service teams. Interest in the game has grown accordingly, and it is now counted as a major sport.

MILITARY TRAINING CAMPS ASSOCIATION

MAJ. GEN. DAVID C. SHANKS has written a letter to Rear Adm. Samuel McGowan, expressing his pleasure at the latter's acceptance of the post of civilian aid, for Laurens county, S.C.

ON the initiative of Pierpont L. Stackpole, civilian aid for the 1st Corps Area, the executive committee of the Military Training Camps Association has authorized the enrolment of all C.M.T.C. graduates as junior members (non-dues-paying and non-voting) of the association. The M.T.C.A. was originally formed by the graduates of the Plattsburgh and other pre-war camps, and it seems especially fitting that the younger men who are now doing voluntary training should be en-

rolled as members. It is expected that with the passing years these men will gradually become active members and be prepared to carry on the "Plattsburgh idea."

THE Rotary Club of Battle Creek, Mich., made provision for the taking of a very interesting moving picture film of Camp Custer, which is being widely used throughout the 6th Corps Area. The secretary of the club in his connection with the Gage Printing Company, Ltd., has published in quantity an annual calendar, which has in artistic form a picture of the candidates as they were reviewed by Gen. Pershing, Brig. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley and Brig. Gen. Charles G. Dawes.

AN interesting example of civilian cooperation for the benefit of the Citizens' Military Training Camps is reported from Del Monte, Calif., where it is understood that a distinguished citizen of Santa Barbara is co-operating with the international committee of the Y.M.C.A. in an endeavor to provide an additional club house for the convenience of the C.M.T.C. candidates of 1924, as well as of other units, which will be in training at that point during the coming summer.

ON March 13 a successful affair occurred at the Laurel (Del.) High School, where the C.M.T.C. Club of that institution was host at a banquet to which members of the C.M.T.C. class of 1923 from various towns in Southern Delaware, with their friends, were invited.

The principal and commandant, Lt. Col. A. E. Tanner, C.A.O.R.C., has, during his two years' incumbency of his office, established a very successful military spirit in this school. At the banquet on the 13th, all arrangements were handled by student committees, and the girls of the domestic science department prepared the menu and attended to all the details of serving. The boys of the club, in their cadet uniforms, gave the necessary military touch to the affair, and in addition to this, three officers of the Regular Army were present, viz., Col. Gordon G. Heiner, C.A.C.; Lt. Col. William A. Carleton, Inf.; and Maj. C. L. Williams, C.A.C. Brief addresses were made by the above officers, also by Dr. H. V. Holloway, state superintendent of public instruction, and others.

RESERVE OFFICERS' ASS'N

A LETTER was sent to Representative Hull and Senators McCormick and McKinley by the Reserve Officers' Association of Peoria, Ill., following the meeting at which a motion was carried that a letter be written expressing the views of the chapter on the subject of training of Reserve officers and enlisted men. It appealed for adequate appropriations.

COL. J. B. KEMPER, Inf., D.O.L., chief of staff of the 97th Division, O.R.C., was a recent visitor in Burlington, Vt., the occasion being the organizing of the Chittenden County Reserve Officers' Association. The following officers were elected: President, Col. H. Nelson Jackson, Inf., O.R.C.; vice president, Maj. William H. Hildson, Inf., O.R.C.; secretary, 1st Lt. Harold A. Mayforth, A.S., O.R.C.; treasurer, 1st Lt. Edward H. Thornton, Finance, O.R.C.

A dinner given that evening for Col. Kemper was attended by sixty-nine Reserve officers and Regular Army officers on duty at Fort Ethan Allen and the University of Vermont.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Rutland County (Vt.) Chapter of the Reserve Officers' Association was held in the Memorial Armory on April 3. Maj. James M. Hamilton, Med., O.R.C., was elected president, vice Col. Redfield Proctor, Engr., O.R.C., resigned. Maj. Nathaniel C. Peterson, Engr., O.R.C., was elected vice president. Capt. John A. Russell, Q.M.C. (D.O.L.), executive officer, gave an interesting talk, and Capt. Fred Dillon, A.G.O.R.C., also spoke.

THE Peoria (Ill.) Chapter, Reserve Officers' Association, gave its annual dinner on April 7 at the Creve Coeur Club. The guests and principal speakers were: Maj. Gen. George H. Harries, president Department of Illinois, R.O.A.; Lt. Col. Morris M. Keck, chief of staff, 86th Division, and Lt. Col. T. A. Siqueland, Cav., O.R.C., formerly of M.I.D. The officers of the association are: Maj. Clarence E. Smith, Inf., O.R.C., president; 1st Lt. R. G. Cornelison, F.A.O.R.C., vice president; 1st Lt. John E. Wansbrough, Inf., O.R.C., secretary; Maj. L. A. Ballew, treasurer.

First of the battleships driven by G-E motors is the *New Mexico*, launched in 1917.



What a miracle it is!

Twelve years ago the United States Navy Department permitted General Electric engineers to equip the collier *Jupiter* with electric drive—then a great experiment.

So handsomely did the *Jupiter* perform that now all the great United States battleships are electrically driven.

What a miracle it is—an invisible current driving a 32,000-ton battleship!

GENERAL ELECTRIC

THE THREE "AGES" OF SHOEMAKING

For centuries and centuries the method of making footwear did not vary. A mural painting discovered in the ruins of ancient Thebes shows Egyptian sandal-makers at work after the manner of the early New England cobblers. Until a few generations ago boots and shoes were made entirely by hand, and wholly by the individual craftsman. This was the first "age" of shoemaking.

In the Eighteenth Century small domestic shoe-shops arose, and groups of men and women, in shops and homes, made the footwear of the people, the work being more or less divided, but all still done by hand. This was the second "age".

About the middle of the Nineteenth Century the factory system developed and the introduction of shoe machinery began, until to day in no field of manufacture has greater progress been made or more efficiency been attained through machinery. This is the third "age".

There is a machine now available for practically every process in the making of shoes. And, by the way, there are one hundred and forty different operations in the making of a Goodyear Welt Shoe, universally recognized as without a peer in those qualities which make a shoe desirable,—comfort, durability, appearance.

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CORPORATION

ROUND WORLD FLIGHT COMMANDER RESCUED

Continued from page 809

6. The U.S.S. *Truxtun*, Perry, Paul Jones and Pillsbury were to arrive at Yokohama on April 15.

No instructions have as yet been issued governing the flight across the Atlantic ocean, but the Navy Department has informed the War Department that it will be pleased to assist in this passage and will issue instructions governing the flight from England when the Army Air Service can supply the commander, Scouting Fleet, with definite information relative to the arrival of the aviators in the Atlantic areas to be guarded.

Chignik, the landing point, is a native village consisting of a half dozen houses, two or three huts, two churches and the buildings of the Northwestern Canneries Co. The Northwestern Canneries Co. has a radio station and Sergt. Rogers of the Army Signal Corps, stationed in Alaska, will be on duty at the radio station to receive and assist the flyers. The distance from Seward to Chignik is 475 miles.

The flight arrived at Sitka, Alaska, on April 11. Rain was encountered throughout except for the last forty minutes of the flight, together with poor visibility caused by low clouds.

According to an official report of Maj. F. L. Martin to the Chief of Air Service, every part of all engines and ships were inspected and the metal parts coated with no-oxide. This entailed a tremendous amount of work, as all metal parts which were accessible, or could be made accessible, were so treated.

The names of the planes have been placed in block letters four inches high on each side of the cowling alongside the engine cockpit. On March 27 the respective ships were christened—No. 1, Seattle, by Mrs. Davis Whitcomb, wife of the president of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce; No. 2, Chicago, by Mrs. Auwilda Connell, wife of Capt. C. W. Connell, A.S.; No. 3, Boston, by Mrs. Harmon, wife of Maj. M. F. Harmon, A.S.; and ship No. 4, New Orleans, by Mrs. Koenig, wife of Lt. T. J. Koenig, A.S.

NAVY NOTES

SUNDAY, May 11, 1924, will be observed throughout the United States as Mother's Day. "The men of the United States Navy and Marine Corps should appreciate the full significance of Mother's Day," says a communication from the Navy Department to all ships and stations, "and should join in this tribute to their mothers. Every man who has a mother living should write to her on that day. When circumstances permit, special services suitable to the occasion may be held."

THE General Board of the Navy has under consideration the question of contentment of personnel. Among other things it recommended the following:

That as far as the exigencies of the naval service permitted, all ships be ordered to their home navy yards for repairs and docking.

That the maximum amount of leave and liberty be granted, consistent with maintaining the efficiency of the Navy.

That "week-end" liberty be granted from after inspection Saturday morning until quarters Monday morning to as large a number of officers and men as possible; that this period be known as the "standard week-end," and further when a holiday occurs on Monday that the "week-end" will be from Saturday till Tuesday morning (no part of this "week-end" to count as leave).

That "omnibus" boats be run each hour after midnight when in large liberty ports. The Secretary of the Navy has directed that these recommendations be put into effect at once, throughout the Navy.

THE U.S.S. *Nokomis*, Comdr. R. E. Ingerson, sailed from Philadelphia April 8, to conduct hydrographic surveys in Haiti and Cuba, under the direction of the Hydrographic Office. The United States Government has secured the permission and active co-operation of the Haitian and Cuban government for the conduct of these hydrographic surveys, which are necessary to produce accurate navigational charts for vessels trading in the ports of those countries. While engaged on this survey, the mail address of the *Nokomis* will be care of postmaster, New York, N.Y.

NEWS NOTES OF THE ARMY

CORPL. M. G. REESE, 61st Anti-Aircraft Battalion, U.S.A., was recently recommended in a letter from the Chief of Police of York, Pa., for the heroic manner in which he stopped a runaway horse attached to a delivery wagon at the risk of his life on Jan. 22. Maj. Gen. Muir, commanding the 3d Corps Area, in Circular 6 March 31, calls the attention of the command to the initiative and courage on the part of Corpl. Reese, and also says: "This example of efficiency and self-forgetfulness reflects great credit not only upon Corpl. Reese but upon the Army as a whole. It will be made of record at this headquarters and in Battery B, 61st Artillery, C.A.C."

MAJS. ROSS and STANSFIELD, the two Regular Army officers appointed by Secretary of War Weeks to review the cases of World War prisoners, have completed the first stage of their work and reported to The Adjutant General and Judge Advocate General of the Army. All military prisoners at Atlanta, Fort Leavenworth and Governors Island, some 540 in all, have been interviewed. With the notes taken on these interviews a systematic review of the court-martial proceedings and other records in each case will be made and an early report will no doubt be forthcoming. The recommendations of the reviewing officers will be made through The Adjutant General and Judge Advocate General to the Secretary of War and the findings arrived at will be submitted to the President.

IN order to test the plans that would be used to effect a prompt industrial mobilization in case of war, an interesting and successful test mobilization took place in New York city on April 6, under the direction of Col. James L. Walsh, Ord. O.R.C., at the Engineering Societies Building. News of a declaration of war against Broddingnag and Erewhon was flashed over the wire from Washington to Capt. H. W. Churchill of the Regular Army, who has been in charge of the preparations for industrial mobilization of munitions producers of New York and vicinity. The news was relayed to Col. Walsh, who hurried to his office in the Engineering Societies' Building. He phoned up Guy E. Tripp, head of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, and ordered him to drop work on radio sets and set all his factories to filling war contracts that had been signed in advance.

One hundred and twenty-five telegrams or telephone calls were sent to captains of industry and representatives of large firms capable of producing war materials. Most of them were ordered to report at once at headquarters. Before noon seventy-five manufacturers and business men, who had been organized previously, responded to the Government's call.

OVER a dozen Q.M. Corps officers on duty in Washington will be relieved from their present assignments and ordered elsewhere between now and July 1, 1924, or shortly thereafter. Capt. Albert J. Chappell, Q.M.C., who has been chief of the estimates and legislative branch, office of the Q.M.G., has already left for his new station at Fort Rosecrans, San Diego, Calif. Among those who will leave on or before July 1 are the following chiefs of divisions noted: Cols. Jack Hayes, rail transport; Robert H. Rolfe, clothing and equipage; Theodore B. Hackert, miscellaneous supply; Lt. Cols. Edgar S. Stayer, motor transport; Richard H. Jordan, water transport; Augustus B. Warfield, surplus property; also Capts. George H. Hahn, assistant to chief, Supply Service, and J. Moultrie Ward, standardization branch. Besides the above mentioned officers Lt. Col. H. L. Evans and Maj. R. P. Palmer will be relieved from their duties in the Washington General Intermediate Depot. Col. Edward S. Walton will be relieved from duty in the office of the Assistant Secretary of War, while Maj. Owen G. Collins will be relieved from G-4, office of Chief of Staff. A number of other assignments which have been recommended to take place in the office of the Quartermaster General will be announced soon.

IN addition to the nine Quartermaster Corps officers who have been appointed as procurement planning officers, eleven will be appointed on July 1 next, which

will make a total of twenty who will be engaged in the quartermaster preparedness program work, which is under the supervision of Lt. Col. William R. Gibson, Q.M.C., liaison officer for war planning, office of the Q.M. General. Those officers who have already been assigned to the procurement planning branch, Q.M. Corps, with their stations, are as follows: Col. G. V. Heidt, New York; Lt. Col. C. E. Reese, San Francisco; Lt. Col. L. E. Hanson, Philadelphia; Maj. T. N. Gimplerling, San Antonio; Capts. R. J. Hernandez, Boston, John Biggar, Chicago; Lt. M. Edwards, St. Louis; 1st Lt. C. F. Wilson, New Orleans; 2d Lt. W. M. Pickens, Jeffersonville, Ind.

A monthly digest of preparedness activities is sent out under the direction of Col. Gibson on the 15th of every month to all field stations. This digest describes briefly not only the progress of the work, but the duties assigned to Regular Army quartermasters as well as those of the Reserve who have been assigned to the various depots.

IT is rumored in Army circles that the reduction of the foreign service tour in Panama from three to two years may again be considered by the War Department. At present the Philippine Department and Alaska are two-year stations, while three-year tours obtain elsewhere.

THE School of Instruction for State Adjutants General will begin in Washington on May 5 and continue until May 10. Officers desiring information or assistance from the bureau at any time or those who desire hotel reservations should communicate with the Executive Officer, Militia Bureau, 2032 Munitions Building, Washington, D.C.

Maj. Gen. George C. Rickards, Chief of the Militia Bureau of the War Department, has directed the officers attending the school to bring their uniforms, although either uniform or civilian clothes may be worn at sessions of the school at the option of the officer. Service medals and decorations should also be brought.

The sessions of the school will consist of conferences, which will be followed by a conference of the Adjutants General for the discussion of such subjects as they may desire to consider, whether those subjects have been previously discussed in the section conferences or not. Subjects pertaining to the six sections in the organization of the Militia Bureau will be covered in the various conferences. The sections are as follows: Personnel, Organization, Training, Administrative, Finance and Supply, and Planning.

BATTLE FLEET NOTES

THE U.S.S. *Pennsylvania* joined the fleet off Culebra Island on March 28. The *Pennsylvania* left the navy yard, Puget Sound, after overhaul on March 1 and stopped at San Francisco, San Pedro and San Diego for personnel and supplies. On the way she stopped off the Mexican coast to give the U.S.S. Cincinnati some necessary supplies and again off Amapala to give fuel and supplies to the U.S.S. Milwaukee. About four days were spent at Panama before proceeding to Culebra. The flag of Rear Adm. N. M. Nulton, commander Battleship Division Three, was shifted to the *Pennsylvania*, the *Pennsylvania* going from Battleship Division Four to Battleship Division Three. Before returning to the Pacific, Comdr. R. A. White, the navigator of the *Pennsylvania*, will be transferred to the receiving ship, Norfolk, and will be relieved by Lt. Comdr. H. M. Welte.

THE U.S.S. *Omaha* left the navy yard on March 29 to rejoin the Battle Fleet at Balboa. The *Omaha* stopped at Guantanamo with personnel and supplies for the Scouting Fleet. Rear Adm. Schofield, commander Destroyer Squadrons, Battle Fleet, will fly his flag on the U.S.S. *Percival* on the trip from Culebra to Balboa and will then shift to the *Omaha*.

ALARGE number of exchanges between the enlisted personnel of the Battle Fleet and Scouting Fleet were made prior to leaving Culebra. All men who desired to change from one fleet to the other were permitted to do so if they could find men of similar ratings to exchange with.

ARMY OFFICERS BEGIN ON INCOME TAX FIGHT

Continued from page 809

pared by Lt. Col. W. A. Graham, J.A.G. Dept. Thereafter we had many hearings and conferences with them on the subject.

(d) On Jan. 9, 1924, the Internal Revenue Department denied our contention and adhered to its former decision. In subsequent conferences it was willing to admit the strength of our briefs and arguments and also that there was sufficient doubt to make it desirable and interesting to have the matter determined definitely and finally by the courts.

(e) We have selected the case of Maj. Clifford Jones, C.A.C., for suit in the Court of Claims. This officer's case meets all the requirements we want determined; he occupied quarters in kind part of the year, was on a rental allowance status part of the year, and has filed his return protesting the payment of the tax. The Internal Revenue Bureau, upon my request, has agreed to have prompt action taken denying his claim so that the whole case will be in proper shape within a few days, for submission to the court for decision. Throughout this whole matter our relations with the Internal Revenue Department have been most harmonious and friendly and will continue so. The suit will be what might be termed "a friendly suit."

(f) We have tentatively selected three of the ablest lawyers on Internal Revenue matters in this city to take charge of the case. All of them have a close personal knowledge of such matters and have served in high positions on the legal staff of the Internal Revenue Bureau before entering upon private practice. They have all made careful individual studies of our briefs and each has reported that, in his opinion, the case is an excellent one, the arguments sound, and that from their long experience, although it is not an open and shut case, the chances are very much in favor of our obtaining a favorable verdict in the courts.

ROCKWOOD RENTAL CASE

THE evidence on behalf of the plaintiff, Maj. Alfred L. Rockwood, has been submitted in his case by his attorneys, Ansell and Bailey. The Government now has six months in which to submit its evidence. Inasmuch, however, as the evidence in the case consists entirely of records in the War Department and in the Comptroller's office, it is believed that the Government will close the proof in its case at an early day.

It will be recalled that the case, which is a test case, involves the question of the right of an officer who is drawing the base pay of the fourth period to the rental allowance for the same period. The War Department and the Comptroller General held that the officers in this class are entitled to the rental allowance only for the third period. There are some 600 or 700 officers who will be affected by the decision in the case.

MILITARY TOURNAMENT IS TO BE HELD AT O.A.C.

THE eleventh annual military tournament will be staged at Bell Field, O.A.C. Stadium, Corvallis, Ore., on May 24 by the O.A.C. Corps of Cadets. Eleven years ago the practice of holding a military tourney was initiated by Gen. U. G. McAlexander, then major, U.S. Infantry, and every year the annual show has increased in size and importance until now, the affair is attended by thousands from all parts of the Northwest. There now are five combat and major arms of the military service.

The big tournament is divided into four main parts: A polo game, polo grounds, 2:30 p.m.; military circus, consisting of military drills, competitions, exhibitions, etc., 7 p.m., O.A.C. Stadium; night operations and sham battle, in close vicinity of stadium, and pyrotechnics will be played between the O.A.C. Polo Club and the Portland Hunt Club.

The tournament and sham battle are to be directed by 1st Lt. Patrick H. Tansey, C.E., under the supervision of Col. G. W. Moses commandant.

April 19, 1924.

SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE NEWS LETTER

by E. B. JOHNS

Washington Correspondent of the Army and Navy Journal

ONCE too often has one of the great Powers conducted a drive against legislation pending before the American Congress. Japan, in the Hanihara note of protest against the Immigration bill, has gone so far that Congress and the country have been aroused to a fighting mood. Incidentally, the effect of internationalism as preached by the League of Nations advocates on the sovereignty of the country has been brought out in a striking manner. In proportion to the extent that other nations control the policy of the government, this country ceases to be an independent nation.

While the attack of Japan upon the immigration bill is too crude to be effective, the drives against national defense measures from that and other sources have been more successful. Up to this time the influences of other nations have throttled the American merchant marine. This is the most insidious foreign influence that has ever been exercised in this country. There is no doubt now in the minds of the students of the effect of the treaty that the United States lost its first naval battle at the Washington Arms Conference.

Every time a national defense measure is before Congress, either Japan or England makes a move in support of the opponents of an adequate Army and Navy. This generally comes in the form of some statement in the British parliament or some announcement from official or unofficial sources in Japan. It has occurred so often that I always watch for some development abroad just before legislation for the Army or Navy is taken up by Congress. The most recent occurrence of this character was the announcement of the British Premier that the conversion of our old battleships to oil burners, so that they could take their places in the battle line, would be a violation of the treaty. This was very nicely timed so that it could be cabled to America only a few days before the House Committee on Naval Affairs took up the legislation which it reported out this week for the alteration of the battleships.

Still fresh in the minds of the American naval authorities is the skilful maneuvering of the British government in stopping the expenditure of money appropriated by Congress for the elevation of the guns in the older battleships to match the improvements that had been made in the British fleet. The British government raised the hair-splitting point that the Assistant Secretary of the Navy had made a misstatement as to the time when the guns in the English fleet had been elevated. They could not deny that the improvement had been made in the range of the guns of the British fleet.

Before the Arms Conference, when the naval bill was coming up in the Senate, there was a great deal of discussion in the British parliament as to the merits of battleships. This was carried to the length that an impression was created here that the British Admiralty was about to abandon the construction of battleships. It will be recalled that Senator Borah and other opponents of the Navy bill quoted the British authorities in contending that Congress should not appropriate for continuation of the work on the battleships. Hardly had the Naval Appropriation bill been signed by the President when the announcement came from London that the British Admiralty had decided to lay down four additional Hoods. Furthermore, these four Hoods were used by the British representatives at the Arms Conference in adjusting the 5-5-3 ratio agreement.

NAVY LEGISLATION PROGRESSES

BUT Japan carried the offensive too far against the Immigration bill, which has great popular support at present, and there was a startling reaction both in the Senate and in the House against foreign interference with legislation. On the day after the explosion in the Senate the House Committee on Naval Affairs met and authorized a favorable report on a bill for the alteration of the battleships, as recommended by the Department. The bill also contains the new construction which had previously been asked by the Navy Department. The bill provides for the alteration of the New York, Texas, Florida, Utah, Arkansas and Wyoming, consisting of additional protection against submarine attack, anti-aircraft deck protection and their conversion to oil burners. In addition, the New York and the Texas are to have new fire control sys-

tems. An appropriation of \$18,360,000 is authorized for this work.

Section 2 of the bill authorizes the beginning of the construction prior to July 1, 1927, of eight scout cruisers, at a cost of \$11,100,000, and six river gunboats, exclusive of armor, at a cost of \$700,000 each.

As a consolation for the timid, Section 3 will provide "that the alterations to capital ships and the construction of new vessels will be subject to the limitations prescribed in the treaty limiting naval armament, ratified Aug. 17, 1923."

The effect of Japanese attempts to interfere with the legislation of Congress was to speed up military and naval legislation generally. Not only did the House Committee on Naval Affairs act promptly on the building and alteration program, but it disposed of the Omnibus Land bill this week and opened up the hearings on the bill (H.R. 4444) for the equalization of promotion between the line and the staff. Practically the same witnesses will appear before the House committee that were before the Senate committee on this legislation, which is regarded as of great importance by the officers of the Navy.

Excellent progress was also made in the Senate on the Equalization bill. Senator Pepper of Pennsylvania, who is chairman of the sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, is preparing a favorable report on the measure. He has decided to rearrange the sections of the bill so that its reading will give the Senate a clear idea of its purpose. He is not making any material changes in the bill, but is rearranging the sections so that it will bring out clearly the three objects of the bill.

In a general way, the sections will be under three heads:

1. The sections which provide for the equalization of promotion between the line and the staff. These sections take up the officers who were behind in promotion.

2. Sections that keep the officers who are now in step with their contemporaries.

3. The sections that give the staff corps age and grade retirement and provide for contingencies that may develop after the bill has been placed into effect.

NAVY'S OIL NEEDS

ALTHOUGH final action has not been taken on the matter, it is now practically assured that the next grand maneuvers of the U.S. Fleet will be based on Honolulu. The only thing that may interfere with this program is the price of oil. Movements of the Navy now depend upon the price of oil. Congress has pared so closely in its appropriations for fuel that the sudden advance in the price of oil might create such a serious shortage of fuel that the naval authorities would be compelled to either curtail its program or abandon altogether the project of extended maneuvers in the Pacific.

Under the law, the Navy Department is authorized to create a deficit in the appropriations for fuel. But the Director of the Budget, who is now controlling the policy of the Navy in the operation of ships, has ordered that the Department should not exercise its authority under the existing law. For no reason is the Navy Department authorized to create a deficit in the appropriations for fuel. Year before last the Department restricted the fleet's operation owing to a shortage in fuel, and it may not be able to send the entire fleet to Honolulu if the present policy is continued. The only other relief from the situation would be the inclusion of an increase in the appropriations for fuel in the first deficiency bill in the next session of Congress.

RETIRED PAY

EVEN the retired officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps felt the effects of the change in the attitude of Congress toward service legislation during the past two weeks. This found expression in the favorable report of the Hull bill (H.R. 5097) from the House Committee on Naval Affairs. The Washington committee for the retired officers which has been in charge of Col. N. M. McNamee during the illness of Col. Wilds P. Richardson, is very hopeful of consideration

of this bill by the House at this session. The committee has become very active since the favorable report by the House committee and will take it up in the Senate as well as with the House leaders.

COMMISSIONED WARRANT PAY

IN a letter to me, a commissioned warrant officer takes exception to the statement before the House Committee on Military Affairs that his pay was not reduced under the act of June 10, 1922. He gives the amount of his check for the month before and the month after the Pay act was approved by the President, which appears to be an unanswerable argument.

"I am unable to understand," he writes, "how anyone is able to go before a committee of Congress and state that there has been no reduction in the income of commissioned chief and warrant officers in my class. For the month previous to the passage of the Pay act my pay and allowances amounted to \$258 and on the month after its passage my total pay and allowances amounted to \$228. According to the mathematics that I was taught when I was at school, this amounts to a reduction of \$30 in income. I think that this is the way that the income tax collector would regard it, but by some system of reasoning, statements have gone into the Record that we have not been called upon to accept a reduction in our incomes. And I am not an exception. This affects all commissioned warrant officers with less than six years' commissioned service. I think that we are the only class that has had its pay reduced by the new act."

Despite the statements of Chairman Butler and the ranking minority member of the House Committee on Naval Affairs that the subject was before the Military Committee, a hearing was granted on the McLaughlin bill (H.R. 87) providing for the adjustment of the pay of commissioned chief and warrant officers. The hearing was more of a courtesy to Mr. McLaughlin, who is a staunch supporter of the proposed legislation, than with a view to the consideration of the bill by the House Committee on Naval Affairs.

When Mr. McLaughlin appeared Representative Vinson stated that it was his understanding that all measures for the amendment of the Pay act this session were to be referred to the Military Committee. Chairman Butler said that that was his understanding.

Mr. McLaughlin presented a very strong argument in favor of the bill. He was opposed by Comdr. C. M. Austin, Assistant Judge Advocate General of the Navy.

Mr. McLaughlin submitted a statement showing the duties of warrant officers and the prior laws relating to the pay of warrant and chief warrant officers. The difference in pay received by chief warrant officers and ensigns, with whom they rank, was shown in a case of these officers who had over fourteen years' service. Prior to the passage of the Joint Service Pay act the chief warrant officers and ensigns both received the same rate of pay, \$223 per month, not including the temporary increase by the act of May 18, 1920, which was the same in both classes, and after the passage of the Joint Service Pay act the ensigns received \$296 per month, whereas the chief warrant officers received only \$228 per month. This only applies to chief warrant officers who were commissioned prior to July 1, 1922. Those officers commissioned subsequent to this date lose all

their prior enlisted and warrant officer service upon being commissioned and do not receive any increase in pay. They are entitled, through the saving clause of the act, to continue to receive pay as warrant officers—\$226 per month if on shore duty or \$247 per month if on sea duty. Mr. McLaughlin stated that the chief warrant officers were the only sufferers by the passage of the Joint Service Pay act.

Comdr. Austin stressed the fact that increases would be received by chief warrant officers who were commissioned prior to July 1, 1922, and presented the same tables to the Naval Committee that he placed in the hearings before the Military Committee, which showed the highest pay which could be received by this class of officers. He did not touch upon the pay received by chief warrant officers who were appointed subsequent to July 1, 1922, and those who will be appointed in the future. This comprises approximately 800 officers who are not dealt with in Comdr. Austin's tables.

FUTURE OF GEN. PERSHING

WHILE there is no doubt that the bill retaining Gen. Pershing on the active list could pass both the Senate and the House, it would encounter opposition from the same source that held up the Duncan Major nomination. Unfortunately, there is a certain element in Massachusetts, belonging to the 26th Division, that is still injecting personalities into the military policy of the country.

Unless this element is placated or induced to withdraw its opposition to giving some recognition to Gen. Pershing, not only for his services as Commander-in-Chief of the A.E.F., but to the work he has done in organizing and building up the Army of the United States since the war, the bill will not be passed. It is understood that Gen. Pershing has indicated that he does not want the bill pressed if it is going to provoke a bitter debate. He has never asked for this recognition. It came to him from the Secretary of War without any solicitation. If it were left to a vote of the veterans of the World War there is no doubt that the bill in question would receive an overwhelming endorsement.

MANCHU ORDERS

THE War Department was not able to complete the list of officers who are to be relieved from Washington this week as was anticipated. Never has such a complicated personnel situation confronted the Department.

The General Staff has outlined a scheme for making the changes, taking into consideration the foreign service roster, the command roster, the detached service list and the Manchu law. The work of making the actual assignments and transfers is placed in the hands of the chiefs of branches and The Adjutant General.

The chief difficulty encountered is that after an officer has been slated for an assignment, something develops in the three elements that must be taken into consideration which makes him unavailable at this time for a particular duty. When it is found necessary to make a change for one officer, this is apt to throw quite a number of other officers out of line. One change often makes it necessary to rearrange the assignment of a large number of officers.

The situation is further complicated by the unsettled condition of legislation on the Manchu law. If the bill amending the National Defense act had been passed before this, the authorities would have been able to work out a scheme in a more satisfactory manner.

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NAVY BEATS HARVARD AS ARMY NINE LOSES

Midshipmen Make Up for Defeat by N. Y. U. on Saturday

CADETS' RALLY IS FAILURE

DYER allowed Harvard six singles at Annapolis, on April 16, the Academy nine winning 4 to 2.

Barchet tripled in the first for the Navy, scoring on Fenno's sacrifice fly to left. In the fifth Dyer singled, went to second when Burgess dropped Barchet's fly, to third on McKee's out and home on Fenno's single.

Harvard scored both of its runs in the second, the inning in which the Navy made its two misplays.

The line-up:

<i>Navy (4).</i>		<i>Harvard (2).</i>
Barchet, 3b.		Burgess, l.f.
McKee, 2b.		Campbell, 1b.
Fenno, c.f.		Gordon, r.f.
Cooper, s.s.		Hammond, 2b.
Ellis, 1b.		Todd, c.f.
Harris, e.		Hill, s.s.
Waid, r.f.		Slayton, 3b.
Crowe, l.f.		Cheek, c.
Dyer, p.		Nash, p.
Errors—Navy 2, Harvard 2.		
Navy	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 ..-4	
Harvard	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -2	

Three-base hit—Barchet. Two-base hits—Cooper, Waid. Struck out—By Dyer 6, Nash 1. Stolen bases—Cooper, Todd, Cheek. Double play—Waid, Ellis and Harris. Umpires—Aubrey and Hughes.

LAFAYETTE WINS

Lafayette defeated the Army nine at West Point, on April 16, 12 to 7. In the third inning Lafayette scored four runs, which put them in the lead at 5 to 0.

Army scored four runs in the fifth and drove Halstead from the mound. A pass started the rally, and hits by Smythe, Wood and Roosma and a sacrifice by Storch brought in the tallies. In the seventh Lafayette no longer found Merkle, the successor to Miller, a puzzle, and they hammered him freely.

The score:

<i>Lafayette (12).</i>		<i>West Point (7).</i>
Willevre, 3b.		Smythe, c.f.
Brunner, 2b.		Dasher, s.s.
Ernst, c.f.		Wood, l.f.
Berry, c.		Stork, 3b.
Gebhard, 1b.		Roosma, r.f.
Kirkleski, s.s.		Baird, 1b.
Wisner, r.f.		Bingham, 2b.
Heintell, l.f.		Brown, 2b.
Halstead, p.		Cousland, e.
Parry, p.		Ellinger, c.
Errors—Lafayette 5, Army 6.		Miller, p.
Lafayette ... 0 1 4 0 0 0 7 0 0 -12		Merle, p.
Army 0 0 0 0 4 0 1 0 2 -7		Sutles, p.
Stolen bases—Roosma. Two-base hits—Kirkleski, Brunner, Berry. Three-base hit—Stork. Struck out—By Miller 4, Halstead 2, Parry 5, Merle 4. Umpires—Marshall and Traute.		Stadler, p.

LACROSSE TEAM LOSES

Saturday, April 12, was a rather disastrous day in Naval Academy sports, the most bitter incident being the defeat of the lacrosse team in Washington by the University of Maryland. The score was 5 to 3. It was the first time in seven years the Naval Academy has dropped a game in this line.

The baseball nine lost to New York University in baseball by 7 to 2, and the swimmers came out second to Northwestern in the national collegiate championships, which were carried out in connection with the Olympic tryouts for collegians.

The tennis team defeated the University of Virginia 6 to 5, however, and the gymnasts won an overwhelming victory in the evening, the occasion being the South Atlantic championships of the Amateur Athletic Union. Midshipmen took all places except one third, the totals being Naval Academy, 53; Baltimore Y.M.C.A., 1.

The plebes overwhelmed Baltimore City College, the score being 23 to 3, in the opening of their baseball schedule.

New York University won from the Naval Academy by 7 to 2. Up to the eighth it was a good contest, with honors

even between Peterson, twirling for the Navy, and Carlson of the visitors.

In the eighth, singles by Ingram, Francis and Griffin and Krassner's double, with Cooper's error and Haerlin's passed ball, gave New York four runs and a decisive victory. Heiser, who took Peterson's place in the ninth, was wild and ineffectual, and another run was scored.

In the sixth Barchet hit for three bases and scored on McKee's out.

The line-up:

<i>N.Y.U. (7).</i>		<i>Naval Academy (2).</i>
Sconley, s.s.		Barchet, 3b.
Starke, 1b.		McKee, 2b.
Ingram, 3b.		Fenno, l.f.
Walters, c.f.		Cooper, s.s.
Francis, 2b.		Ellis, 1b.
Griffin, l.f.		Waid, c.f.
George, r.f.		Ivey, r.f.
Darkin, r.f.		Harris, r.f.
Krassner, r.f.		Haerlin, c.
McLaughlin, c.		Peterson, p.
Carlson, p.		Heiser, p.

N.Y.U. 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 1 -7

Naval Academy ... 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 -2

Three-base hit—Barchet. Two-base hits—McLaughlin, Carlson, Griffin and Krassner. Earned runs—N.Y.U. 2, Naval Academy 1. Base on balls—Off Carlson 3, Heiser 1. Wild pitches—Carlson, Peterson, Heiser. Struck out—By Peterson 5, by Carlson 9. Umpires—Aubrey and Hughes. Time of game—one hour and fifty minutes.

Swimmers from Northwestern easily carried off the honors in the championships of the National Collegiate Association, held at the Naval Academy April 11 and 12, and with it the tryouts for collegians for the final tests to be held at Indianapolis on June 24.

Howell and Breyer each won two firsts, there being seven events in all, and another second was taken. The Naval Academy was a poor second. Rule taking first in the back-stroke race, while it also scored a second and a third. Williams scored a first when Olmstead took the 200-meter breast-stroke, and Galbraith of Rutgers led the field in the fancy diving.

The Navy tennis players defeated the University of Virginia by 4 to 2 in singles to 2 to 1 in doubles.

Lyman was badly beaten by Flournoy of the visitors in the first set, but won the last two and the string.

Gymnastic championships of the Southern Division, A.A.U., were featured by the establishment of a world's record for the 21-feet hand-over-hand rope climb by Mdsn. R. L. Durham. His time was 5:3-10 seconds. For a brief time the world's record was held by Mdsn. A. W. Wheeler, who made the distance in a tenth of a second slower.

The match was practically a clean sweep for the Naval Academy, the midshipmen taking all three places in the horizontal and parallel bars, side horse and rope climb.

ARMY LEADS AMHERST 10-2.

AFTER having been compelled by inclement weather to cancel the first two games of the season, the Army, playing seven innings, scored 10 runs to Amherst's 2 at West Point on April 12.

Goodman pitching for the Army, showed excellent form. Amherst, however, found him for two doubles in the sixth, which, combined with a sacrifice and a base on balls, gave them their only runs of the day.

The Army played consistent ball throughout the game, hitting freely and scoring in every inning except the fourth. Hits by Dasher, Stork and Roosma plus a walk for Wood enabled the cadets to take the lead in the first inning.

Miller relieved Goodman at the end of the sixth, but the game was called at the close of the seventh due to cold weather.

Summary:

<i>Amherst (2).</i>		<i>Army (10).</i>
Pierson, 3b.		Smythe, c.f.
Morse, l.f.		Dasher, s.s.
Woodruff, c.f.		Wood, l.f.
Martin, r.f.		Stork, 3b.
Cameron, s.s.		Roosma, r.f.
Bettis, 1b.		Baird, 1b.
Miller, 2b.		Bingham, 2b.
Burke, c.		Cousland, e.
Douglas, c.		Ellinger, c.
Parker, p.		Goodman, p.
Kennedy, p.		Miller, p.

Amherst 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 -2

Army 2 2 1 0 3 2 -10

Two-base hits—Morse, Martin. Stolen bases—Smythe, Dasher, Stork, Roosma, 2, Goodman. Sacrifice—Cameron. Hits—Off Goodman, 3 in 6 innings; Miller, 0 in 1; Parker, 8 in 5; Kennedy, 0 in 1. Bases on balls—Off Goodman, 3; Miller, 1; Parker, 5; Kennedy 1. Struck out—By Goodman 3, Miller 1, Parker 5, Kennedy 2. Wild pitches—Parker, Miller. Hit by pitcher—By Goodman (Bettis). Balk—Goodman. Passed balls—Burke 3, Douglas 2. Left on bases—Amherst 8, Army 7. Umpires—Marshall and Trantz. Time of game—Two hours.

The Army Athletic Association announces that Army teams will meet the Navy in baseball, track and tennis at Annapolis on May 31. The Army-Navy lacrosse game will be played at West Point on the same date.

ARMY TO HOLD MODERN PENTATHLON TRYOUTS

Olympic Competitors to Report to Second Corps Area

3 MEETS AT WEST POINT

ARRANGEMENTS have been made

with the American Olympic Committee whereby national tryouts for the modern pentathlon to select United States competitors for the Olympic team will be held by the Army. These tryouts are assigned to the 2d Corps Area and will be held under directions of the commanding general, 2d Corps Area. The authorities of the 2d Corps Area are prepared to furnish expert instruction in the various events which make up the modern pentathlon and to this end corps area commanders are authorized by the War Department to send prospective competitors on a detached service status who will report to the commanding general, 2d Corps Area, for this purpose.

Officers whose performances are such as to warrant their selection will be authorized to proceed to New York city and should arrive there at least one month prior to the time when these tryouts are to be held.

The dates of the trials will be as follows: Event No. 1, shooting, May 14; No. 2, swimming, May 15, and No. 3, fencing, May 16, at West Point, N.Y.; No. 4, riding, May 17, and No. 5, cross-country run, May 18, at New York city.

Competitors reporting for training will be sent to West Point and will work under the supervision of competent coaches in the various events. The winners in the national competition will be returned to West Point to continue their training there until the sailing of the American Olympic team, June 16. The best four, as determined by competition, will represent America in this event at the Olympic Games in Paris.

Anyone interested in entering the event can secure information by communicating with the Recreation Officer, 2d Corps Area, Governors Island, N.Y.

Col. George Vidmer, a cavalryman of wide experience, who has attended two previous Olympiads, will be chairman of the Selection Committee and Maj. William C. Rose, A.G., will be secretary. Other members will be added from time to time.

In view of the shortage in appropriations for mileage it will be impossible to issue orders involving travel pay. An officer who desires to compete in the national tryouts and whose record of performances is such as to warrant such action will be allowed a leave of absence to proceed to New York city, reporting to the commanding general 2d Corps Area.

Corps area final tryouts for modern pentathlon to determine contestants to represent the 3d Corps Area in the Olympic tryouts will be held in Baltimore, April 21. The contestants with highest scores in this event will represent the 3d Corps Area in tryouts to be held under the supervision of the commanding general, 2d Corps Area, at New York, about the end of May.

NOTICE.

The Army Athletic Association announces that Army teams will meet the Navy in baseball, track and tennis at Annapolis on May 31. The Army-Navy lacrosse game will be played at West Point on the same date.

For track and tennis at Annapolis tickets will not be issued. For lacrosse tickets will be required.

Requests will be received for a maximum of four tickets for lacrosse and four for baseball from each member, but the right is reserved to reduce the requests or reject them entirely if the demand necessitates such action.

To receive consideration requests for both lacrosse and baseball tickets must reach the office not later than 4 p.m. Wednesday, May 14.

SPORTS CALENDAR

April 19—Army vs. Conn. Aggies, baseball; Maryland, lacrosse; Amherst, tennis, at West Point.

Navy vs. Syracuse and Virginia, track; Stevens, lacrosse, at Annapolis.

April 20—Marines vs. Mt. St. Mary's, baseball, at Quantico, Va.

April 21—Navy vs. Columbia, tennis, at Annapolis.

April 22—Marines vs. Catholic Univ., baseball, Quantico, Va.

April 23—Army vs. Boston College, baseball, at West Point.

Navy vs. Penn State, baseball, and Syracuse, tennis, at Annapolis.

Marines vs. Syracuse, baseball, at Quantico, Va.

April 25-26—Penn relay carnival (Naval Academy entries), at Philadelphia.

April 26—Army vs. Swarthmore, baseball and lacrosse, Lehigh, tennis, at West Point, and Syracuse, golf, at Cornell, N.Y.

Navy vs. W. Va., baseball, Mass. Tech., crew (two races), Swarthmore, tennis, and Pieben vs. Baltimore Poly., lacrosse, all at Annapolis; Navy vs. Johns Hopkins, lacrosse, at Baltimore, Md.

Marines vs. Gallaudet, baseball, at Quantico, Va.

WEST POINT-CORNELL TO OPEN POLO MEETS

ANNOUNCEMENT of the schedule of games for the intercollegiate polo championship, to be held at Fort Hamilton, is made by Maj. Gen. Robert L. Bullard at Governors Island, as follows:

May 1, West Point vs. Cornell.

May 6, Yale vs. Pennsylvania Military School.

May 7, Harvard vs. V.M.I.

May 8, Princeton vs. Norwich.

Semi Finals—May 10, winners of first and second games; May 13, winners of third and fourth games.

Finals—May 17, championship game between winners of semi-finals.

All teams this year will be mounted on their own ponies, and polo enthusiasts figure this as anybody's championship clear through to the finals.

For the opening clash between West Point and Cornell it is hoped that the Corps of Cadets from the Military Academy will be present. These, together with the Cornell representatives, will give the game a real college atmosphere.

Capt. Arthur Warren, aid to Gen. Bullard, the polo representative for the 2d Corps Area, states that the subscription for guest boxes is exceedingly large and every indication points to capacity crowds at Fort Hamilton all through the meet.

Maj. A. H. ("Jingle") Wilson, hero of the British-American army international polo matches at Meadow Brook last fall and one of the finest forwards in the game to-day, will coach the West Point polo four in preparation for the tournament opening, it was announced last week.

After a strenuous season of indoor polo, the Cadets have developed a fast, well-balanced combination that should give Yale and the other top-notchers a hard tussle for the eastern college title and the right to meet the western teams that are coming here for a challenge series with our best college teams.

THIRD CORPS SELECTS OLYMPIC CONTESTANTS

AS a result of the Olympic boxing and wrestling tryouts held at Fort Monroe and Fort Eustis April 2-4, to select representatives of the 3d Corps Area to contest in the Army final Olympic tryouts, the following contestants were declared amateur champions and representatives of the 3d Corps Area in their respective classes:

Boxers—Flyweight, Corp. Roland A. Jodoin, Fort Eustis; bantamweight, Pvt. Frank Stevenson, 5th Regt., Maryland N.G.; featherweight, Corp. Clarence M. Justice, Fort Monroe; lightweight, Pvt. Frank Corbett, Tank School, Camp Meade; welterweight, 2d Lt. James E. B. McInerney, Tank School, Camp Meade; middleweight, Pvt. William J. Hughes, Fort Monroe; light heavyweight, Corp. Charles Jared, Harrisburg, Pa.; heavyweight, Srgt. Lester Mayle, Baltimore, Md.

Wrestlers—Lightweight, 1st Lt. James Wharton, Tank School, Camp Meade; welterweight, 2d Lt. Victor P. Noyes, Fort Hoyle; middleweight, 2d Lt. Walter C. White, Tank School, Camp Meade; light heavyweight, 2d Lt. Francis M. Greene, Tank School, Camp Meade.

HORSE SHOW IS HELD AT FORT DES MOINES

THE mid-winter military and civilian horse show held at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, by the 14th Cavalry and 9th Field Artillery on the evenings of March 17-19 proved that the horse is again coming into his own. Increased interest was shown by both military and civilian exhibitors and horse lovers. The gallery was well filled with people from the city of Des Moines.

The interest shown by the men of both the 14th Cavalry and 9th Field Artillery was keen and there were so many entries in several classes that it was necessary to hold eliminations prior to the formal opening in order that the events might not run beyond the time limit. The exhibitions presented by the different organizations were excellent and demonstrated clearly the amount of work that had been done by the men who participated.

The 113th N.G. Cavalry from in and around the vicinity of Des Moines had many entries and went home with their share of ribbons and cups. A feeling of harmony and a deeper understanding were established between them and the Regulars.

Enlisted men's jumping, Corp. Campbell, Troop C, 113th Cav.; enlisted men's mounts, Sgt. L. W. Jones, Troop C, 113th Cav.; officers' remount class, Capt. E. A. Williams, 14th Cav.; five-gaited saddle class, L. Robinson; three-gaited saddle class, Mr. B. Robinson; civilian three-gaited saddle class, L. Robinson; ladies' saddle class, Mrs. P. M. Henry; ladies' hunters, Mrs. R. B. Parrott; best trained mounted enlisted men, 1st Sgt. W. G. Brown, Hqrs. Troop, 14th Cav.; best Cavalry mount, enlisted men, Sgt. H. Kristiansen, Troop F, 14th Cav.; polo ponies, Mr. F. W. Hubbell; best escort wagon, driver Pvt. S. A. Ogburn, Service Battery, 9th F.A.; best gun caisson carriage, 1st Section Combat Train, 9th F.A.; championship saddle class, Mr. L. Robinson; championship hunters, Capt. E. A. Williams, 14th Cav.; championship chargers, Capt. J. C. Mullenix, 14th Cav.; ladies' saddle class, post ladies only, Mrs. H. L. Kinnison.

RETIRED OFFICERS BILL IS REPORTED

THE House Committee on Military Affairs has reported favorably the Hull bill (H.R. 5097) for the equalization of the pay of retired officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service. In the form reported out it is really a new bill. All but the enacting clause was stricken out by the committee and a bill which would repeal the Oliver amendment to the Pay act of 1922 was substituted. The bill as amended in committee provides:

"That Sec. 1 of the act of June 10, 1922, entitled 'An act to readjust the pay and allowances of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service,' is hereby amended by repealing the language in Para. 10 of the said Sec. 1 of said act, which reads as follows: 'Nothing contained in the first sentence of Sec. 17 or in any other section of this act shall authorize an increase in the pay of officers or warrant officers on the retired list on June 30, 1922.'

NAT. GUARD OFFICERS ATTEND ENGR. COURSE

ORDERS have been issued by the Militia Bureau, War Department, for the attendance of twenty-two National Guard Engineer officers at the Engineer School, Fort Humphreys, Va., to take a special course. The instruction began April 15 and will conclude May 27. The following officers will attend the course:

Alabama, 1st Lt. E. W. Jones; District of Columbia, Capt. S. Morgan, 1st Lt. C. S. Shields, 1st Lt. R. G. MacCartee, 2d Lt. T. A. Lane; Florida, Capt. M. B. Hawkins; Indiana, 1st Lt. H. H. Skabo; Massachusetts, 1st Lt. R. V. Smith; Missouri, 1st Lt. F. J. Guenther; North Carolina, 2d Lt. A. L. Shuping; Ohio, 1st Lt. R. W. E. Darling, 2d Lt. F. F. Reeve; Pennsylvania, 2d Lt. A. H. Plaskett; South Carolina, 1st Lt. F. H. Wade, 2d Lt. G. West; South Dakota, Capt. J. R. Froley, 1st Lt. E. F. Minier, 1st Lt. F. J. Benway; Texas, Capt. F. E. Martin, Capt. G. D. McKay, 1st Lt. O. G. Williams; Wisconsin, 2d Lt. E. Parr.

INFANTRY AND CAVALRY DIVISIONS

27TH INFANTRY DIVISION

A REMARKABLE showing was made by the 7th Infantry, N.Y.N.G. (107th), Col. Wade H. Hayes, in a review in the regimental armory in New York city on the night of April 11 in honor of its veterans, the reviewing party being all distinguished general officers who were former members of the regiment.

The regiment had information no less than 800 officers and men, all the drill floor will accommodate for maneuvers, while Col. Hayes had 400 other men that it was impossible to use. This record is unparalleled in the peace-time history of the regiment. Some 6,000 enthusiastic spectators were in the armory, many having to stand around the sides of the drill floor, so great was the crush.

As the large companies marched on the drill floor for the first time since the World War, dressed in the historic regimental distinctive uniform of gray, with high shakos, a great roar of applause was given the command. The reviewing officer was Brevet Brig. Gen. Willard C. Fisk, president of the 7th Regiment Veterans, who took the regiment overseas. He was accompanied by an honorary staff composed of Maj. Gens. John F. O'Ryan and C. W. Berry, Brig. Gens. George R. Dyer, C. I. De Bevoise, M. D. Bryant and L. W. Stotesbury, N.Y.N.G., and Bird W. Spencer and W. C. Heppenheimer of New Jersey. The reviewing party was all in civilian full dress.

During the inspection of the regiment the reviewing party noticed thirty-one Distinguished Service Crosses on the uniforms of members of the command. Regimental parade followed the review, both ceremonies being finely executed and winning the most liberal applause.

Among the numerous special guests were many officers of the Regular Army, veterans of the regiment, officers of the National Guard and Reserve Corps. Previous to the military ceremonies the reviewing party and a number of special guests were enjoyably entertained at dinner at the armory by Col. Hayes and his officers. The entire event was one of the most notable in the history of the regiment and took the memory of old timers back to the famous old 7th Regiment days.

Brig. Gen. E. J. Westcott, The A.G. of New York, will review the 71st Infantry, N.Y.N.G., on Wednesday night, April 30, in the armory in New York city.

A joint review of the 13th Coast Defense Command, N.Y.N.G., and the 62d Artillery (A.A.), U.S.A., will be held in the armory of the 13th in Brooklyn, Wednesday night, April 23.

A review of the 69th Infantry, N.Y.N.G. (165th) in honor of Cardinal Hayes, will be held in the armory in New York city Wednesday night, May 7.

A REVIEW and parade of the 22d Engineers, N.Y.N.G., Col. F. E. Humphreys, in honor of its veterans, will be held in the armory, Broadway and 168th street, New York city, on Monday night, April 21.

THE 212th Artillery, N.Y.N.G., Col. N. B. Burr, will hold a review and parade in honor of its veterans in the armory at 62d street and Columbus avenue, New York city, on Monday night, April 21.

81ST INFANTRY DIVISION

THE first target practice of the season in the 81st Division was started April 12, when about fifteen officers of the Reserve Corps residing in Knoxville, Tenn., began the preliminary instructions in rifle firing, at Chilhowee Park.

This practice was the beginning of the Government regulation course which these officers are taking up under the direction of the officers on duty at 81st Division Headquarters. This instruction is given to prepare the officers to act as instructors in the summer training camps and to qualify them in the weapon.

The firing will be conducted on each Saturday afternoon until the course in both rifle and pistol have been fired.

1ST CAVALRY DIVISION

MAJ. STEPHEN W. WINFREE has received orders from The Adjutant General's office detailing him as a student at the Staff and Command School, Fort Leavenworth. The course begins in September.

On April 1 the regiment conducted a problem in which the functioning of Cav-

alry with machine guns attached was demonstrated. The problem was set by the 2d Cavalry Brigade Headquarters. Communications were also tested out.

The results of the saber tests recently conducted show that the regiment qualified 94.11 per cent.

A regimental gymnasium has been installed in the large room at the regimental headquarters building, which was formerly occupied by the post general court-martial. Here the regimental wrestlers and boxers will be developed and trained for their public appearances. Future smokers and exhibition matches will be conducted here also.

Staff Sgt. P. J. Devine, recently operated on for appendicitis, is making marked improvement at William Beaumont General Hospital.

Last Sunday, under the direction of Warrant Officer Clark B. Price, the 7th Cavalry band gave an excellent open air concert at the post. It was enjoyed by many civilians from El Paso.

61ST CAVALRY DIVISION

IN order that the commanders of the different elements of the 61st Cavalry Division may get to know each other better and may keep contact with each other, and in order to initiate the same process of command and administration that should hold in time of active service, the following plan is being carried out by Col. George Vidmer, Cav., chief of staff, and Capt. Herbert C. Holdridge, Cav., division adjutant:

All notices of meetings, lectures, conferences, etc., are sent from the division headquarters to brigade commanders and brigade executives, to G-1, 2, 3 and 4, the division adjutant, and to commanding officers of special units only. This concerns only those officers of the division whose headquarters are in the vicinity of New York city. This same idea will be carried on with those officers upstairs through their executives.

It is expected that each commander will notify his immediate subordinates and that this chain of administration will continue until the captain has notified his lieutenants.

It is suggested that all of these notices shall be done over the telephone personally, if possible, so that personal contact will be had. It is believed that by this means the splendid division spirit which now exists, will be constantly nurtured and developed, and that the personnel will become better known to each other.

It is also felt that individuals will feel a greater sense of responsibility toward their duties if their immediate commanders are known to take a personal interest in whether they are to be present at the various meetings.

WOMEN'S LEAGUE TO HOLD ESSAY CONTEST

MISS LOUISE WELLS, president of the Women's Overseas Service League, and a delegation consisting of the vice presidents of that organization, called at the White House on April 1 and requested Mrs. Coolidge to present on Flag Day, June 14, the national trophies to be awarded to the three young women who are named as winners of the league's essay contest on the subject, "Why a Young Man I Know Should Attend a Citizens' Military Training Camp."

Mrs. Coolidge informed Miss Wells that she would be pleased to comply with the request, as she approved both the patriotic action taken by the Women's Overseas Service League and the Citizens' Military Training Camps. The applications of her two sons have already been received by the officer in charge of Citizens' Military Training Camps for New England.

The essay contest being conducted by the Women's Overseas Service League has been endorsed by the Secretary of War, is national in scope and open to all young women from thirteen to nineteen years of age. The essays will be restricted in length to 300 words and will be judged on the basis of originality, expression and sincerity. The contest will close on May 5 and the national winners will be appointed not later than May 30.

The writers of the three best essays will be presented with round-trip tickets to Washington, with liberal allowance for additional travel and hotel expenses. In addition to the national, there will be state, county and city prizes.

CITATIONS FOR GALLANTRY IN ACTION

IN conformity with act of Congress of 1918, authorizing the award of decorations and citations for distinguished services and heroic deeds performed by members of the Army, the War Department on March 31, 1924, announced the following citations for gallantry in action awarded, carrying with them the right to wear the silver star on the appropriate campaign ribbon:

William G. Haan, major general, U.S.A., retired, then 1st lieutenant, 3d Art., U.S.A., against Insurgent forces near Manila Feb. 5, 1899.

Dennis E. Nolan, brigadier general, U.S.A., then 2d lieutenant, 1st Inf., U.S.A., against Spanish forces at Point Arboitius, Cuba, May 12, 1898, and against Spanish forces at Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898.

Edward Anderson, colonel, U.S.A., retired, then captain, A.A.G., U.S.V., against Spanish forces at Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898.

Henry C. Fisher, colonel, Med. Corps, U.S.A., then captain, Assistant Surgeon, U.S.A., in action against Spanish forces at Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898, in attending the wounded under fire.

Henry A. Hannigan, colonel, Inf., U.S.A., then 2d lieutenant, 6th Inf., U.S.A., in action against Insurgent forces at Tabuan, Negros, P.I., Aug. 19, 1899, and against Insurgent forces near Tabuan, Negros, P.I., Oct. 1, 1899.

James V. Heidt, colonel, Inf., U.S.A., then 2d lieutenant, 6th Inf., U.S.A., against Spanish forces at Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898, and when 1st Lieutenant, 6th Inf., U.S.A., for gallantry in action against Insurgent forces near Tabuan, Negros, P.I., Aug. 19, 1899.

Monroe C. Kerth, colonel, Inf., U.S.A., then 2d lieutenant, 23d Inf., U.S.A., against Spanish forces at Manila, P.I., Aug. 13, 1898; against Insurgent forces at Manila, P.I., Feb. 5, 1899, and against Insurgent forces at Zapote River, Luzon, P.I., June 13, 1899, while 1st lieutenant.

Thomas J. Kirkpatrick, colonel, U.S.A., retired, then 1st lieutenant, Assistant Surgeon, U.S.A., against Spanish forces in attending the wounded under fire at Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898.

William T. Wood, colonel, U.S.A., retired, then captain, 18th Inf., U.S.A., against Spanish forces at Manila, P.I., Aug. 2, 1898.

Joseph S. Hardin, lieutenant colonel, U.S.A., retired, then captain, 46th Inf., U.S.V., against Insurgent forces at Taal, Luzon, P.I., Jan. 19, 1900.

Daniel Wells, 1st lieutenant, 30th Inf., U.S.V., against Insurgent forces at Dingin, Tayabas Province, P.I., Jan. 8, 1901.

Marion B. Mabson, 2d lieutenant, 28th Inf., U.S.V., against Insurgent forces at Talang, Luzon, P.I., July 17, 1900.

Posthumous Awards

James A. Irons, colonel, Inf., U.S.A., then captain, 20th Inf., U.S.A., against Spanish forces at El Canay, Cuba, July 1, 1898, and against Insurgent forces at Cainta, Luzon, P.I., March 16, 1899. Nearest relative: Mrs. James A. Irons (Florence F.), wife, Laguna Beach, Orange county, Calif.

Peter W. Davison, lieutenant colonel, Inf., U.S.A., then 1st lieutenant, 22d Inf., U.S.A., against Insurgent forces at Malinta, Luzon, P.I., March 26, 1899. Nearest relative: Mrs. Peter W. Davison (Esther F.), wife, 2203 Smith Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

ARMY NOTES

FIGURES prepared in the Militia Bureau, War Department, show that as of March 31, 1924, the aggregate strength of the National Guard was 164,856, which is 67 per cent. of the 1924 authorized strength. The first six states having the largest enrollment are: New York, 25,380; Pennsylvania, 14,419; Illinois, 13,006; Massachusetts, 12,016; Texas, 11,991; Ohio, 11,430.

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE C. RICKARDS, Chief of the Militia Bureau of the War Department, in connection with a history of the National Guard organizations desired, is sending out a model to adjutants general covering an example of his history tracing considerably more complicated than the two examples (the 16th Infantry and 3d Field Artillery, Regular Army), inclosed with Militia Bureau letter of June 26, 1823. This model is an exact copy of the outline history and diagram of the 113th Infantry, N.J.N.G.

FOR saving a burning airplane and preventing the explosion of a 100-gallon gasoline tank, Leonard Court of 157 Hallieck avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y., a sergeant in the U.S. Air Service at Mitchel Field, Long Island, was publicly commended April 5 by Maj. Gen. Robert L. Bullard, U.S.A., in orders issued from Governors Island. Tech. Sgt. C. George, Corp. F. V. Sherwood and Pvt. 1st Cl. C. W. O'Connor, also stationed at Mitchel Field, were likewise cited for their courage and disregard for personal safety in fighting the blaze. Gen. Bullard expressed his pleasure at the prompt initiative and exceptional bravery displayed by the four men.

AIR COAST'S DEFENSE HEARINGS ARE CLOSED

**Admiral Moffett Sums Up
Navy Case for
Committee**

JOINT BOARD IS DEFINED

THE hearings before the House Committee on Naval Affairs were closed last week by Rear Adm. Moffett, Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, who summed up the case for the Navy in a comprehensive statement. He dealt with all phases of the subject, and was one of the strongest witnesses for the Navy.

It was the contention of Adm. Moffett that the aviation in the two Services is co-ordinated by the Aeronautical Board and a Joint Army and Navy Board. He called attention to the fact that Gen. Pershing is at present chairman of the Joint Board, and that the recommendations of the Joint Board are subject to final approval of the Secretary of War and Secretary of the Navy. He pointed out that this board is composed of the highest ranking and most experienced officers of the two Services. It was contended strongly by Adm. Moffett that the Navy was complying strictly with the doctrines set forth in the "Joint Army and Navy Action in Coast Defense," a plan drawn up by the Joint Board. In the course of his testimony Adm. Moffet said:

"The Joint Board defines the naval forces as: 1, The United States Fleet, other fleets and detachments; 2, the naval coast defense forces; 3, the Marine Corps; and the military forces as: 1, The harbor defenses; 2, the mobile forces of the Army. Each of the aforementioned forces has a distinct function and mission in relation with coast defense."

"It is desired to emphasize that the fleet consists not only of the high seas fleet, battleships, aircraft carriers, cruisers and destroyers, but all naval vessels, including submarines, subchasers, fuel ships, transports, convoy and patrol vessels. This being the fact, the contention that it is legal for the Navy to have shore stations whose maintenance is necessary only for operations connected solely with the main battle fleet is untenable and is based on the misconception of the functions and requirements of the Navy."

"The regulations of the Joint Board were drawn up in the light of the existing state of aviation and of all other elements in national defense at that time, and have since been revised from time to time by the Joint Board. The Navy has adhered to these regulations and has been governed by them in the development of its aircraft and of its training and its naval doctrines. The Navy is at a loss to understand why this point has been raised at this time, or at any other time, because, from the Navy point of view, the very object of the regulations has been to prevent unnecessary duplication of the primary functions and facilities of the operating forces of the Army and Navy."

BATTLE EXERCISES AT FORT WINFIELD SCOTT

AN interesting offensive and defensive public demonstration of the operation of elements comprised in the Coast Defenses of San Francisco was given at Fort Winfield Scott, Calif., on April 5. Col. Percy P. Bishop, commanding the coast defenses, arranged the program to which he invited the citizens of San Francisco and bay cities, members of the National Guard, Organized Reserve and R.O.T.C. units.

The exhibition opened with a battalion parade which included one battery of the fixed defenses, one battery of anti-aircraft Artillery, and Co. E, 6th Engrs. The ceremony of formal guard mount was held by the 13th Co., C.A.C. A demonstration of submarine mining was given which was a representation of a mine field as used to protect harbors against enemy warships.

Following the mine demonstration there was a review of the motorized equipment of the 63d Artillery Battalion, anti-

aircraft. A demonstration of the construction of wire entanglements under enemy fire and their demolition with Bangalore torpedoes was given by Co. E, 6th Engrs.

Following the exhibition by the Engineers, the anti-aircraft battery in conjunction with three airplanes from Crissy Field gave a demonstration of how hostile aircraft are repelled by land batteries. Three airplanes from Crissy Field represented the enemy and attacked the Artillery battery while it was on the march. The Artillery battalion then demonstrated how the anti-aircraft guns go into action. The gun batteries were supported by machine gun and searchlight batteries which went into action against the airplanes.

NEW Q.M. SCHOOLS ARE TO BE ESTABLISHED

IN line with the policy of the Quartermaster General for the establishment of Quartermaster schools in each corps area and department for cooks and bakers, orders have been issued by the War Department for three new schools, at Fort Strong, Boston, Mass., 1st Corps Area, which will be in charge of Capt. Oliver L. Overmyer; Camp Meade, Md., 3d Corps Area, which will be under the temporary supervision of Capt. Paul F. Huber, Q.M.C., but who will be succeeded permanently by 1st Lt. Charles Stalsburg, Q.M.C., on May 15, and Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., 5th Corps Area, which will be directed by Capt. Fred W. Fallin, Q.M.C. In order to establish these schools Capt. Overmyer has been relieved from Fort Robinson, Neb.; Capt. Fallin from Fort Bliss, Texas, and Lt. Stalsburg from the Washington General Intermediate Depot.

Standardizing the handling of the ration throughout the Army and the training of selected men in its preparation is the primary purpose of these schools, the duration of which is four months. Mess sergeants continue at the school one month longer, following the completion of the cook's course. Officers and warrant officers will take a two months' course.

Assisting the commanding officers of each of the schools will be a corps of instructors composed of twelve enlisted men. Those who will be detailed to attend the schools will be selected enlisted men or men who have been recruited for the purpose of becoming bakers and cooks.

SERVICE COUNTED FOR CHIEF W.O., U.S.N.

IN accordance with a recent opinion of the Judge Advocate General, service as indicated may be counted by warrant officers in computing the six years necessary for promotion to chief warrant officer:

Individuals appointed to temporary rank, then appointed to temporary commissioned rank, may count all service since the date of original temporary warrant except that in the case of pay clerks, service in that capacity only may be counted.

Those who have served continuously as warrant officers since the date of temporary warrant may count all service since that date.

These officers temporarily appointed in one warrant grade and subsequently appointed in a different warrant grade may count all service since the date of original temporary warrant.

Officers first appointed to temporary commissioned rank and finally appointed to permanent warrant status may not count the prior service as temporary commissioned officer.

Service in any capacity in the Naval Reserve Force is not to be counted for this purpose.

U.S.S. MARYLAND LEADS IN TARGET PRACTICE

THE target practice scores for all target practices of the battleship class held up to April 12, 1924, since the beginning of the gunnery year, July 1, 1923, have been worked out, with the result that the standing of the leading vessels is as follows: Maryland, Capt. F. H. Clark; Tennessee, Capt. L. McNamee; Pennsylvania, Capt. J. F. Hines; Mississippi, Capt. W. D. Brotherton; Arizona, Capt. P. N. Olmstead; New Mexico, Capt. Y. Stirling.

The above standing is based on short range practices, night practices and torpedo firing. These practices have a weight of 50, and the practices yet to be fired also have a similar weight.

1924 SUMMER CAMPS' LOCATION ANNOUNCED

C. M. T. C. Is to Train 28,000 Young Men This Year

MEDICAL R.O.T.C. CAMPS

ACCORDING to the present plans of the War Department, it is estimated that about 28,000 young men will receive instruction in the various citizens' military training camps this summer in the nine corps areas. The first camp is scheduled to begin June 12, while three of the camps will conclude Aug. 31. Each camp is of thirty days' duration.

In the 1st Corps Area, camps will be held at Camp Devens, Mass., Fort Adams, Mass., and Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., at which camps the number of trainees to be trained is estimated to be 2,300. These three camps will be held from Aug. 1 to Aug. 31.

The 2d Corps Area will train the largest number of young men, the estimated attendance in this area being 4,350, distributed as follows:

June 26 to July 25, Porto Rico, 350; July 1-30, Plattsburgh Barracks, N.Y., 1,900; Aug. 1-31, Plattsburgh Barracks, 900; Madison Barracks, N.Y., 450; Camp Vail, N.J., 275; Fort DuPont, Del., 100; Fort Hancock, N.J., 100; Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., 275, jointly with 1st Corps Area.

In the 3d Corps Area two camps will be held, one at Camp Meade, Md., at which it is estimated 2,997 will attend, while 244 will attend the camp at Fort Monroe, Va. Both camps will be held from July 1 to 30.

Three camps will be held in the 4th Corps Area, all of which will be held from July 3 to Aug. 1. They are with their estimated attendance indicated as follows: Camp McClellan, Ala., 2,400; Fort Bragg, N.C., 962, and Fort Barrancas, Fla., 400.

Only one camp will be held in the 5th Corps Area, that being at Camp Knox, Ky., from July 2 to July 31, at which it is estimated 3,700 young men will attend. In the 6th Corps Area, one camp will be held at Camp Custer, Mich., from Aug. 1 to 30. It is expected that the attendance at this camp will be about 3,800.

In the 7th Corps Area, three camps will be held, from Aug. 1 to 30, at the following stations: Fort Leavenworth, Kas., 1,600; Fort Des Moines, Iowa, 1,100, and Fort Snelling, Minn., 1,000.

Four camps will be held in the 8th Corps Area from Aug. 1 to 30, as follows: Fort Huachuca, Ariz., 250; Fort Logan, Colo., 550; Fort Sill, Okla., 1,100, and Fort Sam Houston, Texas 1200.

In the 9th Corps Area five camps will be held, all of which will begin in June. They are as follows: June 12-July 11, Fort Douglas, Utah, 790; June 19-July 18, Camp Lewis, Wash., 720; Fort Worden, Wash., 40; June 26-July 25, Fort Winfield Scott, Calif., 50; Del Monte, Calif., 1,000.

R.O.T.C. CAMPS

DURING the summer of 1924, R.O.T.C. camps will be held at thirty-two different stations throughout the United States with an estimated War Department attendance of 9,493, distributed among the nine corps areas. The War Department attendance estimates, according to corps areas, are as follows:

First, 461; 2d, 742; 3d, 1,595; 4th, 2,233; 5th, 917; 6th, 797; 7th, 1,500; 8th, 1,325; 9th, 923.

The locations and dates of the camps, according to corps areas, are as follows:

1st Corps Area—June 16 to July 25, Camp Devens, Mass., and Fort H. G. Wright, N.Y.

2d Corps Area—June 14 to July 25, Plattsburgh Barracks, N.Y.; Camp Vail, N.J.; Madison Barracks, N.Y.; Mitchel Field, N.Y.; June 19 to July 30, San Juan, P.R.

3d Corps Area—June 12 to July 23, Carlisle Barracks, Pa.; June 19 to July 30, Camp Meade, Md.; Fort Monroe, Va.; Aberdeen Proving Ground; Camp Holabird, Md.; Camp Vail, N.J.

4th Corps Area—June 14 to July 25, Camp McClellan, Ala.; Fort Bragg, N.C.;

Fort Barrancas, Fla.; Maxwell Field, Ala.

5th Corps Area—June 12 to July 23, Camp Knox, Ky.

6th Corps Area—June 17 to July 28, Camp Custer, Mich.; Chanute Field, Ill.

7th Corps Area—June 12 to July 24, Fort Snelling, Minn.

8th Corps Area—June 5 to 6, Lampasas, Texas (Dallas H.S.); June 5 to 16, Fort Huachuca, Ariz.; June 14 to July 25, Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Brooks Field, Tex.; Fort Sill, Okla.; Fort Logan, Colo.; July 1 to July 31, Cloudercroft (El Paso H.S.).

9th Corps Area—June 13 to July 24, Camp Lewis, Wash.; Presidio of San Francisco; June 20 to July 31, Rockwell Field, Calif.; Fort Casey, Wash.

FOR the summer of 1924 War Department figures place the estimated attendance at Medical Department R.O.T.C. camps at 965, of which a deduction of 20 per cent. should be allowed due to camp exemptions and other causes. This estimated total attendance of 965 will be distributed among 36 units in the nine corps areas. This field training for Medical, Dental and Veterinary R.O.T.C. students, which is approximately a six weeks' course, will begin June 12, 1924, and conclude July 26, 1924, and will be conducted at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., where it is planned to train about 500; Fort Snelling, Minn., will hold a camp of approximately 380; San Antonio, Texas, will train, it is estimated, about 25, while Camp Lewis, Wash., estimated attendance is placed at 60.

The senior instructors in charge of the training are as follows: Carlisle Barracks, Lt. Col. C. R. Reynolds, M.C.; Fort Snelling, Lt. Col. H. H. Rutherford, M.C.; Camp Lewis, Lt. Col. W. A. Powell, U.S.A., retired, and San Antonio, Maj. R. K. Cole, M.C.

AIRCRAFT SQUADRONS OF THE SCOUTING FLEET

TWENTY-TWO scouting and torpedo planes of the Aircraft Squadrons, Scouting Fleet, under command of Capt. W. H. Gherardi, on March 31 participated in the final fleet exercises at Culebra Island. Upon the completion of these, all plane crews were transferred to the tenders Sandpiper and Teal and that evening the Wright left Culebra for Mayaguez, P.R., the first stop of the seaplanes en route to Guantanamo. The Wright, Sandpiper, Teal, Mallard, Lark, Torpedo Plane Squadron 1, and Scouting Plane Squadron 1 arrived at Mayaguez the following day and received a very enthusiastic welcome from the mayor and the citizens of the city. Fifty officers were entertained by the city officials on an automobile sight-seeing tour through the surrounding country, where stops were made to inspect a large sugar central and other points of interest. The final stop was made at a large summer residence of one of the influential citizens to enjoy the elaborate refreshments that had been provided for the occasion. The departure from Mayaguez was made with regret.

The next stop for fuel was at Caldera Bay, D.R., on April 3. In passing over Santo Domingo City, several Marine Corps planes joined the Aircraft Squadrons formation and escorted the latter part way to Caldera. The Wright and seaplanes arrived at Guantanamo Saturday morning, April 5. Work was begun immediately on gunnery exercises, parachute flare experiments, and recovery observation of torpedoes for destroyers.

REBELS DROP BOMBS IN TEGUCIGALPA

A DISPATCH to the Navy Department at Washington, D.C., on April 11, as to the situation at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, says:

"An attempt was made by a revolutionary airplane to bomb the cuartel in the town. Bombs were dropped on houses and some women and children were killed and wounded. Members of the landing force who were at exercises were apparently mistaken for enemies, as four bombs were dropped near them."

"The commanding officer of the Special Service Squadron, U.S. Navy, has advised the commanding officer of the landing force to protest against a repetition of bombing, as dropping bombs in the city is considered dangerous to lives of landing force and American citizens."

MILITARY CLUBS AND SOCIETIES

COMING EVENTS

April 21—Regular monthly meeting, District of Columbia Medical Officers, Washington, D.C.

Dedication of new recreation building and pageant, Culver M.A., Culver, Ind. Review of 212th Artillery, N.Y.N.G. (old 12th Inf.), by veterans in armory, New York city.

Review of 22d Engrs., N.Y.N.G. (102d Engrs.), by veterans in armory, New York city.

April 23—Joint review 62d Artillery, U.S.A., and 13th Coast Defense Command, N.Y.N.G., armory, Brooklyn, N.Y.

April 26—St. Nazaire Association dinner, Army and Navy Club, New York city.

April 28—Bi-weekly luncheon, New York Chapter, M.O.W.W., Stewart's Restaurant, New York city.

April 29—Dance of the Chemical Warfare Branch, Army Relief Society, Officers' Club, Washington Barracks, D.C.

April 30—Review of 71st Inf., N.Y.N.G., by Brig. Gen. E. J. Westcott, A.G. of N.Y., at armory, New York city.

May 7—Review of 69th Inf., N.Y.N.G. (165th), by Cardinal Hayes, at armory, New York city.

May 10—Reunion of former officers, 7th Division, Atlanta, Ga.

Reunion dinner and smoker of the 4th Division, Yale Club, New York city.

May 31—Reunion of Graduates of U.S. Naval Academy, at the Academy, Annapolis, Md.

June 12—Commencement and alumni reunion, U.S.M.A., West Point, N.Y.

Oct. 2, 3 and 4—National Convention, M.O.W.W., Boston, Mass.

NAVAL ACADEMY GRADUATES URGE JUNE REUNION

The U.S. Naval Academy Graduates' Association has addressed a letter to all members. It reads, in part:

"The Navy is back on a peace-time basis. There have been class reunions, but no 'get together' of us all since the war. Now, arrangements are under way for a reunion and dinner of all graduates of the Naval Academy to be held at the beginning of June Week"—May 31, 1924. You are urged to come back to your alma mater and meet your fellow-graduates and inspire the Regiment of Midshipmen with our admiration for the Academy and the midshipmen of the present generation.

"The reunion and dinner will be held Saturday evening, May 31, 1924, in Recreation Hall, Naval Academy."

U.S. NAVAL ACADEMY ASSOCIATION OF CHICAGO

A luncheon meeting of the U.S. Naval Academy Association of Chicago was held at the University Club in that city on April 3. About thirty members of the association were present. During the luncheon a general song fest was indulged in.

Tentative plans were discussed at this meeting for holding a joint luncheon with the West Point Association of Chicago on the day of the coming Army-Navy baseball and other games on May 31, 1924.

Burnham, '05, is president, and Cobb, '18, secretary of the association.

SOJOURNERS CLUB ACTIVITIES

Through the courtesy of the Masonic Building Association of Fall River, Mass., Narragansett Bay Chapter No. 14, Sojourners Club, held its first meeting for organization and institution in the new Masonic Temple in Fall River on April 9.

The Narragansett Bay Chapter was chartered March 14, and its first meeting was instituted by Col. Walter C. Sweeney, U.S.A., president of the New England Chapter No. 12, Boston. Fifty-eight members compose the charter list of Narragansett Bay Chapter No. 14, being drawn from Providence, R.I., Fall River, Mass., and Newport, R.I. Sixteen new members were elected at the first meeting.

The officers elected were: President, Comdr. G. A. Duncan (C.E.C.), U.S.A.; vice presidents, Lt. Col. W. S. Solomon, S.C., U.S.A., and Maj. H. A. Skinner, Mass. N.G.; treasurer and treasurer, Lt. G. W. F. Rodda, U.S.A., 132 Thames St., Newport, R.I.; directors—Capt. William B. Edgar, U.S.N.R.F.; Brig. Gen. Charles T. Glines, U.S.A.; Comdr. Norman T. McLean (M.C.), U.S.N.

In the afternoon, preceding the organization meeting, a camp of "Heroes of '76" was organized within Narragansett Bay Chapter No. 14. Comdr. Thomas Withers, U.S.N., is the first commanding officer of this camp.

At the meeting of Washington Chapter No. 3 on April 9 forty new members were elected, making the total membership in Washington Chapter 1,031. Maj. Gen. Anton Stephan, 29th Div., N.G., was designated as the 1,000th member. Other prominent candidates at the last meeting were Lt. Col. Hamilton Fish, Jr., Mem-

ber of Congress from New York; Brig. Gen. Samuel T. Ansell; Maj. Charles F. Roberts, present grand master of Masons of the District of Columbia; Maj. Wallace W. Kirby, C. of E., recent director of Bureau of Printing and Engraving; Lt. William J. Stannard, O.R.C., leader of the U.S. Army Band, and Capt. Harry L. Wilson, commander of Lafayette Post of the American Legion. Gen. Ansell, Gen. Stephan and Congressman Fish all spoke.

On April 23 the fifth and last informal Sojourners dance of the season will be held at the Navy Sail Loft, with music by the U.S. Navy Band orchestra.

A banquet and reunion of Washington Camp No. 3 of the Heroes of '76 was held April 12 at Columbia Country Club. The guest of honor was Col. Christopher Van Deventer of Chicago. Among recruits admitted to membership were Maj. Gen. M. W. Ireland, Surgeon General; Maj. Gen. Charles McK. Saltzman, Chief Signal Officer; Maj. Gen. John L. Clem, U.S.A., retired; Brig. Gen. W. D. McCaw, M.C.; Brig. Gen. R. E. Noble, M.C.; Col. F. W. Coleman, F.D.; Col. E. J. Williams; Lt. Col. R. U. Patterson, M.C.; Maj. James J. Dawson, Fin. O.R.C.; Lt. Col. C. E. Brigham, C.W.S.; Maj. F. F. Black, Inf.; Capt. M. H. Reznicoff, Ord. O.R.C.; Dr. Charles E. Ralph, U.S.P.H.S.; Maj. J. W. N. Schultz, C. of E.; Maj. F. E. Hume, M.C.; Lt. W. J. Stannard, O.R.C.; Maj. George F. Lull and C. B. Dewey, M.C.

WEST POINTERS IN HAWAII HOLD BANQUET

Approximately 200 graduates of the United States Military Academy, now stationed in the Hawaiian Islands, gathered at the Moana Hotel, Waikiki, on the opening of March 22, for the annual alumni dinner, which is held the country over to celebrate the founding of the Academy.

Forty-seven years of Academy life were represented, from Brig. Gen. Granger Adams, retired, who is a member of the class of 1876, to 2d Lt. S. T. Kean, of the class of 1923.

Col. William Kelly, Jr., was toastmaster, and toasts as follows were given: "The Service," Brig. Gen. Richmond P. Davis, '87; "The Army," Maj. Gen. C. T. Menoher, '86; "Civil Life," O. N. Tyler, '93; "The Academy Fifty Years Ago," Gen. Adams with response by Lt. Kean; "The Ladies," Col. A. S. Cowan, '99; "The Corps," Maj. Gen. C. P. Summerall, '92.

The following general officers were present: Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall, commanding the Hawaiian Department; Maj. Gen. C. T. Menoher, commanding the Hawaiian Division; Brig. Gen. Granger Adams, retired; Brig. Gen. John D. Barrette, commanding the Hawaiian Coast Artillery District; Brig. Gen. Richmond P. Davis, commanding the 22d Infantry Brigade, and Col. William Chamberlain, retired.

CHEMICAL SOCIETY TO MEET

The American Chemical Society will meet in annual convention at Washington, D.C., April 26, and at the end of the week will visit Edgewood Arsenal, Md., by special train. The members will be shown through the plant and will witness chemical warfare demonstrations. The American Electro-Chemical Society, which will meet in Philadelphia April 26, will also go to Edgewood for this demonstration.

FALLS CITIES CHAPTER OF Q.M. ASSOCIATION MEETS

The Falls Cities Chapter of the Quartermaster Association, Jefferisonville, Ind., held its regular monthly meeting for March away from home and in the neighboring city of Louisville, Ky., on March 28. Its president, Col. J. R. R. Hannay, Q.M.C., presided. Mr. Thornton Whaling, former president of Columbia University and professor of sociology at the Presbyterian Theological Seminary in Louisville, delivered an address, giving many reasons why the nation should have preparedness. Mr. Axton of the Axton-Fisher Tobacco Co., Louisville, also spoke.

ENTRE NOUS CLUB TO HOLD MASQUEERADE DANCE

The Entre Nous Social Club, office of the Chief of Infantry, will hold a masquerade dance on the evening of April 26 at Washington Barracks, D.C. A prize will be given to the lady and gentleman having the fanciest costume, and two more prizes will be awarded to the lady and gentleman having the most comical costume. The judges will be William J. Stannard, band leader of the Army Band; Master Sgt. Otto Siebenreich and one other to be selected. Music will be by the Army Band orchestra.

COL. RETHERS SPEAKS

Col. Harry F. Retters, Q.M.C., 9th Corps Area, addressed the Association of the Army of the United States at a luncheon held in the colonial ballroom of the St. Francis Hotel, San Francisco, Calif., March 31. Col. Retters' subject was "The Quartermaster Corps Supply Problem as Relates to Mobilization."

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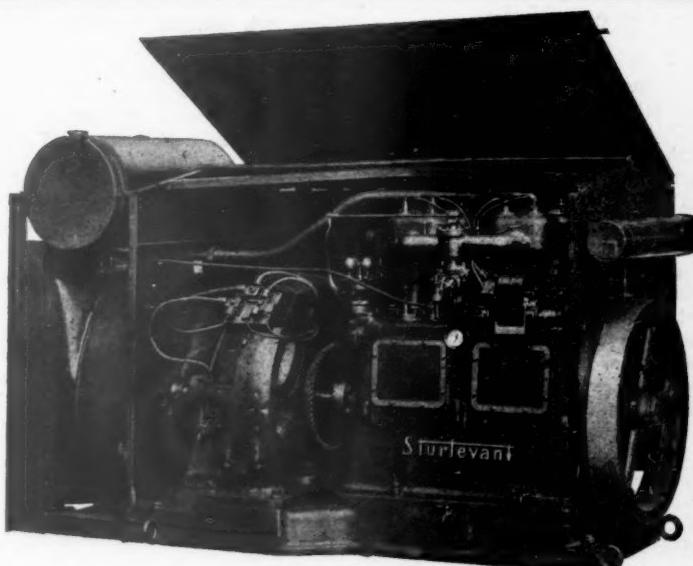
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ARMY AND NAVY GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED 1879. REG. U.S. PAT. OFFICE.

NATIONAL SERVICE.

INCORPORATED WITH ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

JAN. 7, 1922.

HENRY J. REILLY, FRANKLIN COE,
Brig. Gen., O.R.C., Editor. Publisher.

VOL. 61. APRIL 19, 1924. NO. 3165

Publishers' Statement

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is published weekly on Saturday by the American Army and Navy Journal, Inc., 383 Madison Avenue, New York. Henry J. Reilly, President; Frederick I. Thompson, Vice President; Franklin Coe, Treasurer; H. J. Whigham, Secretary. Telephone, Vanderbilt 4990. Cable address, "Armynavy, New York."

EDITORIAL OFFICES: New York, 384 Fourth Avenue; Telephone Madison Square 2036. Washington, 41 Home Life Building; Telephone Main 4548.

ADVERTISING OFFICES: New York, 383 Madison Avenue; Chicago, Wrigley Building; Boston, 127 Federal Street; London, 20 Maddox Street, W1; Paris, 60 Rue Caumartin.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: Special reduced rate to individuals or ex-members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, U.S. Coast Guard, National Guard, Naval Reserve Force and Organized Reserves, U.S.A., or to their relatives, \$4.00 per year. Regular rate \$6.00 per year. The \$4.00 rate is not allowed to companies, libraries, or organizations.

Subscriptions are payable in advance and should be sent direct to the publishers. When possible always remit by P.O. money order or New York draft.

Domestic postage prepaid. Foreign postage \$1.50 and Canadian postage of \$1.00 per annum should be added to the subscription price.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.—Addresses will be changed as frequently as desired upon notification; not otherwise.

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is a member of the Audit Bureau of Circulations.

Entered as second-class matter June 25, 1879, at the post-office at New York, under the act of March 3, 1879.

RESERVE OFFICERS HAVE ACCOMPLISHED MUCH, BUT FIGHT MUST CONTINUE

THERE is an old saying that the Almighty helps those who help themselves. In other words, if we use the brains and the energy we have been blessed with we will progress. If we do not, we will retrogress, because there is no such thing as standing still; and if we do so retrogress, it is nobody's fault but our own.

The steady growth in the interest in and understanding of the Organized Reserves, within and without Congress, is an excellent example of what results from the expenditure of brains and energy.

In the years immediately following the war, thousands of men who had held commissions as officers of the Army during the war accepted commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps. Some did it from a sense of duty, others because still interested in military affairs, and many for both reasons.

However, as time went on, they found out that while they had accepted commissions it apparently meant little or nothing, because they received no training of any kind, had no federal officers within their vicinity with whom they could get in personal touch, and that even a letter to the War Department in Washington waited a long time for an answer.

The reason for this was that during the fiscal years 1920, 1921 and 1922 Congress made no appropriations whatsoever for the Organized Reserves, with the result that the War Department could organize no camps or instruction of any kind for Reserve officers, could not establish the Reserve divisional headquarters prescribed by the National Defense act, and much less the regimental ones. At the same time, they so cut the appropriations for the Army that the Adjutant General's

Office, like the other departments, being shy of clerks, had the greatest difficulty in keeping up with its correspondence at all, much less answering it immediately.

The summer of 1921, a few Reserve officers in one corps area, by volunteering to pay their own expenses, succeeded in going to camp for two weeks. The summer of 1922, under the first appropriations which were made, something over 4,000 out of 60,000 Reserve officers received training in widely scattered camps throughout the country. During the same year it became evident to many Reserve officers that unless the Reserve was to be a purely paper organization and thereby lose not only its ultimate effectiveness as planned by the National Defense act, but a large proportion of its personnel at the end of the five years for which commissions are issued, steps would have to be taken to get the Reserve officers to save the situation and thus save that portion of the National Defense act which provides for the creation in peace of the framework for the third and largest component of the Army of the United States in time of war.

As a consequence, in the late summer of 1922 a number of Reserve officers formed a committee and issued a call for a national convention of Reserve officers to be held in Washington, D.C., in October of the same year, for the purpose of forming a Reserve Officers' Association, with the intention of remedying the undesirable situation which then existed.

The ready response to this call from officers in all sections of the country, which resulted in delegates from practically every state coming to Washington at their own expense, showed the underlying interest waiting to be used, once steps were taken to organize.

While this was going on the War Department, in an effort to carry out both the spirit and the letter of the National Defense act, scraped together such odds and ends of funds as could be considered as available and began the establishment throughout the country of Reserve divisional headquarters. In most cases, due to lack of funds, little more could be done than to send a Regular officer to a locality in which it was desired to establish one of these headquarters and tell him to get and keep in touch with the Reserve officers as best he could.

The session of Congress the winter of 1922-1923 was the turning point in the affairs of the Organized Reserves. At the beginning of the session the average Congressman, with multitudinous matters which always claimed his attention, knew little or nothing about this force and its needs. Too many members of the House Appropriations Committee were indifferent to all military matters, and a number of them were absolutely hostile to anything which had the backing of the Regular Army.

As a consequence, there was every indication that the number of Reserve officers who would get a chance to attend a summer training camp would not be any more numerous than had been the case the previous year. The hostility to the establishment of Reserve headquarters was so great that the sum called for in the budget for their establishment and maintenance was entirely eliminated, and a clause inserted which would have prevented the War Department from even continuing to spend for this purpose the funds which they had used the previous fiscal year. In other words, through indifference or lack of knowledge on the part of the majority in Congress, and downright hostility on the part of others, many of them in key positions, there was every indication that the Reserve was to be sti-

fled out of existence, or at least to be allowed to die through inattention.

The Reserve Officers' Association, though only a few months old, immediately got in touch with its members throughout the country, kept them advised, by telegraph where necessary, of the status of affairs in Washington, with the result that Senators and Members of Congress from all over the country commenced to have their attention called by their own constituents to the provisions of the National Defense act which brought the Organized Reserve into existence and to the urgent necessity of immediately making the appropriations necessary to enable these provisions to be complied with.

As a result, the number of officers to receive training was increased to 6,500 without great difficulty. However, it took a vigorous fight on the floor of the House to put back an appropriation for the establishment and maintenance of Reserve headquarters and the recognition of the principle that the establishment of such headquarters was a fundamental part of the National Defense act which could not be eliminated by simple failure to appropriate.

Throughout 1923 the Reserve Officers' Association throughout the country steadily pushed its own organization and at the same time worked consistently and persistently on, calling the attention of the members of the Senate and of the House to the National Defense act in general, and those portions of it which provide for the Organized Reserve in particular.

The result has been manifest in the present Congress, which throughout both Houses and both parties is in general favorable to the Organized Reserve. The provision for the establishment and maintenance of divisional and regimental headquarters came out of the House with a slight reduction, which the Senate committee has put back.

As the bill came from the House, 12,000 officers could be trained for two weeks this summer. The Senate committee, in its report, increases the appropriation to permit approximately 18,000 to go. Continued action on the part of Reserve officers throughout the country will tend to insure the securing of the higher figure.

The Organized Reserve has emerged from a paper organization to an active, living body. It has done so not only because of the interest of Reserve officers, but above all because of their willingness to transfer that interest into action directed through the proper channels.

COMBINE STATIONS, BUT KEEP AIR SERVICES SEPARATE

IN connection with its hearings on the question of acquiring a site for a Naval Air Station at Sand Point, Washington state, the House Committee on Naval Affairs has gone exhaustively into the question of combining Army and Navy air stations. The principal object of the committee is the commendable one of effecting economies, if practicable and consistent with military necessities. In view of the great and increasingly necessary expenses of aviation it is especially desirable to reduce the costs of stations in order that more money shall be available for aircraft. The hearings have brought out a gratifying unanimity of opinion as between the Army as a whole and the Navy as a whole—with the Army Air Service generally dissenting.

The stations at San Diego and Pearl Harbor are examples of a combined site for naval and military aviation purposes. The naval waterfront facilities are avail-

able for Army use when military planes are temporarily acting as seaplanes, as those now engaged in the world flight are doing at present, while the landing field is available for Naval planes when they are temporarily converted into land planes, which must be frequently done during war. Air stations are necessarily extensive in area, and therefore expensive to acquire and maintain.

While it is not always true that money saved from one military or naval purpose is available for another such purpose, generally speaking, that is and will become increasingly a fact under a budget system. To an important extent, money saved from the upkeep of stations will probably become available for troops and ships and aircraft. Considered from this broad viewpoint, the attitude of the Naval Affairs Committee of the House, in endeavoring to combine air station sites wherever practicable, is wise and should receive the support of both Services.

But in such combination there is no occasion to become confused on matters of organization or of functions of the two Air Services. The prime function of the Army Air Service is to support military operations. Its officers should never forget that they belong to the Army, just as much as do the Infantry, the Engineers, the Chemical Warfare Service, etc. Aerial support of military operations is a very broad specialty; sufficiently so to justify an organization of Army Air Service separate from Naval aviation.

Similarly, the latter is sufficiently broad to constitute a specialty in itself, and is so indispensable to the successful operations of the fleet that Naval Aviation can properly have no divided loyalty. It should never be separated from the control of the Navy. The British tried such separation for several years, and have now given back the control to the Navy.

The argument often advanced that the need of joint action under special circumstances warrants a consolidation of the two aviation services is unsound. It is based on an occasional and abnormal case. The Marines were of great service to the Army Infantry in France, yet no one argues that they should be consolidated with Army Infantry permanently. At Cambrai the Engineers, under stress of special circumstances, performed notable service as Infantry. Doubtless such an occasion will recur, yet that is not a valid reason for consolidating Engineers and Infantry permanently.

It is unfortunate that the public appears to believe that an important division of opinion exists between the Army and the Navy in the matter of consolidating Air Services. Such is not the case. A great majority of both Services, including the Naval Air Service almost as a unit, believe that the existing organization is sound.

VOICE OF THE SERVICES

WHY NOT TRAVEL LEAVES?

TO THE EDITOR:

THE advantages that are derived from travel are manifold. It is a very old saying that "to travel is to receive a liberal education." To this end it would seem that the War Department is missing a wonderful opportunity in the education of its officers.

Schools for the purpose of teaching tactics and strategy have been established. One of the major points taught is the study of terrain in its relation to the campaign or tactical engagement.

Each officer in the Service is called upon to make numerous journeys on duty. These journeys cover the diversified terrain of our country. What better means can be obtained for teaching the relations of one section of the country with others? At present the officer performing a journey must travel by rail, or obtain a leave

to travel overland. To have to obtain a leave to travel on duty is somewhat of an injustice. A large number of officers own their transportation. The use of such transportation for travel on duty between stations should be encouraged.

A leave similar to a hunting leave could be granted. This leave could be elastic, to cover the different time allowances between places on duty; such a leave not to count against the annual leave allowance of an officer.

The officer making the journey could be required to turn in a report covering the conditions of the roads, bridges, rivers, railroads, cities, inhabitants, and a short comment on possible military operations over the territory. This report could also contain sketches of the roads traveled. Such data should be very valuable to the War College; and in the planning of future campaigns by the General Staff.

The leave granted could be designated a travel leave. Mileage could be paid over the shortest traveled rail route as at present; no additional expense occurring to the Government from the travel leave.

Officers would thereby become familiar with the various routes of travel and possible avenues for the conduct of campaigns. The stimulus obtained by being acquainted with the many ramifications of the geography of our country would be an added spur to patriotism. The broadening of the officer into a truly national and cosmopolitan being, and the dispelling of provincialism are some of the results.

H. C. S.

"ALL BOUND ROUND WITH A WOOLEN STRING."

TO THE EDITOR:

THE man who first invited the attention of the Medical officers of the U.S. Army to the damage being done by the present type of legging for enlisted men should have a niche in the Hall of Fame, and unless a change is made to a more sanitary and comfortable type of legging, and one that will not physically disable the man, the person or persons responsible in this case should have a niche in the infernal regions in close proximity to that allotted to Dives, Herod, Nero and other enemies of God and man.

The present type of legging should be discarded for the following reasons:

The legging now issued is unsanitary due to the tendency to absorb liquids and dirt in general. A canvas legging would show a stain and require scrubbing; a cowhide legging would have to be cleaned and polished. In either case, the dirt would have to be removed, while it often happens that a man does not wash the woolen legging from the time he puts it on new until it is worn out.

The present type of legging is "put on" or applied like a bandage, usually while the muscles of the leg are at rest, and no discomfort is felt while the person remains seated or reclining, but as soon as the body assumes an upright position, as in standing or walking, these bandages tighten and become irritable and painful; this continues until the bandage is removed, and then the intense itching makes a man want a curry comb with which to scratch himself.

As for wearing qualities, one pair of canvas leggings will不出 three of the present type, and one pair of cowhide leggings will last an enlistment and then be in good condition.

The long trousers as now issued should be worn for all garrison duties and on pass, leaving the leggings to be worn only on field duty, and the legging worn in the field should be loose enough to allow the proper circulation of blood through the leg.

Won't some of our Medical officers help us out of this trouble before we become a nation of cripples?

"OLD IKE."

BONUS VS. VALUATION OF SERVICE.

TO THE EDITOR:

IT is noted that under date of March 12, 1924, the terms of the new Soldier Bonus bill providing paid-up life insurance policies were agreed upon by the subcommittee of the House Ways and Means Committee and will be taken up for decision.

It is further noted that again a distinction is made in the valuation of overseas service over home service—it being based on the amount of \$1.25 per day for overseas service and \$1 per day for home service, and this naturally calls to mind the war-time gold and silver stripes. The writer has faithfully followed the flag for twenty-four years, with over eight years' foreign service to his credit, and has

ever taught and been taught that between soldiers there can be no distinction in valuation of service rendered. From the highest commander to the latest joined recruit, from the man with the rifle and machine gun in the front line trench to the very last file of the rear guard, each and every man is of equally and important value, and without the perfect working of a single element regardless of who it is the entire war plan or movement may fail.

If this be true—and no one of experience can question its veracity—how and why can there be a distinction made in the valuation of a man's service in time of war?

The writer also well remembers that during the World War on many occasions it was his duty to lecture and curb the impatience of his junior officers who were eager for overseas duty on the plea that all duties performed were of equal value, whether it be grooming horses at a home station or handling a rifle at the front "somewhere in France." In fact, the War Department was so flooded with personal requests for overseas duty from officers that it was necessary to publish orders prohibiting individuals from submitting applications for overseas duty, and this under threat of disciplinary punishment.

To distinguish between soldiers their valuation in time of war is unjust, unfair, and upsets the tradition of all military training and discipline so necessary in a well-trained army.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Questions having to do with military or naval matters will be answered in this department as soon as possible after their receipt. Communications must in all cases be signed, giving the correct name and address of the inquirer.

MANUAL OF INTERIOR GUARD DUTY. An officer of the National Guard asks the following: (1) Should the old and new officers of the day fold their arms when standing at parade rest while the band is sounding off and while the guard is marching in review, at formal guard mount? The third paragraph on page 78, M.I.G.D., 1914, provides that this be done. Paragraphs 347-367 inclusive, M.I.G.D., has been superseded by paragraph 2 (d), page 4, T.R. 135-5, provides that the officers of the day take the position of parade rest with the adjutant. Nothing specifies that they will fold their arms. It is believed by several officers in my command that the arms should not be folded, yet they almost invariably are folded by different officers at formal guard mount. (2) After guard mount, when both guards are in front of the guard house, if the members of the guard are all armed with the pistol, what procedure takes place when the guards are presented to each other and to their respective officers of the day? I contend that the men in ranks stand at attention and execute no movement, and that the commanders of the guard execute the hand salute, or present saber. In some posts, where all troops are armed with the pistol, the command "Hand salute" instead of "Present Arms" is given, and every member of the guard executes the hand salute. Which is correct?

Answer: The office of the Chief of Infantry, U.S.A., gives the following answers to the above questions to the Army and Navy Journal under date of April 8, 1924: (1) The old and new officers of the day do not fold their arms. This was intentionally omitted when T.R. 135-5 was written. (2) Reference paragraph marked (d), the contention of the writer is correct. Men in ranks do not render the hand salute in lieu of present arms if armed with pistols. They remain at attention. It will be noted in paragraph 5a, T.R. 135-5, that part which contains the commands: "1. Present, 2. Arms, and 1. Order, 2. Arms" are in parentheses, which means that they are only applicable when the guard is armed with rifles.

J. C. G., FORT BENNING, GA.—Relative to credit for double time, paragraph 4 of A.R. 615-395 reads as follows: "In computing the length of service for retirement, credit shall be given soldiers enlisted on or before Aug. 24, 1912, for double the time of their actual service in China, Cuba, the Philippine Islands, the Island of Guam, and Panama."

W. L., RICHMOND, VA.—Your query is so indefinite that more information, such as dates of your service, kind of chevrons and what foreign service, is requested.

HENRY HERMAN, 1356 CLINTON AVE., BRONX, N.Y.—For all information relative to the New York state bonus communicate with the Adjutant General of the State, Albany, N.Y.

MASTER SERGT. H. B., CAV., CAMP MARFA, TEX.—(1) The transport Lawton with Troop L, 3d Cavalry, left Manila July 1, 1902; no record of Mariveles. (2) Whichever port you departed from last is when your double time terminates.

N. L. H., ENGRS., FORT DU PONT, DEL.—See paragraph 3 of A.R. 615-380, which explains the character on an enlisted man's discharge very clearly. When once given it cannot be changed.

TECH. SERGT. T. E., ORD. DEPT., NEW ORLEANS, LA.—Relative to your question,

paragraph 5, L, of Cir. 10, W.D., 1923, reads as follows: "Commutation of rations. When rations are commuted into money, the money payment to a soldier is considered compensation for services and should be returned as income."

TECH. SERGT. A. P. W., Q.M.C. ROBINSON, NEBR.—The 2d Squadron, 6th Cavalry, left San Francisco March 25, 1901.

TECH. SERGTS., ORDNANCE DEPT.—E.J. R. is No. 150 and A. G. T. is No. 139 on the list of technical sergeants, Ordnance Department.

CORPL. T. C. M., BALTIMORE, MD.—Actual service in China, Cuba, Philippine Islands, Guam, Alaska, and Panama will be counted from the date of soldier's arrival *therein* and ends on the date of his departure from the last port of call *therein*. Stops en route to a station to which assigned are not counted. In other words, actual service at a station to which assigned is all that counts double. In your case, only actual service in the Philippine Islands counts. See A.R. 615-395, which supersedes 134 A.R.

R. A. asks: 420-60, Subpar. 2, Par. 13, reads: Guides leading platoon on line. At this command do the designated guides remain at the right shoulder when facing the adjutant? Answer: This question is answered in Par. 23f (2), T.R. 420-50, Drill, The Rifle Squad, Platoon and Company, which reads as follows: "Where it is prescribed that platoons dress after movements, the guide away from the point of rest remains at the right shoulder when the platoon is halted."

SERVICE PUBLICATIONS

The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL would like to get in touch with officers who read German, Italian and Spanish fluently, for the purpose of reviewing foreign military books.

WHY DEFEND THE NATION? By Col. Frank D. Ely. Chicago: Laird and Lee. 1924. Within ninety-four well-printed pages Col. Ely has stated the whole argument for national defense according to the act of June 4, 1920, stated it with clear interpretation, with appropriate examples, and with continuously sound references to those provisions for the common defense, those assurances of domestic tranquility, and those hopes for the maintenance of liberty which our Federal Constitution was framed to secure.

His statement is an accurate answer to the "No More War" and complete disarmament amendments which appear from time to time on the legislative desks of Congress. It is made upon the grounds of national intent, national interest, and national policy. Yet it is more than that. It is also an excellent exposition of the purpose and function of the Organized Reserves, as they are now and as they can be in time of emergency.

In an appendix the author has reprinted the well-known "I Didn't Know That!" speech of Secretary of War Weeks, telling of the multitude of things the Army does and is doing for the welfare of the nation. The book is a distinctly American document. It is patriotic. It is in line in thought and content with our best democratic traditions, paying its best tribute to the important functions and great intrinsic worth of the Reserves. It is a plea for Americanism of the highest order, and is most appropriately dedicated to "The American Boy."

STRAY RECOLLECTIONS. By Maj. Gen. C. E. Callwell. Two volumes. New York: Longmans Green and Company. \$10.50.

Having established a reputation as a student of military operations by writing the standard work on "Small Wars: Their Conditions and Problems," and by doing an excellent history of the campaign on the Dardanelles, Gen. Callwell turns for the moment from his frequent writing on tactical and strategical subjects of the past and of the present, and remembers many incidents out of his own life. There are many humorous incidents recounted here, and many purely human ones.

Yet the chief value in reading them is in the point of view of the successful commander and in the judgments he gives us on many a military custom, trait, or activity. For instance, he tells how the periodical "muster" originated—in those days when a commanding officer contracted with the Government to clothe, pay, etc., those under his orders, and perhaps—if the muster had not existed—might more easily have claimed to have paid and clothed men already dead, or even imaginary individuals.

PIRATE TALES FROM THE LAW. By Arthur M. Harris. Boston: Little, Brown and Company. \$2.00.

Every sailor who follows the sea must be interested in this book. Based on actual facts and presented on the basis of evidence recorded in the courts of law where pirates were tried, adduced by sworn witnesses, the probing counsel, the directing judges, and the juries who cast their verdicts for capital punishment—the story of the pirate is here authentically told.

Capt. Kidd leads the list; John Quelch follows after. In the company are Tom Green, "Blackbeard," and John Gow. It is a navy book, not a law book. It is a book of adventure, not a dry lawyer's brief. It is well told in vivid language and with a touch of that human nature that makes all sea-faring men kin.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

The Freedom of the Seas, by Pitman B. Potter, Ph.D.; Longmans, Green and Company; \$2.50.

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PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS

COL. LUTZ WAHL, Adj. Gen., Dept., U.S.A. was on April 10, 1924, recommended to succeed Brig. Gen. Benjamin Alvord as Assistant The Adjutant General with the rank of brigadier general, effective upon Gen. Alvord's retirement for age on May 15. Col. Wahl was born in Wisconsin, Nov. 2, 1869, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A. in the class of 1891. He served, among other duties, in the Philippines. During the World War he was in command of the 58th Infantry Regiment and 14th Infantry Brigade, and also served in Washington as chief of the operations section, General Staff. He was awarded the D.S.M. for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services as C.O. of the 58th Infantry; as chief of the operations section, General Staff, and later as brigadier general in command of the 14th Infantry Brigade. He is a graduate of the Army War College, classes of 1916 and 1921.

MAJ. J. W. HOWE, Cav., U.S.A., was retired from active service April 10, 1924, for disability incident to the service. He was born in Massachusetts Oct. 12, 1886, and entered the Regular Army as a second lieutenant of Cavalry in March, 1913. He was awarded the degree of B.S., Worcester Polytechnical Institute, 1909.

OBITUARIES

BOGERT.—In addition to the facts concerning the death of Capt. Edward S. Bogert, Med. Corps, U.S.N., at Washington, D.C., April 6, published in this paper April 12, an officer writes:

The sudden and untimely death of Capt. Bogert will be deeply regretted by the entire Service in which he was exceedingly popular. Capt. Bogert had many important assignments, among them being command of the Naval Hospital in Yokohama, Japan; service on the staff of Adm. Sims during the World War. His war service also included command of the American Naval Hospital at Strathpeffer, Scotland, established to serve the large mining activities in connection with the laying of the North Sea mine barrage. In this capacity Capt. Bogert gave such valuable assistance to the British navy, especially during the influenza epidemic, as to result in decoration and special thanks from the British Admiralty. In their formal thanks addressed to Adm. Sims they stated: "Sick, wounded and infectious cases have always been willingly treated in this hospital and during the influenza epidemic this assistance was invaluable. I am to request that you will be good enough to convey an expression of the grateful appreciation of the Admiralty of the valuable services rendered."

DENIG.—Commodore Robert Gracey Denig, U.S.N., retired, died at his home, Sandusky, Ohio, April 9, 1924, in the 73d year of his age. Commodore Denig was born in Ohio, May 22, 1851, and was appointed a cadet engineer Oct. 1, 1871. He reached the grade of chief engineer Jan. 29, 1895, and was retired June 30, 1908, with the rank of commodore, on his own application, after 15 years and 9 months' sea service, and a shore duty of 21 years 9 months. He was one of the four officers who survived the wreck of the U.S.S. Huron, in a terrible storm off Kitty Hawk, N.C., Nov. 24, 1877. In addition to other duties he served in the Trenton on the Pacific Station, 1873-4, and in the same ship on the European Station, 1878-81. He was in the Brooklyn on the Asiatic Station, and subsequently in the Philadelphia of the North Atlantic Station, gunboat Machias, Baltimore and Petrel, Asiatic Station, was in the U.S.S. Niagara during the bombardment of San Juan, P.R., May 12, 1898, and in the Topeka at the battle of Nipe Bay, Cuba.

DESOBRY.—Nancy Dorsey Desobry, the eight-year-old daughter of Maj. E. C. Desobry, U.S.A., and Mrs. Desobry,

died at the station hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, on April 2, 1924. She was laid to rest in Galveston, Texas, on April 4, 1924.

DICKSON.—Funeral services for the late Capt. Samuel H. Dickson, medical director, U.S.N., retired, who died on April 12, 1924, at the naval hospital, Washington, D.C., were held April 15 and the interment was at Arlington National Cemetery with military honors, Chaplain E. W. Scott officiating. Dr. Dickson came of a well known family of Charleston, S.C. He was born at Farmington, Conn., on July 20, 1849. He was graduated from the Jefferson Medical College in 1870, and was appointed assistant surgeon in the Navy March 19, 1873, and reached the grade of medical director, Oct. 31, 1909. He was retired for age on July 20, 1911, and went to Nantucket, Mass., where he had a summer home. During his long career in the Navy he served on many ships and in various parts of the world, as well as at various home stations. Volunteering for active duty even before our formal entrance into the World War he was made president of the medical examining board of the 4th Naval District with headquarters at Boston, where he served until the conclusion of peace. Dr. Dickson was married on Jan. 17, 1894, to Miss Henrietta George of Baltimore, and he is survived by his widow and three sons, Lt. Samuel H., Jr., Navy Pay Corps; Charles Lewis and John Paul. He was a Mason and a member of the Episcopal Church. His clubs were the Army and Navy and the New York Yacht, and during his residence in Washington, the Metropolitan.

GATCHELL.—Died at West Point, N.Y., April 10, 1924, John Latham, son of Maj. Oscar James Gatchell, U.S.A., and the late Mary Etta Latham Gatchell, aged seven years. Funeral private at Pawtucket, R.I.

HAFFA.—Col. George J. Haffa, former commander of the old 65th Infantry, N.Y.N.G., died suddenly April 9, 1924, at Buffalo, N.Y., in his home in University avenue. Col. Haffa was born at Buffalo Feb. 23, 1858. He served as Alderman from the 25th ward for fourteen consecutive years. Col. Haffa retired from his command of the 65th Regiment in 1914.

KOHN.—Died, at New York city, Mar. 29, 1924, the infant son of Capt. Joseph Kohn, U.S.A., and Mrs. Kohn.

MABEY.—Joseph Edward Stevens Mabey, father of Mrs. J. N. Munro, wife of Col. J. N. Munro, Cav., U.S.A., died at his home in Lake City, Minn., March 23, 1924. He was born in Bridport, Dorsetshire, England, May 28, 1845, the son of George and Mary Anne Stevens Mabey.

SHELDRICK.—Died, April 9, 1924, in the Atlantic City Hospital, Atlantic City, N.J., Mrs. Emily Frances Shields, mother of Maj. William S. Shields, Med. Corps, U.S.A.

SMITH.—A service of respect for the late Mrs. Minnie Elizabeth Atzroth Smith was held at the family residence on South College avenue, Newark, Del., April 4, 1924. Mrs. Smith was the wife of Rev. Samuel J. Smith, lieutenant colonel, U.S.A., retired, in the chaplain service of the Regular Army of the United States. Mrs. Smith had been in poor health for a number of years and suffered a severe stroke of paralysis on Feb. 11 last. She was born Feb. 11, 1864, at Pownal, Vt. She and Col. Smith were married at Amsterdam, N.Y., Dec. 25, 1886, and it is in Amsterdam she was laid to rest. She is survived by her husband and one son, Artisan, of the class of 1913, U.D.; by a sister, Mrs. Charles Thomas of Schenectady, N.Y., and by a brother, Louis Atzroth, of Delanson, N.Y. Mrs. Smith shared to the full the army life with her husband, accompanying him on two of his terms of service in the Philippines. During the Moro campaign she resided at Malabang and Parang Parang, Mindanao. During all her travels she retained her membership in the West Halifax Baptist Church of Vermont. She and her husband have a host of friends scattered in many places. The funeral services were attended by the neighbors and by the local representatives of the U.S. Army, of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, the Masonic lodge, the Methodist Men's League and from the University of Delaware. A simple service was conducted by Chaplain H. D. Southard, 1st Engrs., Fort DuPont, Del.; Rev. Frank Herson, pastor of the local Metho-

dist church, and Dr. E. B. Crooks of the University of Delaware.

TAYLOR.—Mrs. Emma Hulse Taylor, widow of Lewes Boyer Taylor and daughter of the late Surg. Isaac Hulse, U.S.N., died at Annapolis, Md., April 5, 1924. She was the mother of J. F. Taylor, Pensacola, Fla.; Mrs. F. R. Meade, Seattle, Wash., and Mrs. John W. Greenblad, Annapolis, Md., wife of Capt. John W. Greenblad, U.S.N.

TAYLOR.—Capt. James F. Taylor, Q.M.C., U.S.A., an instructor at the Quartermaster School, Philadelphia, Pa., died of pneumonia April 14, 1924, after a few days' illness. He is survived by a widow and ten-year-old daughter. The funeral was held at St. Carthage Church. Interment was in Arlington National Cemetery. Capt. Taylor was born in Wisconsin July 11, 1882, and was commissioned as captain in the Quartermaster Section, O.R.C., April 6, 1917. He entered the Regular Army Oct. 1, 1920, as a first lieutenant, Q.M.C.

WALKER.—Judge John Caffery Walker, prominent jurist, who died in Galveston, Texas, March 20, 1924, after a lingering illness, is survived by his wife, Mrs. Clara Wilson Walker; three children, Maj. John C. Walker, Jr., U.S.A., retired, of Los Angeles; Mrs. Richard C. Burleson, wife of Maj. Burleson, U.S.A., of Washington, D.C., and Lt. Richard C. Walker, O.R.C., of Baltimore; a brother, Dr. A. C. Walker, of Fort Worth, and one little granddaughter, Carol Walker. Another son, Herbert Walker, died in 1910. Judge Walker was born in Nacogdoches, Texas, May 17, 1849, son of Judge Richard S. Walker and Eliza Clark Walker, and the great-grandson of United States Senator George Walker of Virginia, a brigadier general in the Revolutionary Army. He was graduated from the University of Virginia in 1867 and was a member of Delta Upsilon fraternity. He began the practice of law in Galveston in 1873 with Gen. T. N. Waul, a distinguished jurist. His partnership with Gen. Waul was the only one of his long legal career. Judge Walker at one time held the office of United States Commissioner at Galveston and in 1900 served for a brief period as district judge of the 10th District Court. He was the author of many important legal papers read before the Texas Bar Association and was regarded as an eminent authority on admiralty law and the early history of Texas and the great Southwest. He also held important offices on the directorate of two local utilities companies. He was a member of the Confederate Veterans and served as a United States Commissioner at the Paris Universal Exposition, 1878. Judge Walker was married to Miss Clara M. Wilson, daughter of Hon. William C. Wilson, captain, C.S.A., in Houston Aug. 26, 1885.

WHITE.—In the issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of April 5, 1924, was briefly noted the death of Capt. William Blackburn White, U.S.A., at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, March 24, 1924. An officer sends us the following additional data:

"He received his early education at Vanderbilt Training School, and he received the degree of A.B. at Kentucky Wesleyan College and A.M. and LL.B. at the University of Kentucky. He was commissioned a lieutenant in the Philippine Constabulary in 1913 and served until 1916 in Mindanao and Sulu. He commanded Fort Reina Regente, on the Cotabato river in the interior of Mindanao, and later was company commander at Buluan. For excellent services rendered the government, Lt. White was made deputy governor of Cotabato. While at Buluan he received high commendation for conspicuous services in dealing with the Moro outlaw Lumbong. This Moro chief had long been wanted by the government as a leader of a tribe inimical to the government. Lt. White, with only a squad of soldiers, met Lumbong in the midst of hundreds of armed followers and through diplomacy persuaded the outlaw to surrender and to command his followers to disarm and become friends to the government. Lt. White then took the tribal oath with Lumbong and alone conducted Lumbong and fifteen retainers to the provincial capital, where the surrender was confirmed. Lumbong became a staunch friend of the government. On account of illness contracted in the tropics, Lt. White resigned his commission in the Philippine Constabulary and became commandant of Texas Military College, where he remained until the declaration of war against Germany. He was then appointed a captain

in the Texas National Guard and the same year he was commissioned in the Regular Army and assigned to the 24th Infantry at Nogales and served with the regiment until 1919, when he was transferred to Hawaii. For valuable services in Hawaii, Capt. White received letters of commendation from Gen. C. T. Menor, commanding, and from Gen. Richmond P. Davis, post commander. The burial of Capt. White took place at Arlington Cemetery with military honors. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mabel Pruitt White, and two sons, William Blackburn White, 4th, and Thorpe Duvalle White of Terrell, Texas."

WRIGHT.—Capt. Carroll Q. Wright, chaplain, U.S.N., retired, a highly esteemed officer, died suddenly on April 4, 1924, at his residence in Washington, D.C., the end coming without intimation or warning. Besides the widow, who was Effie Miles, Frankfort, Ky., whom he married September, 1888, he leaves a son, Lt. Comdr. Carroll Quinn Wright, Jr., U.S.N., on the U.S.S. Cincinnati, now on a South American cruise; a grandson, Carroll Quinn (3d); three granddaughters, one the daughter of John Evan Miles Wright, deceased, 1918; a sister, Mrs. J. L. Scott, Williamstown, Ky., and a host of other relatives and friends, within and without the Navy, who mourn his loss.

Capt. Wright was born near Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 6, 1856, prepared for the ministry in college at Eminence, that state, and in the Bible school of the University of Kentucky, and was ordained in the Christian Church (Disciples) at Lexington. While holding a pastorate in Philadelphia, Pa., he received an appointment as chaplain in the Navy, March 3, 1886, and was ordered to the U.S.S. Omaha for a three years' cruise on the Asiatic Station. After tours of duty in the receiving ship St. Louis and in the Portsmouth, he served in the Minneapolis in the Mediterranean, Franklin at Norfolk, at sea in the New York and Lancaster, in the receiving ship at League Island in 1903; also at Mare Island, Calif.; Naval Station, Cavite, P.I.; Naval Training Station, San Francisco; Navy Yard, Washington, D.C., and the Naval Hospital. He was transferred to the retired list Nov. 6, 1920, having attained the statutory retirement age of 64 years, but was, however, continued on active duty at the navy yard and hospital until Sept. 30, 1921. Chaplain Wright continued his residence in Washington, maintaining an active interest in the Vermont avenue Christian Church, of which he was an active member, an elder and a member of the official board, and he was frequently called upon to assist in the various churches within and near the city. He contributed articles of a historical and biographical nature to various newspapers, the Proceedings of the U.S. Naval Institute and other periodicals. The funeral services were held April 7 at the Vermont avenue Christian Church following a brief service at the late residence. The services were conducted by Rev. Earle Wilfley, D.D., minister of the church, assisted by Chaplains J. R. Frazier, U.S.N., and E. W. Scott, U.S.N. Honorary pall bearers were Rear Adm. Hugh Rodman, U.S.N.; Rear Adm. J. S. Carpenter (S.C.), U.S.N.; Col. Paul St. C. Murphy, U.S.M.C.; Capt. Frank Thompson (Ch.C.), U.S.N.; Mr. F. T. Eddington, and Mr. John D. Fall. Interment at Arlington National Cemetery with full military honors, the escort under command of Comdr. W. S. Farber, U.S.N.

"Chaplain Wright," writes an officer, "was universally admired and beloved by all who knew him. His life was filled with generous thoughts and kind deeds. His only ambition was to serve his country, his fellow-men and his God. Praise of him has been universal and criticism was never heard in connection with his name." The deceased was a member of the Army and Navy Club, the Sojourners' Club, Harmony Lodge, F. & A.M., Naval History Society and the National Geographic Society.

ENGAGEMENTS

RAMSEY-HAMMOND.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter I. Hammond, 310 West 95th street, New York city, have recently announced the engagement of their daughter, Katherine Hay Robinson, and Mr. George Wallace Ramsey of New York and Montana. Miss Robinson was educated at Eden Hall, Torresdale, and was one of the first American women to go to France with the A.E.F. and was cited for meritorious and conspicuous service. Mr. Ramsey was graduated at Cornell, class of '14, is a member of the Cornell Club,

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Kappa Sigma Fraternity, and the Tau Beta Pi and Gargoyle Honorary Societies. He served in France during the World War with the rank of major. No date has been set for the wedding.

WATSON—TIPPETTE. Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Tippett, 998 Ashland avenue, St. Paul, Minn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Bernice, to Lt. Numa A. Watson, U.S.A., son of Col. and Mrs. N. A. Watson, Boston, Mass., the wedding to take place May 10 at St. Clement's Church. Miss Lillian Sutcliff will be Miss Tippett's maid of honor, and Lt. William H. Schildroth, U.S.A., will be best man. Col. and Mrs. Watson will arrive at Fort Snelling April 23 and will be the guests of Col. William R. Sample.

BIRTHS

BENET.—Born to the wife of Stephen Vincent Benét, son of Col. James Walker Benét, U.S.A., retired, a daughter on April 6, 1924.

DUNLAP.—A daughter, Mary Rea, was born on April 14, 1924, to Lt. V. R. Dunlap, U.S.N., and Mrs. Dunlap. Lt. Dunlap is on duty at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department.

GURLEY.—Lt. Franklin K. Gurley, C.A.C., U.S.A., and Mrs. Gurley announce the birth of a daughter, Alice Kress Gurley, on April 1, 1924, at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C.

KOHN.—Born to Capt. Joseph P. Kohn, C.A.C., U.S.A., and Mrs. Kohn in New York city, N.Y., March 29, 1924, a son, who died the same day.

O'CONNOR.—Maj. Edwin O'Connor, 1st Cav. Div., and Mrs. O'Connor announce the birth of a daughter, Virginia Eckerson, at William Beaumont General Hospital, Fort Bliss, Texas, on March 28, 1924. The baby is a granddaughter of the late Col. Charles M. O'Connor, U.S.A., and of the late Dr. T. J. Frost of Oklahoma.

OWENS.—A son, James Gyde Owens, was born to Capt. and Mrs. Charles H. Owens at Fort Benning, Ga., April 8, 1924.

STONE.—Born to Lt. Col. Charles B. Stone, Jr., General Staff, U.S.A., and Mrs. Stone, a son, Andrew Hartwell, on April 7, 1924.

PERSONAL

Brig. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan, U.S.A., Mrs. Nolan and young Miss Ellen H. Nolan are located at Hotel Gordon in 16th street, N.W., Washington.

Capt. Hugh Barclay, U.S.A., military attaché at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and Mrs. Barclay sailed on the American Legion from New York on April 12 for that port.

Capt. and Mrs. Ridley McLean have returned to Washington and have opened their home at 2121 Kalorama road. Capt. McLean has been ordered to duty in the Navy Department.

Mrs. Truxtun, widow of Commodore William Truxtun, and her daughter, Miss Cornelius Truxtun, are guests of Capt. F. H. Brumby, U.S.N., and Mrs. Brumby at the Washington Navy Yard.

Capt. Ridley McLean, U.S.N., and Mrs. McLean have returned to Washington and opened their home on Kalorama road. Capt. McLean has recently been ordered to duty at the Navy Department.

Mrs. Edmond H. Brown, wife of Capt. Brown, 15th Field Art., U.S.A., Fort Sam Houston, Texas, is visiting at the home of her parents, Col. and Mrs. T. R. Barker, 5520 Cornell avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Capt. E. J. Heller, U.S.A., and Mrs. Heller and their daughters, Elizabeth and Eugenia, and son Buster, sailed on board the George Washington on April 5 for Paris, where Capt. Heller has been ordered for duty.

Mrs. Adams, wife of Maj. Emory S. Adams, and Miss Helen Nelly spent the week-end of April 5 in Annapolis. Miss Nelly is visiting Maj. and Mrs. Adams in Washington during her Easter vacation from Ogontz School.

The present address of Mrs. William Blackburn White, 3d, widow of Capt. William Blackburn White, 3d, U.S.A., is 306 East College street, Terrell, Texas. Mrs. White and sons, William Blackburn White, 4th, and Thorpe D. White, have just arrived in Terrell to visit her parents, following a short stay at the Powhatan Hotel, Washington, D.C.

Lt. Comdr. E. D. Langworthy, U.S.N., is becoming well known to Washington and radio audiences. On April 9 he appeared in a group of songs at a Lions Club luncheon, and on April 10, in a radio broadcast by WRC, he gave five songs from the "Bohemian Girl" and the "Mikado." Comdr. Langworthy is often heard at private musicales.

Brig. Gens. James Allen and James A. Buchanan, U.S.A., are guests at the Hotel Traymore in Atlantic City for Easter.

Brig. Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn, U.S.A., and Mrs. Kuhn of Vancouver Barracks are guests of Mr. George V. Cochran in Washington.

Mrs. Williams, wife of Col. Roger H. Williams, was one of a number of young matrons who took part in an evening of Shakespearean songs at the Pen and Brush Club in New York city on the evenings of April 12 and 14. Mrs. Williams represented the song, "Who is Sylvia?" in a large gold frame. Her gown of pink velvet on a background of black and her long strands of pearls helped visualize one of Shakespeare's loveliest sonnets.

Among those attending the opening of the new Natatorium at the Naval Academy, April 12, was Mr. Howard Chandler Christy the artist. He motored down from Washington in a White House car as the guest of the President and was accompanied by Mrs. Christy, Miss Elise Sparrow, their house guest from New York, and Lt. Comdr. E. D. Langworthy, U.S.N. Mr. Christy is an ardent Navy supporter and has been doing "Christy Girls" for the various classes at the Academy for the past fifteen years. This was his first visit to the Academy. As a result of his visit the institution may be richer by one or two of his original paintings.

Second Lt. Osborne C. Wood, Inf., U.S.A., who has been on duty at Manila, P.I., as A.D.C. to his father, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A., Governor General of the Philippines, has resigned as an officer of the Army. Lt. Wood was born in the District of Columbia, Sept. 20, 1897, and entered the Regular Army as a second lieutenant of Infantry in 1920. He served during the World War as a temporary second and first lieutenant of Infantry. Last December Lt. Wood stated that he would soon return to the United States to resign his commission with the intention of taking a course in international law and diplomacy at a school in Washington with a view to entering the diplomatic service.

ENTERTAINMENTS

Capt. and Mrs. Raymond Lehman were hosts at dinner at the Haleiwa Hotel, Honolulu, March 15. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Laubach, Col. and Mrs. Herrin, Maj. and Mrs. Gibson, Capt. and Mrs. Scott, Flegel and Head, Miss Ann Shirley of Washington, D.C., and Maj. Paul Newgarden. Capt. and Mrs. Raymond Lehman also entertained at dinner on March 28 in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Loper of Honolulu. The other guests were Capt. and Mrs. Brannon, Capt. and Mrs. George Van Pope, Capt. and Mrs. Head, Lt. and Mrs. Munroe. After dinner Capt. and Mrs. Lehman escorted their guests to the post hop.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Harry Taylor entertained at dinner in Washington on April 9 in honor of their guest, Mrs. L. Craven Bruce of New York.

Mrs. Coontz, wife of Adm. Robert E. Coontz, U.S.N., entertained at a supper party in Washington in honor of Miss Lady Jane Raby on April 4. Miss Raby is the guest of Miss Bertha Coontz at the Wardman Park Hotel. The guests included Mrs. G. D. Linke, Miss Virginia Byars, Lt. J. C. MacCarthy, U.S.N., Lt. Kenneth Coontz, U.S.N.

Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., was guest of honor at the third of a series of Army dances held at the Willard in Washington on April 11. In the receiving line were Secretary of War Weeks, Gen. Pershing, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. William J. Snow, Col. and Mrs. Lorenzo D. Gasser and Maj. and Mrs. Duncan Elliott.

Col. T. Q. Donaldson, U.S.A., and Mrs. Donaldson and Col. Charles Mortimer, U.S.A., and Mrs. Mortimer were joint hosts at dinner preceding the Army dance held in Washington on April 8. The guests included Gens. and Mrs. A. C. Dalton and Willard A. Holbrook, Cols. and Mrs. John Hull, G. G. Reiniger, Herbert Crosby and Wait Johnson, Maj. and Mrs. Ralph Kingman, Mrs. William Naylor, Mrs. Evelyn C. Hunt, Capt. William Bergen.

Col. Harley Ferguson, U.S.A., and Mrs. Ferguson entertained at dinner preceding the Army dance held in Washington on April 8 in honor of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Halstead Dorey of Fort Omaha. The guests included Cols. and Mrs. Charles Bridges, William S. Wooten and William Kelley, Miss Josephine McCormick and Col. John Hughes.

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No. 27

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April 19, 1924.

STATUS OF ARMY PROMOTIONS.

The following are changes in promotions and vacancies on Promotion List (Cumulative) up to April 16, 1924:

Last Lt. Col. Promoted Col.

Warren W. Whitside, Q.M.C.
Last nomination to grade of Col.—Jack Hayes, Q.M.C., No. 20 on page 146 (Nov. Army List and Directory).

Vacancies—None.

Sr. Lt. Col.—William H. Waldron, Inf.

Last Maj. Promoted Lt. Col.

Nelson E. Margetts, F.A.
Last nomination to grade of Lt. Col.—George L. Wernbaker, C.A.C., No. 601 on page 148.

Vacancies—None.

Sr. Maj.—Walter C. Baker, C.W.S.

Last Capt. Promoted Maj.

Parley D. Parkinson, Inf.
Last nomination to grade of Maj.—Harold E. Small, C.A.C., No. 2333 on page 154.

Vacancies—None.

Sr. Capt.—Henry B. Sayler, Ord. Dept.

Last 1st Lt. Promoted Capt.

Harry M. Burkhalter, Inf.
Last nomination to grade of Capt.—Gottfried W. Spoerry, Inf., No. 6333 on page 168.

Vacancies—I. Officer entitled: Harry D. Ayres, Inf., No. 6334.

Sr. 1st Lt. If vacancy were filled—William W. Wise, C.W.S., No. 6337.

Last 2d Lt. Promoted 1st Lt.

Ralph H. Bassett, Inf.
Last nomination to grade of 1st Lt.—John F. Lavagnino, Inf., No. 8499 on page 176.

Vacancies—I. Officer entitled: Daniel P. Buckland, Cav.
Sr. 2d Lt. If vacancy were filled—Philip McI. Whitney, Inf.

Vacancies in the grade of 2d Lts.—473.

ARMY CONFIRMATIONS.

Nominations Confirmed by Senate April 8.

The Senate on April 8 confirmed the Army nominations of April 2, printed in this paper April 12, page 798.

FOREIGN DECORATIONS FOR U.S.A. UNITS.

G.O. 11, March 27, 1924, W.D.

This order, which is one of forty pages, gives a completed list of the organizations of the U.S. Army to which decorations (including the fourragere) have been awarded by foreign governments, together with citations, as shown by the records of the War Department.

Members or former members of the organizations named are authorized to wear the decorations to which these awards entitle them under the provisions of Par. 50, A.R. 600-40.

BULLETIN 3, MARCH 26, 1924, W.D.

This bulletin refers to the following matters: Continuance of Veterinary Corps unit, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, in Kansas State Agricultural College. Continuance of the Infantry unit of the senior division, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, in the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Mayaguez, P.R. Physical examination for appointment to positions in the Civil Service. Executive Order placing certain abandoned military reservations under the control of the Treasury Department. Executive Order—preferred right of homestead entry in case of public lands withdrawn from Santa Barbara National Forest.

BULLETIN 4, MARCH 27, 1924, W.D.

This bulletin refers to the following matters: Swimming trouts for the Olympic games. Executive Order—additional compensation of enlisted men for special qualifications in the use of arms. Articles of agreement covering the annual tennis competition between the Army and the Navy; selection of team.

CIRCULAR 25, APRIL 8, 1924, W.D.

I—Rescinds Cir. 4 W.D., 1924, relating to equipment for Army rifle teams in the National Matches.

II—So much of Cir. 242, W.D., 1921, page 16, as relates to and modifies Tables of Organization Nos. 436P and 437P is rescinded.

III—Gives a list of certain former units of the Air Service reconstituted and consolidated with present units for historical purposes in order to preserve the historical continuity of certain units of the Air Service.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

GEN. J. J. PERSHING, G. OF A., C. OF S.

Officers relieved from duty with General Staff on dates named and assigned as noted: Col. E. T. Hartmann, G.S. (Inf.), on May 31 to duty with Signal Corps for 4 years, and to Governors Island, N.Y., for duty; Lt. Col. D. Van Voorhis, G.S. (Cav.), on Sept. 30 report to commanding general 8th Corps Area for duty with C.M.T.C. (April 8, W.D.)

Lt. Col. S. O. Fuqua, G.S. (Inf.), is assigned to 1st Div., upon completion of foreign service. (April 8, W.D.)

Lt. Col. R. H. Pierson, G.S. (M.C.), from duty with G.S., April 30, to Army medical center, Takoma Park, D.C., for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Maj. O. G. Collins, G.S. (Q.M.C.), from detail as an additional member of G.S.C., July 1, and to duty at Hqs. 2d Corps Area, Governors Island, N.Y. (April 11, W.D.)

Lt. Col. J. S. Fair, G.S. (Cav.), from detail as member of G.S.C., July 1, and to duty as an instructor, Pennsylvania N.G.; to Philadelphia. (April 14, W.D.)

ORDERS FOR THE ARMY

Commander-in-Chief—Calvin Coolidge, President.

Secretary of War—John W. Weeks.

Assistant Secretary of War—Col. Dwight F. Davis.

General of the Armies—Gen. John J. Pershing, Chief of Staff.

Deputy Chief of Staff—Maj. Gen. John L. Hines.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. R. C. DAVIS, THE A.G.

Maj. E. A. Brown, A.G., to duty in office of The A.G., Washington, from foreign service. (April 10, W.D.)

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. E. A. HELMICK, I.G.

Capt. L. P. Worrall, I.G. (F.D.), from detail in I.G.D., June 30, to duty in office of finance officer, Chicago, Ill. (April 10, W.D.)

Maj. I. Longanecker, I.G. (S.O.), from detail in I.G.D., June 30, and will comply with orders issued in S.O. 70, W.D., March 24. (April 12, W.D.)

Col. E. E. Haskell, I.G. (Inf.), from detail in I.G.D., Aug. 19, to 4th Corps Area for duty with O.R. at Hqrs. (April 14, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. W. H. HART, Q.M.G.

Capt. R. E. Shannon, Q.M.C., to San Francisco and sail about Aug. 1 for Philippines for duty. (April 8, W.D.)

Capt. J. De Garmo, Q.M.C., Walter Reed General Hospital, report to Army retiring board, Washington, for examination. (April 10, W.D.)

Capt. F. A. Ward, Q.M.C. (P.S.), on June 15 to N.Y. city and sail about July 12 for San Francisco, and thence about Aug. 1 for Manila for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Lt. Col. F. E. Davis, Q.M.C., to Philadelphia Q.M. Intermediate Depot for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. T. R. Sharp, Q.M.C., to Washington to Q.M.G. for duty in his office. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. E. G. Coursen, Jr., Q.M.C., from U.S. M.A., Aug. 25, to Philadelphia to Q.M.C. School as student. (April 11, W.D.)

1st Lt. F. E. Monville, Q.M.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment. (April 14, W.D.)

Fld. Clk. F. B. Clayton, Q.M.C., to N.Y. city and sail about May 17 for San Francisco, thence about Aug. 1 to Manila for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

Officers of Q.M.C. from Paris, France, May 1 to stations indicated for duty: Capt. E. P. Doyle to Fort Jay, N.Y.; 1st Lt. C. A. Morrow to Fort Humphreys, Va. (April 14, W.D.)

1st Lt. L. S. Williams, Q.M.C., to Washington for duty. (April 14, W.D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

MEDICAL CORPS.

The appointment of 1st lieutenants, M.C., Regular Army, of officers named, who were members of the M.O.R.C., on active duty at Carlisle Barracks, at the time of appointment on April 4, 1924, with rank from March 17, 1924, is announced: H. M. Nicholson, E. J. Kallus, A. D. Hawkins, H. A. Gibson. Each officer named will remain on duty at Carlisle Barracks. (April 10, W.D.)

Lt. Col. R. M. Blanchard, M.C., from treatment at Hot Springs, Ark., to proper station, Fort Sheridan, Ill. (April 10, W.D.)

Captains of M.C. to N.Y. city and sail about July 12 for San Francisco: J. H. Whiteley, H. W. Meisch. They will sail about Aug. 1 for Manila for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Officers of M.D. to duty at stations indicated from Panama Canal Dept.: Maj. E. L. Hering, D.C., to Fort Monroe, Va.; Capt. E. A. Casserly, M.C., to Fort Thomas, Ky. (April 10, W.D.)

Officers of M.D. assigned to duty at stations indicated from Hawaii: Maj. D. M. Roberts, M.C., as attending surgeon to Philadelphia; Capt. S. W. Pennington, M.A.C., to Army medical center, Washington, D.C.; 2d Lt. F. Moore, M.A.C., to Army medical center, Washington, D.C. (April 10, W.D.)

Lt. Col. R. S. Porter, M.C., to duty with W.D.G.S., May 1. (April 10, W.D.)

Lt. Col. W. N. Bispham, M.C., to N.Y. city and sail after Nov. 1 for Panama C.Z. for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Officers of M.C. designated as students at Army Medical School, Washington, for the 1924-1925 course, and to report Sept. 1: Maj. P. R. E. Sheppard, D. C. Absher, J. Wallace; Capts. F. A. Blesse, T. H. Reagan, L. D. Soper, C. C. Odom, C. R. Bullock, M. P. Hamrick, J. G. Hall, R. T. Ernest, W. S. Martens, H. R. Livesay, J. M. Welch, J. J. Figueras, S. W. Reeves. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. P. Green, M.C., about June 15 to Fort McPherson, Ga., for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. J. H. St. John, M.C., to Washington to Army Medical School for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

Maj. G. V. Rukke, M.C., to Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty. (April 14, W.D.)

Capt. A. J. Greco, M.C., about April 28 to Fort Hamilton, N.Y., for duty. (April 14, W.D.)

Majors of M.C. to West Point, N.Y., and report Aug. 25 for duty: H. McC. Snyder and H. C. Nebblett. (April 14, W.D.)

DENTAL CORPS.

Officers of D.C. designated as students at Army Dental School, Washington, for the 1924-1925 course, and to report on Sept. 1: Capts. E. C. Alley, G. Johns, A. G. Holmes, D. Bratton, E. St. C. Wren, C. J. Denholm, W. D. Love. (April 12, W.D.)

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE.

BRIG. GEN. A. A. FRIES, C. OF C.W.S.

Capt. J. W. Rice, C.W.S., to Hot Springs, Ark., for treatment. (April 14, W.D.)
Maj. W. A. Copthorne, C.W.S., to West Point, N.Y., May 25 for duty. (April 14, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJ. GEN. W. J. SNOW, C. OF F.A.

Capt. W. Clarke, F.A., will sail from San Francisco about April 24 for New York, thence to Norwalk, Conn. (April 8, W.D.)
1st Lt. J. P. Crehan, 1st F.A., from assignment to that regiment, July 1, and to Oklahoma City. (April 8, W.D.)

Col. W. W. Harts, F.A., from attachment to 1st F.A. and is assigned to 1st Div. for duty. (April 11, W.D.)

These officers of F.A. to proceed on May 10 to Fort Sill for temporary duty with F.A., and on completion return to permanent station, Fort Leavenworth; Lt. Col. R. S. Pratt and Maj. W. Bryden, F.A. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. M. W. Pettigrew, 2d F.A., from assignment to that regiment and to duty as assistant P.M.S. and T. Leland Stanford Jr. University, Calif. To sail from N.Y. city about May 17 for San Francisco. (April 12, W.D.)

Maj. D. E. Cain and 1st Lt. B. Evans, F.A., to West Point, N.Y., and report Aug. 25 for duty. (April 14, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. F. W. COE, C. OF C.A.

Capt. D. R. Norris, C.A.C., to sail from San Francisco about Aug. 2 for Hawaii. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. V. W. Hall, C.A.C., to sail for Hawaii about Aug. 2 for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. E. F. Olsen, C.A.C., on June 15 to Panama Canal Dept. for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Capt. C. E. Cotter, C.A.C., is attached to 1st Coast Art. Panama C.Z., July 1 for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Lt. Col. C. E. Kilbourne, C.A.C., on June 30 to duty at Fort Banks, Mass. (April 11, W.D.)

Sergeants of C.A.C. detailed to duty as sergeant-instructors of C.A.C. with National Guard of states noted: H. M. Kipp to Virginia N.G., Covington; DeW. M. Brandon to District of Columbia N.G., Washington; W. Combs to Florida N.G., Jacksonville. (April 11, W.D.)

C.A.C. officers assigned to duty as students in the battery officers' course, Fort Monroe: Capts. P. W. Hardie, W. J. Gilbert, F. W. Cook, W. R. Maris, S. L. McCroskey, P. W. Rutledge, A. V. Winton, H. H. Blackwell; Ist Lts. C. E. Brand, A. F. Gilmore, H. F. Meyers, W. C. Kabrich, (April 14, W.D.)

Capt. A. B. Jones, C.E., now en route to U.S., to Buffalo, N.Y., for station. (April 12, W.D.)

1st Lt. L. H. Hewitt, C.E., from treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital to permanent station, Fort Bliss. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. T. F. Farrell and R. Guyer, C.E., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment. (April 14, W.D.)

Capt. C. E. Byers, 3d Cav., Fort Myer. (April 8, W.D.)

Officers of Cav. from Camp Alfred Vail, N.J., and assigned to 1st Cav. Div., Fort Bliss, Tex., for duty: 1st Lts. M. Rhoads, C. Knudsen, A. E. Forsyth, W. H. Wenstrom, J. T. Leahy and 2d Lt. R. P. Lyman. (April 8, W.D.)

Col. J. D. Long, Cav., from duties as military attaché to Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay, about May 1, to Washington, D.C., for duty in the office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2. (April 10, W.D.)

Officers of Cav. from Camp Alfred Vail, N.J., and assigned to regiments specified for duty: 1st Lts. L. D. Carter, 6th Cav., Fort Brown; H. Engerud, 14th Cav., Fort Des Moines; D. H. Nelson, 10th Cav., Fort Huachuca; 2d Lts. W. P. Withers, 11th Cav., Presidio of Monterey; R. Edwards, 13th Cav., Fort D. A. Russell; C. E. Byers, 3d Cav., Fort Myer. (April 8, W.D.)

Officers of Cav. from Camp Alfred Vail, N.J., and assigned to 1st Cav. Div., Fort Bliss, Tex., for duty: 1st Lts. M. Rhoads, C. Knudsen, A. E. Forsyth, W. H. Wenstrom, J. T. Leahy and 2d Lt. R. P. Lyman. (April 8, W.D.)

Col. J. D. Long, Cav., from duties as military attaché to Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay, about May 1, to Washington, D.C., for duty in the office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2. (April 10, W.D.)

Capt. L. S. Gerow, 22d Inf., and W. R. McClure, 26th Inf., from assignments to their regiments and to duty as assistants, P.M.S. and T., University of Wisconsin, Madison. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. J. E. Hull, Inf., to duty as assistant P.M.S. and T., University of Wisconsin, Madison. (April 9, W.D.)

Maj. J. W. Lang, L. P. Ford and Capt. E. A. Almond, all Inf., on June 1 assigned to 29th Inf., Fort Benning, for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Capt. F. H. Wilson and B. F. Hurless, both Inf., to duty as assistant P.M.S. and T., University of Oklahoma, Norman. (April 10, W.D.)

Col. A. Johnson, Inf., to Chicago, Ill., for duty in connection with O.R. at headquarters. (April 10, W.D.)

Capt. C. N. Elliott, Inf., to duty with Organized Reserves, 8th Corps Area, and to 103d Div., Denver. (April 10, W.D.)

Capt. A. J. Barnett, Inf., assigned to 29th Inf., Fort Benning, for duty. (April 10, W.D.)

Col. G. S. Simonds, Inf., on June 30 to duty with Tanks, Camp Meade, Md. (April 11, W.D.)

Lt. Col. P. Hitt, Inf., on June 30 to 2d

Continued on page 824



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ARMY ORDERS

Continued from page 822

Div., Fort Sam Houston, Tex. (April 11, W.D.)

Lt. Col. T. B. Mitchell, 9th Inf., to duty with O.R. as executive officer 377th Inf., 95th Div., Tulsa, Okla. (April 11, W.D.)

Captains of Inf. from U.S.M.A., Aug. 25, to Fort Benning and report Oct. 1 as students: A. Pendleton, J. C. Whitecomb, P. H. Brown. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. C. W. Ryder, Inf., from U.S.M.A., Aug. 25, to Fort Benning as a student. (April 11, W.D.)

Resignation of 2d Lt. O. C. Wood, Inf., is accepted. (April 11, W.D.)

Col. G. D. Freeman, Jr., Inf., to Fort Benning not later than Sept. 15, to Infantry School for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

Lt. Col. J. L. Bond, Inf., is assigned to 13th Inf., Fort Eustis, Va., for duty. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. E. J. Boyer, 25th Inf., from assignment to that regiment Sept. 15 and to duty as an instructor, Arizona N.G., Phoenix. (April 12, W.D.)

Capt. J. U. Ayotte, Inf., to duty as assistant P.M.S. and T., University of New Hampshire, Durham. (April 12, W.D.) Officers of Inf. to duty as asst. P.M.S. and T. at institutions indicated below: Capt. F. M. Moore, 23d Inf., University of California, Berkeley; Capt. C. M. Anckorn, 13th Inf., State College of Washington, Pullman; Capt. J. S. Switzer, Jr., Inf., University of California, Berkeley; 1st Lt. H. McD. Monroe, Inf., University of California, Berkeley; Capt. C. H. Owens, 5th Inf., University of California, southern branch, Los Angeles. (April 12, W.D.)

Maj. O. W. Hoop, Inf., to Camp Meade, Md., Tank School for duty. (April 14, W.D.) Infantry officers to Camp Meade, Md., on Sept. 15 to Tank School for duty as students: 1st Lts. T. M. Brinkley, 5th Inf., and C. K. Kramas, 34th Inf. (April 14, W.D.)

Capt. J. M. Weir, 23d Inf., to West Point, N.Y., July 1 for duty. (April 14, W.D.) Capt. W. G. Stephens and M. L. Miller, Inf., to West Point, N.Y., Aug. 25 for duty. (April 14, W.D.)

Officers from assignment to regiments specified and assigned to organizations and stations indicated for duty upon completion of course at Infantry School: Lt. Col. C. F. Leonard, Inf., to 8th Inf., Fort Moultrie, S.C.; Maj. B. E. Bowen, 38th Inf., to 29th Inf., Fort Benning, Ga.; Maj. S. B. Philpot, 24th Inf., to 11th Inf., Fort Benj. Harrison, Ind. (April 14, W.D.)

Infantry officers relieved from assignment to regiments specified and are assigned to 2d Div., Fort Sam Houston, for duty upon completion of course at the Infantry School: Maj. F. L. Pyle, 30th Inf.; R. W. Boughton, 7th Inf.; L. R. James; J. H. Davidson, 16th Inf. (April 14, W.D.)

Officers of Inf. from assignment to regiments indicated and are assigned to 8th Inf. upon completion of course at Infantry School: Maj. R. J. West, 13th Inf.; Maj. A. Rutherford. (April 14, W.D.)

1st Lt. G. L. Phipps (Inf.), to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment. (April 14, W.D.)

Col. W. B. McCaskey, Inf., to duty with Tanks, Camp Meade, Md. (April 14, W.D.)

1st Lt. L. C. Boineau, Inf., assigned to 34th Inf., July 1, Fort Eustis, Va. (April 14, W.D.)

Infantry officers assigned to duty as assistants, P.M.S. and T., at institutions named: Capt. P. J. McDonnell, 2d Inf.; T. F. Breannah, Inf., and R. T. Rouse, Inf., to Pennsylvania State College, Pa.; L. E. MacGregor, 18th Inf., and J. Pickett, 28th Inf., to Coe College, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; A. F. Bowen, 4th Inf., to Fairmount College, Wichita, Kas.; A. D. Foster, 7th Inf., to University of Nebraska, Lincoln. (April 14, W.D.)

AIR SERVICE.

MAJ. GEN. M. M. PATRICK, C. OF A.S.

The following officers of A.S. to sail from San Francisco Aug. 1 to Manila for duty: 1st Lts. J. W. Monahan, F. von H. Kimble, W. V. Andrews, 2d Lts. R. A. Snavely, C. E. O'Connor, B. W. Chidlaw, H. P. Rush, H. M. Wittkop, A. A. Kessler, Jr., O. R. Cook, M. E. Gross, J. W. Spry. (April 11, W.D.)

Capt. L. B. Jacobs, A.S., on July 1 to N.Y. city and sail about July 12 for San Francisco, thence about Aug. 1 for Manila for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

1st Lt. F. P. Albrook, A.S., to duty at Fairfield, Ohio. (April 9, W.D.)

1st Lt. J. M. Clark, A.S., to duty at San Antonio Air Intermediate Depot. (April 9, W.D.)

BOARDS OF OFFICERS.

A board to consist of Lt. Col. E. Davis, Cav.; Lt. Col. W. C. Johnson, G.S. (Inf.); Maj. K. Truesdell, S.C.; B. K. Yount, A. S.; H. D. Higley, F.A.; E. A. Stockton, Jr., C.A. C. Capt. J. W. Leonard, Inf.; Capt. D. Noce, Engrs.; 1st Lt. H. W. Johnson, S.C.; Dr. A. J. Klein is appointed to meet at Washington, April 15, to prepare programs of instruction for all branch correspondence courses and for a command and General Staff correspondence course. (April 10, W.D.)

PROMOTIONS.

The promotion of the following officers is announced:

Calvary—2d Lt. W. L. McEnery to 1st Lt., March 8, 1924.

Infantry—1st Lt. J. J. Murphy to capt., March 8, 1924; 1st Lt. M. T. Davenport to capt., March 9, 1924; 2d Lt. R. M. Springer to 1st Lt., March 9, 1924; 2d Lt. R. J. Nelson to 1st Lt., March 11, 1924.

Medical Administrative Corps—2d Lt. R. E. Humes to 1st Lt., March 12, 1924.

Each officer named will remain on present duties. (April 12, W.D.)

LEAVES.

Two months to 2d Lt. W. E. Moore, Q.M.C., about April 9; 4 months to Capt. E. F. Nickum, Q.M.C., about May 1; 1 month and 18 days to 2d Lt. S. E. Whitesides, Jr., Inf., about April 22; 24 days to Capt. E. A. Mechling, Q.M.C., about May 1; 2 months and 3 days to Col. C. S. Smith, C.E., about April 27; 2 months to Capt. A. W. Drew, M.C., to apply for extension of 1 month. (April 10, W.D.)

One month and 15 days to Col. G. D. Free- man, Jr., Inf., about April 1; 1 month to Capt. W. C. Porter, M.C., about June 9; 3 months and 12 days to Capt. W. A. Reddish, F.A.; 1 month to Capt. W. H. Crom, A.S.; 1 month and 3 days to Capt. L. B. Bibb, M.C., about June 7. (April 8, W.D.)

Twenty-six days to Lt. Col. E. R. W. McCabe, F.A., about Aug. 11; 2 months and 15 days to Maj. H. Eager, F.A., about July 1; 1 month to Capt. M. R. Reiber, M.C., about June 9; 1 month and 15 days to Col. C. M. Bundel, F.A., about July 1; 2 months and

15 days to Capt. E. L. Wilson, M.C. (April 11, W.D.)

Three months to Col. H. C. Bonnycastle, Q.M.C., about June 1; 2 months to Capt. F. Olsen, C.A.C., about June 15; 2 months to Capt. C. E. Cotter, C.A.C., about June 15; 2 months and 15 days to Maj. J. H. Van Vliet, Inf., about July 1; 3 months and 15 days to Maj. H. H. Slaughter, Inf., about July 1; 1 month and 10 days to Capt. R. B. Lovett, Inf., about June 1. (April 12, W.D.)

TRANSFERS.

The transfer of Maj. K. Truesdell, S.C., to the Infantry on April 4, 1924, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (April 14, W.D.)

DETAILED TO U.S.M.A.

The following officers from assignment to regiments indicated will proceed to West Point, N.Y., and report Aug. 25 for duty:

Infantry—Capts. J. O. Green, Jr., 3d Inf., L. F. Daniels, 26th Inf., F. J. Heraty, 12th Inf., M. B. Navas, 16th Inf.; 1st Lts. G. S. Eyster, 17th Inf., B. E. Moore, 7th Inf., W. R. Fleming, 34th Inf., P. B. Malone, Jr., 23d Inf., E. W. Gruhn, 17th Inf., R. A. Machle, 28th Inf., A. A. McNamee, 2d Inf.

Cavalry—1st Lts. W. F. Safford, 1st Cav., W. L. Barriger, 12th Cav., W. W. Jersey, 11th Cav.; 2d Lts. J. K. Mitchell, 14th Cav., L. G. Smith, 14th Cav., F. L. Hamilton, 3d Cav.

Field Artillery—Capts. R. H. Lewis, 6th F.A., P. G. Black, 16th F.A.; 1st Lts. O'F. Knight, 16th F.A., C. C. Blanchard, 6th F.A., E. W. Scarby, 16th F.A., R. M. Wicks, 6th F.A., G. V. Keyser, 6th F.A., W. W. Webster, 83d F.A., E. S. Molitor, 15th F.A., M. B. Barragan, 10th F.A., S. M. Bevans, 16th F.A., O. W. Martin, 10th F.A., W. D. Brown, 10th F.A., B. F. Hayford, 10th F.A., T. B. Hedrick, 4th F.A.; 2d Lt. J. L. Langevin, 7th F.A.

Engineers—1st Lt. L. D. Clay, 13th Engrs. (April 14, W.D.)

WARRANT OFFICERS.

Wnt. Ofcr. C. Grosse to San Francisco and sail about Aug. 1 for Manila for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Wnt. Ofcr. W. H. Pratt from Manila to Governors Island, N.Y., for duty at 2d Corps Area Hqrs. (April 9, W.D.)

D.E.M.L.

Sergt. A. Neff, D.E.M.L., to duty as sergeant-instructor of Inf., Indianapolis. (April 4, W.D.)

Sergt. H. H. Bailey, D.E.M.L. (appointed this date from private), to duty with Georgia N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Cav., and to Atlanta for station. (April 9, W.D.)

Sergt. G. H. Smith, D.E.M.L. (appointed this date from private), to duty with Louisiana N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Inf., and to Lafayette for station. (April 9, W.D.)

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN.

The following enlisted men were ordered placed on the retired list at places named:

1st Sergt. W. F. Hamby, 2d Inf., at Fort Wayne, Mich.; Mtr. Sergt. A. Roberts, 16th Inf., at Fort Wadsworth, N.Y.; Sergt. J. McRay, M.D., at Camp Lewis, Wash.; Sergt. S. J. Howell, C.A.C., at Fort Mills, P.I. (April 9, W.D.)

Mtr. Sergt. W. G. Champlin, 38th Inf., at Fort Douglas, Utah; Sergt. J. J. Price, D.E.M.L., at Fort Leavenworth; Tech. Sergt. M. Netter, D.E.M.L., at Municipal Building, New York, N.Y.; Staff Sergt. H. Olden, M.D., at Fort Riley, Kas.; Mtr. Sergt. W. F. Murphy, M.D., at Carlisle Barracks, Pa.; 1st Sergt. W. S. Rumer, 7th Cav., at Fort Bliss, Tex.; 1st Sergt. H. Cowles, 52d Art. (Railway), at Fort Eustis, Va.; Staff Sergt. W. Row, 9th Inf., at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. (April 10, W.D.)

Mtr. Sergt. W. R. Johnston at office of Chief of Engrs., Washington; Mtr. Sergt. R. Oberkirk, 5th Inf., at Fort Williams, Me.; Tech. Sergt. J. L. Bland, D.E.M.L., at Fort Leavenworth; 1st Sergt. W. Murphy, 29th Inf., at Fort Benning. (April 8, W.D.)

1st Sergt. G. H. Newman, 24th Inf., at Fort Benning; Mtr. Sergt. E. Schulz, M.D., at Fort Mason, Calif.; Mtr. Sergt. E. V. Mooney, D.E.M.L., at Governors Island, N.Y.; 1st Sergt. G. O. Beebe, 38th Inf., at Fort Logan, Colo.; Mtr. Sergt. M. J. Hudson, 27th Inf., at Schofield Barracks, H.T. (April 11, W.D.)

Mtr. Sergt. R. C. Calhoun, Q.M.C., at Philadelphia; 1st Sergt. M. McDermott, 22d Inf., at Fort McPherson, Ga. (April 12, W.D.)

ORGANIZED RESERVES.

Maj. M. D. Mills, G.S. (Q.M.O.R.C.), from detail as additional member of G.S.C. and to N.Y. city and sail about May 17 for San Francisco, and thence to his home at Seattle and relieved from active duty. (April 5, W.D.)

2d Lt. P. E. Holcomb, O.O.R.C., to active duty May 11 at Rock Island, Ill. (April 7, W.D.)

1st Lt. W. A. Fay, O.O.R.C., to active duty May 11, 1924, at Rock Island, Ill. (April 7, W.D.)

2d Lt. K. H. Jewett, O.O.R.C., to active duty May 11 at Frankford Arsenal for training. (April 10, W.D.)

Lt. Col. C. Van Deventer, E.O.R.C., about April 21 to Washington for training in connection with procurement activities. (April 11, W.D.)

Lt. Col. W. S. Greene, G.S. (Inf. O.R.C.), from detail as additional member of G.S.C. and to his home, Worcester, Mass., May 2. (April 11, W.D.)

Lt. Col. C. T. Starr, E.O.R.C., to active duty April 14 at Washington for training in procurement activities. (April 12, W.D.)

CHANGES OF STATIONS.

The following changes in stations of organizations were announced by the War Department on April 12:

Co. K, 19th Inf., Fort Armstrong, H.T., to Schofield Barracks, H.T.

1st Bn., 4th F.A., Gatun, C.Z., to Fort Clayton, C.Z.

120th Co., C.A.C., Fort Banks, Mass., to Fort Duval, Mass.

Co. A, 1st Engrs., Fort Mott, N.J., to Camp Dix, N.J.

Troop B, 10th Cav., Naco, Ariz., to Fort Huachuca, Ariz.

Co. B, 18th Inf., Fort Jay, N.Y., to Camp Dix, N.J.

Co. E, 18th Inf., Fort Slocum, N.Y., to Camp Dix, N.J.

19th Co., C.A.C., placed on inactive list, to active associate—Hq. C.D. of Pensacola.

39th Co., C.A.C., placed on inactive list, to active associate—to be designated.

102d Co., C.A.C., placed on inactive list, to active associate—173d Co., C.A.C.

110th Co., C.A.C., placed on inactive list, to active associate—173d Co., C.A.C.

LATE ARMY ORDERS

S.O. 88, APRIL 14, 1924, W.D.

[Other portions of this order will be found among classified orders.]

Warrant Officers—Wnt. Ofcr. W. Mansfield to N.Y. city and sail about May 1 for Panama for duty.

Wnt. Ofcr. H. F. Taylor, Hqrs. 7th Corps Area, Omaha, having been absent without leave since Jan. 5, 1924, is dropped from the rolls of the Army.

Leaves—Four months to 1st Lt. J. Y. York, Jr., A.S., upon his arrival in N.Y. city, and to terminate to time to enable him to report at Scott Field on Sept. 15; 2 months and 22 days to Capt. P. P. Wiggins, 65th Inf., upon arrival in U.S.; 2 months to Maj. O. P. Thompson, G.S., about July 1; 1 month and 8 days to 1st Lt. B. W. Pelton, 65th Inf., about July 14, with permission to visit U.S.; 3 months and 10 days to 1st Lt. J. A. Ogle, Inf., with permission to visit U.S.; 1 month to Maj. H. B. Montgomery, M.C., about June 10.

Orders to Retired Officers—Maj. P. A. Larned, retired, from State Agricultural College, Burlington, Vt., Sept. 1, to home.

Retirement of Enlisted Men—Mr. Sergt. H. G. Kramer, 1st Gas Regt., C.W.S., at Edgewood Arsenal, Md.; 1st Sergt. F. L. Bruez, 4th Inf., at Fort George Wright, Wash.; 1st Sergt. W. O. McIntosh, 4th Engrs., at Fort Bragg, N.C.; Tech. Sergt. L. F. Alsop, 83d Ord. Co., at the Savanna Proving Ground, Ill.

Orders to Reserve Officers—Maj. A. L. Jenkins, O.O.R.C., to active duty June 15 at Aberdeen, Md., for training.

S.O. 89, APRIL 15, 1924, W.D.

Col. H. E. Yates, 6th Inf., from assignment to that regiment July 5 and to duty with Organized Reserves, 7th Corps Area, 89th Div., Omaha, Nebr.

A board to consist of Col. D. K. Major, Jr. G.S. (Inf.), Maj. B. Q. Jones, A.S., and Maj. E. C. Johnson, J.A., is appointed to meet at the War Department for making a comprehensive study of the proposed serial law for the Philippine Islands.

Col. H. G. Bishop, G.S. (F.A.), from detail as a member of G.S.C., July 1, and report to commanding general Phil. Dept. for duty with Field Art.

Col. P. Giddings, 13th Inf., from assignment to that regiment, July 9 and to Atlanta, Ga., for recruiting duty.

Chaplain H. A. Rinard promoted to captain from March 10, 1924. He will remain on present duties.

1st Lt. E. J. Riordan, Q.M.C., to Fort Bragg, N.C., for duty.

Maj. C. H. Fessenden, O.O.R.C., to active duty June 15 at Aberdeen, Md., for training.

Lt. Col. J. A. Wagner, Q.M.C., from Philippines to Washington to Chief, Militia Bureau, for duty in his office.

Officers of A.S. from students at McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, and about Aug. 15 report to C.O. McCook Field for duty: Capt. L. A. Walton, E. Laughlin; 1st Lt. W. R. Fletcher, G. W. Polk, A. Pearson, Jr.

1st Lt. B. R. Dallas, A.S., to Washington about Aug. 15 to Chief of Air Service for duty in his office.

April 19, 1924.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

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ORDERS FOR THE NAVY

Commander-in-Chief—Calvin Coolidge, President.

Secretary of the Navy—Curtis D. Wilbur.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Theodore Roosevelt.

Chief of Naval Operations—Admiral E. W. Eberle.

JUNIOR OFFICERS, NAVY.

APRIL 16, 1924.

The following junior officers have become eligible for promotion in various grades and ranks of the Navy:

Line.

R. Adm. F. H. Schofield R. Ad. A. M. D. McCormick
Capt. E. H. Watson Capt. H. G. Orl
Cdr. E. W. Tod Cdr. R. A. Warner
Lt. Cdr. L. T. Du Bois Lt. Cdr. V. H. Carson

Supply Corps.

Dental Corps. RearAdm. T. S. Jewett
Lt. Cdr. T. L. Sampson Capt. T. J. Arms
Cdr. E. D. Stanley Lt. Cdr. J. D. P. Hodapp

Construction Corps. Civil Engr. Corps.

R. Adm. R. Stocker R. Adm. F. R. Harris
Capt. E. S. Land Capt. G. A. MacKay
Cdr. G. Fulton Cdr. G. A. Duncan
Lt. Cdr. F. L. Crisp Lt. Cdr. R. L. Martin

G.O. 123, FEB. 4, 1924, NAVY DEPT.

Awards a Medal of Honor to Lt. Comdr. W. A. Edwards, U.S.N., for heroism in rescuing 482 men, women and children from the French military transport Vinh-Long, destroyed by fire in the Sea of Marmora, Turkey, on Dec. 16, 1922.

G.O. 124, FEB. 4, 1924, NAVY DEPT.

Awards a Medal of Honor to Ens. T. J. Ryan, U.S.N., for heroism in effecting the rescue of a woman from the burning Grand Hotel, Yokohama, Japan, on Sept. 1, 1923, following the earthquake and fire.

G.O. 125, Feb. 20, 1924, NAVY DEPT.

Awards a Medal of Honor to Torpedoman Henry Breslau, U.S.N., assigned to the U.S. submarine O-5, for his heroism and devotion to duty at the time of the sinking of that vessel.

G.O. 126, MARCH 12, 1924, NAVY DEPT.
Refers to the outline of examinations for line officers.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Orders to Officers April 9.

Comdr. W. E. Eberle to U.S.S. Arkansas.
Lt. Comdr. C. C. Baughman to command U.S.S. Farenholz.

Lt. Comdr. R. P. Guiler to Asiatic Station.
Lt. Comdr. G. W. Hewlett to duty course instr. Nav. War College, Newport, R.I.
Lt. Comdr. R. B. Horner to treat. Naval Hosp., Annapolis.

Lt. Comdr. S. D. McCaughey to Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lt. Comdr. J. B. Will to duty course instr. Nav. War College, Newport.

Lt. T. B. Fitzpatrick to 1st Nav. Dist.; R. W. Hungerford to navy yard, Norfolk; H. W. Jackson to navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.; J. Meyer to Nav. Observatory, Washington.

Lts. C. R. Rockwell to Rec. Ship, Puget Sound, Wash.; W. F. Roehl to treat. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. W. H. Stiles, Jr., to Ofcr. in Charge Branch Hydrographic Office, Seattle, Wash.

Lts. (j.g.) R. H. Barnes to U.S.S. Chewink; R. C. Rasch to U.S.S. Bushnell.

Ens. J. A. Burgess to U.S.S. R-8; G. D. Cooper to temp. duty under instr. U.S.S. Chewink; C. H. Eicks to U.S.S. Flusser; W. V. Hamilton to U.S.S. Mullany; R. D. Lewis to U.S.S. Sirius; G. U. Quinn to U.S.S. Argonne; D. J. Studebaker to c.l.o. U.S.S. S-42; C. E. Voegeli to temp. duty Nav. Academy.

Med. Corps—Lts. W. T. Lineberry to resume duty Navy Rectg. Sta., Dallas, Tex.; W. T. Lineberry to U.S.S. Denver; Lt. (j.g.) A. H. Faber to 3d Nav. Dist. for passage via U.S. Army transport St. Mihiel.

Supply Corps—Lt. Comdr. S. E. Dickinson to Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif.; S. R. White to Nav. Supply Depot, N.O.B., San Diego, Calif.; Lts. H. Atwood to duty U.S.S. Altair; R. H. Lenson to Dest. Div. 42.

Guns. J. D. Durkee to U.S.S. Prometheus. Chf. Pay Clk. M. C. Mattison to U.S.S. Procyon.

Dispatch received from Snav. April 5: Lt. (j.g.) A. L. Mare to U.S.S. Pittsburgh.

Orders to Officers April 10.

Comdr. D. W. Bagley to Naval Academy, Annapolis.

Comdr. H. E. Shoemaker to U.S.S. New York.

Lt. Comdr. S. L. H. Hazard to duty on board a vessel of the Scouting Fleet.

Lt. Comdr. M. P. Reffo, Jr., to U.S.S. Texas.

Lts. F. W. Metters to home relieved all active duty; E. H. Quinlan to U.S.S. New York.

Lts. (j.g.) A. S. Edwards to U.S.S. S-19; B. G. Lake to U.S.S. O-7; J. E. Shoemaker to Aircraft Sqdns., Scouting Fleet; J. R. Tague to Aircraft Sqdns., Scouting Fleet.

Ens. R. D. Edwards to U.S.S. Beaufort; J. M. Eggleston to temp. duty under instruction U.S.S. Chewink; W. L. Field to U.S.S. Arkansas; B. E. Grow to U.S.S. Mullany; F. H. Newton, Jr., to U.S.S. Case; W. R. Torrell to U.S.S. Brooks.

Lt. C. A. Costello, M.C., to U.S.S. Bushnell.

COAST GUARD

Secretary of Treasury, A. W. Mellon.
Assistant Secretary, Col. McKenzie Moss.

Rear Adm. F. C. Billard, Commandant.

Lt. S. S. Yeandie, Aid to Commandant.

COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

APRIL 7—Btsn. (L) L. K. Alcock assigned Long Beach Station as Officer in Charge.

Btsn. W. B. Tooker assigned Fire Island Station as Officer in Charge.

COAST GUARD NOTES.

Comdr. H. G. Hamlet arrived at Headquarters on March 10. Comdr. Hamlet will take charge of the reconditioning of the destroyers turned over to the Coast Guard by the Navy at Philadelphia.

Lt. Comdr. L. C. Covell reported for duty at Headquarters on April 9 and will take charge of the appointment of all warrant per-

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Adm. S. S. Robison, Commander-in-Chief.

California (flagship), Balboa to San Pedro.

BATTLESHIP DIVISIONS.

Vice Adm. H. A. Wiley, Commander.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 5.

New Mexico (flagship of Adm. Wiley), Balboa to San Pedro.

Tennessee, Balboa to San Pedro.

Maryland, Balboa to San Pedro.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 4.

Rear Adm. W. V. Pratt, Commander.

Arizona (flag), Balboa to San Pedro.

Mississippi, Balboa to San Pedro.

Idaho, Balboa to San Pedro.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 3.

Rear Adm. L. M. Nulton, Commander.

Pennsylvania (flag), Balboa to San Pedro.

Nevada, Balboa to San Pedro.

Oklahoma, Bremerton, Wash.

DESTROYER SQUADRONS.

Rear Adm. Frank H. Schofield, Commander.

Omaha (flagship), Balboa to San Pedro.

Melville (tender), Balboa to San Diego.

Altair (tender), Balboa to San Diego.

SQUADRON 11.

Capt. E. H. Dodd.

Decatur (flag), Balboa to San Diego.

Division 30.

Sinclair, Balboa to San Diego.

McCawley, Balboa to San Diego.

Moody, San Diego.

Henshaw, Balboa to San Diego.

Meyer (F), Balboa to San Diego.

Doyen, Bremerton, Wash.

Division 31.

Percival, Balboa to San Diego.

John Francis Burns, Balboa to San Diego.

Division 32.

Stoddert, Balboa to San Diego.

Reno, Bremerton, Wash.

Farquhar, Balboa to San Diego. Thompson, Balboa to San Diego. Kennedy (F), Balboa to San Diego.

Paul Hamilton, Balboa to San Diego.

SQUADRON 12.

Capt. J. H. Tomb.

McDermut (flag), Balboa to San Diego.

Division 34.

Yarborough, Balboa to San Diego.

La Vallette, Balboa to San Diego.

Sloat, Balboa to San Diego.

Wood, Balboa to San Diego.

Shirk, Mare Island, Calif.

Kidder (F), Balboa to San Diego.

Division 35.

Hull, en r. Seward, Alaska.

Macdonough, Balboa to San Diego.

Chase, Balboa to San Diego.

Robert Smith (F), San Pedro.

Mullaney, Mare Island, Calif.

Division 36.

Farenholz, Balboa to San Diego.

Summer, Balboa to San Diego.

Corry (F), en r. Seward, Alaska.

Melvin, Balboa to San Diego.

AIRCRAFT SQUADRONS.

Capt. A. W. Marshall, Commander.

Aroostook, San Diego.

SUBMARINE DIVISIONS.

Capt. George C. Day, Comdr.

Beaver (flagship), Balboa to San Diego.

Division 9.

R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, R-6, R-7, R-8, R-10, Pearl Harbor, H.T.; R-9, Balboa to Pearl Harbor.

Division 14.

R-11, R-12, R-13, R-14, R-15, R-16, R-17, R-18, R-19, R-20, Pearl Harbor, H.T.

Division 16.

S-30, S-31, S-32, S-33, S-34, S-35, Balboa to San Diego.

Division 17.

Canopus (tender), Mare Island, Calif.; S-36, S-37, S-39, S-40, Balboa to San Diego; S-38, S-41, Mare Island, Calif.

BASE FORCE.

Rear Adm. J. V. Chase, Commander.

Procyon (flagship), Balboa to San Pedro.

MINE SQUADRON 2.

Burns, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

Ludlow, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

Tanager, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

Whippoorwill, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

TRAIN SQUADRON 1.

(Operating with Scouting Flt.)

Rear Adm. W. D. MacDougall, Commander.

Antares, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Bobolink, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Brazos, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Bridge, Hampton Roads, Va.

Mercy, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Rail, Guantanamo.

Rappahannock, Guantanamo.

Robin, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Vestal, Guantanamo.

Vireo, Guantanamo, Cuba.

TRAIN SQUADRON 2.

Arctic, San Francisco, Calif.

Brant, Balboa to San Pedro, Calif.

Cuyama, Balboa to San Pedro, Jason, Balboa to San Diego.

Kanawha, en r. to San Pedro.

Kingfisher, Balboa to San Pedro.

Neches, Balboa to San Pedro.

Prometheus, Balboa to San Pedro.

Relief, Balboa to San Pedro.

Partridge, Balboa to San Pedro.

Tern, Balboa to San Pedro.

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Vice Adm. N. A. McCully, Commander.

BATTLESHIP DIVISION 2.

Utah (flagship of Adm. McCully), Guantanamo, Cuba.

Arkansas, New York Yard.

Florida, Guantanamo, Cuba.

New York, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Texas, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Wyoming, New York Yard.

LIGHT CRUISER DIVISIONS.

Rear Adm. T. P. Magruder, Commander.

Richmond, Puerto Cortez, Honduras.

Concord, Philadelphia, Pa.

Detroit, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Milwaukee, Amapala, Honduras.

DESTROYER SQUADRONS.

SQUADRON 9.

Bridgeport (tender), Guantanamo.

CONTROL FORCE.

Rear Adm. M. M. Taylor; U.S.S.

Savannah, flagship, Chiriqui Lagoon, Panama.

Mine Squadron 1—Shawmut (flag).

Maury, Mallard, Lark, Mahan, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Submarine Division 1—R-23, R-26, R-27, Coco Solo, C.Z.

Submarine Division 2—N-1, N-2, N-3, R-22, S-1, S-3, New London, Conn.

SUBMARINE DIVISIONS.

Rainbow (flagship), Cavite, P.I.

Division Twelve—S-4, S-6, S-7, S-8, S-9, Cavite, P.I.

Division Eighteen—Ajax (tender), S-2, S-14, S-15, S-16, S-17, Cavite, P.I.

MINE DETACHMENT.

Rizal (flagship), Manila, P.I.

NAVY NOTES

APPLICATIOMS for the next Navy

class in aviation should reach the Bureau of Navigation not later than May 1.

POINTING out the advantage to be

gained by a knowledge of some trade,

art or profession, Maj. Gen. John A. Lejeune, commandant of the U.S.M.C., has

issued a bulletin advising every man under

his command to take up voluntarily some

study in the Marine Corps Institute at

Washington. The Institute prepares

Marines for civilian occupations and has

an enrollment of more than 7,500 active

students.

THE Navy Department has modified

previous orders in regard to post-

graduate instruction in civil engineering.

Three post-graduates for instruction in

civil engineering will be selected by the

board convening April 30, the successful

Capt. W. L. Littlefield, Sharkey (Flag), Boston, Mass.

Division 25.

Putnam, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Toucey, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Breck, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Isherwood, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Case, Philadelphia, Pa.

Lardner, Guantanamo.

Division 26.

Billingsley, Guantanamo.

Worden, Guantanamo.

Flusser, Guantanamo.

Dale, Guantanamo.

Converse, Guantanamo.

Reid, Guantanamo.

Division 27.

Chas. Ausburne, Guantanamo.

Osborne, Guantanamo.

Coghlan, Guantanamo.

Preston, Guantanamo.

Lamson, Guantanamo.

Bruce, New York, N.Y.

SQUADRON 14.

Capt. C. M. Tozer.

Denebola (tender), Guantanamo.

Hopkins (flag), Guantanamo.

Division 40.

Field, Guantanamo.

Brooks, New York Yard.

Gilmer (flag), Guantanamo.

Lawrence, Guantanamo.

Kane, Guantanamo.

Humphreys, Guantanamo.

Division 41.

McFarland (flag), Guantanamo.

J. K. Faulding, Guantanamo.

Overton, Guantanamo.

Sturtevant, Guantanamo.

Childs, Guantanamo.

King, Norfolk, Va.

Division 42.

Sands, Guantanamo.

Williamson, Guantanamo.

Reuben James, Guantanamo.

Bainbridge (flag), Guantanamo.

Goff, Norfolk, Va.

Barry, New York Yard.

AIRCRAFT SQUADRONS.

Capt. W. R. Gherardi, Commander.

Wright, Guantanamo.

Sandpiper, Guantanamo.

Teal, Cienfuegos, Cuba.

CONTROl FORCE.

Rear Adm. M. M. Taylor; U.S.S.

Savannah, flagship, Chiriqui Lagoon, Panama.

Division 1—Shawmut (flag).

Maury, Mallard, Lark, Mahan, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Division 2—Ajax (tender), S-2, S-14, S-15, S-16, S-17, Cavite, P.I.

WITH THE CONGRESS

RETIREMENT, PHYSICAL DISABILITY.

Favorable report was made in the House on April 11 on the bill (H.R. 5084) which proposes to amend Section 24, National Defense Act, relating to appointment of emergency officers over age of forty-five to the Regular Army, by inserting in line twenty-seven, after the words per centum, the following:

"Provided, That any officer so appointed, who has been or may hereafter be retired for physical disability incident to the service, under the provisions of Sec. 1251, Revised Statutes, shall receive, from the date of such retirement, retired pay at the rate of seventy-five per centum of his active pay at the time of such retirement: Provided, That no officer shall be retired for any cause unless the Secretary of War shall certify in writing that such officer is unable to render effective service in any branch or division of the Military Establishment."

The second proviso above was added in the House Military Committee. The report says, in part:

"In hearings before the subcommittee it was testified that prior to their appointment it was the general belief among emergency officers who had observed the retirement provisions of Sec. 24 of the act of June 4, 1920, that such provisions reduced the amount of the retired pay of an officer appointed when above the age of forty-five years only if he were retired for age, and had no effect upon the amount of his retired pay if he should be retired on account of disability in line of duty. In view of the fact that said Sec. 24, aside from the clauses defining eligibility, deals exclusively with the question of age, it can hardly be said that the emergency officers were not reasonably justified in accepting their commissions in the belief that, should they subsequently be retired for disability, their retired pay would not be governed by the provisions of said Section 24."

The Comptroller General has ruled that said

Section 24 applies to retirement for disability in line of duty as well as to retirement for age.

To allow to officers of the class being considered, who are retired for disability, only the limited retired pay of four per cent. of active pay for each complete year of service, and to all other officers a full seventy-five per cent. of their active pay, constitutes an unjustifiable discrimination. There is no relationship whatsoever between retirement for age and retirement for disability. Outside of said Section 24, every law passed by Congress with respect to retirement recognizes this fact. Under these laws when an officer reaches the age of sixty-four he is retired on three-fourths pay; and if retired for disability after one year's or one day's service he likewise receives three-fourths pay. Disability in line of duty is a casualty of the service and is as apt to occur to a man of twenty-five as to a man of fifty-five. Of all officers appointed under said Section 24 who were above the age of forty-five, 2.78 per cent. have been retired for disability; and of all officers appointed under said section who were under the age of forty-five, 2.58 per cent. have been retired for disability.

The unjustifiable discrimination made by said Section 24, as interpreted by the Comptroller General, further appears from the following facts adduced at the hearings:

If a first lieutenant appointed under Section 24, when above the age of forty-five, and a first lieutenant out of West Point, appointed at the same time, had, within one year, both been injured during a field duty which they were performing jointly, the lieutenant above forty-five would receive, as retired pay, \$80 per year, and the young lieutenant \$1,500 per year.

The Medical Corps is recruited from civil life in the grade of captain. If a medical officer be appointed to-day in the grade of captain and becomes disabled a year from to-day, he will receive as retired pay \$1,800 per year; whereas an officer appointed as of July 1, 1920, when above forty-five years of age, would, had he suffered a like casualty at the end of one year, have received as retired pay \$96 per year."

PROMOTION EQUALIZATION.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs on April 16, after listening to an explanation of the provisions of the bill (H.R. 4444) for the equalization for promotion between the line and the staff of the Navy by Lt. Comdr. John Sydney McCain, U.S.N., adjourned for one week. Chairman Butler is called out of Washington, and he declared that he wanted to be present at all of the hearings so that he could fully inform himself on the provisions of the bill. He thought that it was a bill that would have an important effect upon the Navy and should be given very careful consideration.

STATUS OF THE BURSUM BILL.

A drive is being made by the supporters of the Bursum bill (S. 33), providing for retirement pay for disabled emergency officers, to secure its passage at this session. The bill is now out of the Senate Committee and on the Senate calendar. Senator Bursum is watching for an opportunity to secure its consideration and is confident that when it comes up for consideration he will win, as he did on former occasion.

Over in the House the new Veterans' Committee, of which Representative Royal Johnson of North Dakota is chairman, has held hearings which have been printed. Within ten days the committee will take up the bill (H.R. 6484), and it is confidently believed will report it favorably to the House. The bill before the Johnson committee is identical with the one now before the Senate. An effort will be made to pass the same bill through both houses, so that

there will be no holdup in the Joint Conference committee.

DEFINING DUTIES OF COMPTROLLER.

In a letter to Chairman Graham of the House Committee on Judiciary, Representative F. W. Dallinger of Massachusetts has asked for a hearing upon his bill (H.R. 7521), "defining the duties of the Comptroller General." Mr. Dallinger states that he had a conference with Chairman Madden, who agreed to a plan by which the merits of the Madden bill (H.R. 4975), which virtually removes the limits on the authority of the Comptroller General and makes him Paymaster for the Federal Government, shall be discussed at the same time.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

S. 3071, Mr. Shortridge.—To amend Sec. 37 of the National Defense act by adding the following: "Provided, That the members of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not, by reason of such membership, be held or construed to be officers of the United States, or persons holding any place of trust or profit, or discharging any official function under, or in connection with, any executive department of the Government of the United States, or the heads of a department, or other officers or clerks in the employ of the United States, within the provisions of Secs. 109 or 113 of the act to codify, revise and amend the penal laws of the United States, approved March 4, 1909." Sec. 2. This act shall take effect immediately from and after its passage.

S. 3075, Mr. Wadsworth.—To amend Sec. 4c of the National Defense act by adding thereto the following: "The appointment as chief of a branch of an officer of a grade above that of colonel shall create a vacancy in such grade, but shall not deprive the officer so appointed of the commission he otherwise holds in the Army: Provided, That the authorized total number of officers in the Army shall not be exceeded. The President may at any time discharge the chief or any assistant chief of any branch from his office as such, and such officer when so discharged shall resume the position he would have occupied but for his appointment as such chief or assistant chief."

S.J. Res. 113, Mr. King.—Whereas the League of Nations has constituted a Permanent Advisory Commission for the consideration of questions affecting military, naval, and air armaments; and

Whereas said commission has under consideration the formulation of a draft convention for the limitation of military, naval, and air armaments, to which it is proposed all nations shall be signatory; and

Whereas the Council of the League of Nations, upon the recommendation of said Permanent Advisory Commission on military, naval, and air questions, has invited the Government of the United States to name representatives to sit with the commission in a consultative capacity during its study of questions affecting the reduction of armaments; and

Whereas the Government of the United States is committed to the principle of the elimination of the provocation to war, which is caused by the maintenance of large and unnecessary national armaments. Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, etc., That the President is authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a commission of five representatives to sit in a consultative capacity with the Permanent Advisory Commission of the League of Nations on military, naval, and air questions, and to advise with said commission with respect to the formulation of a draft convention to which all nations shall be signatory, to effectuate the reduction and limitation of military, naval, and air armaments.

H.R. 8518, Mr. Wright.—Amending Sec. 17 of the Pay Act of June 10, 1922, by adding to the first sentence thereof the following: "Provided, That the pay saved to an officer by Sec. 16 of this act or by the act of Sept. 14, 1922, shall be construed as the pay provided in this act for the purpose of computing retired pay."

H.R. 8547, Mr. Fish.—That hereafter all enlisted men who have served honorably in the U.S. Army may be retired at the expiration of twenty-five years' service, and that the retired pay will be increased \$30 above the present rate of retirements; that is, for first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grade. In order to create a fund toward this rate of retirement all enlisted men will pay a one per centum deduction from their monthly pay. Nothing in this act shall be construed to reduce the retired pay of enlisted men in order to make a twenty-five year retirement law. Those with service in the Navy and Marine Corps will count their service toward twenty-five year retirement from the Army, but must have at least five years in the Army previous to date of retirement. Nothing in this act will take away credit now due enlisted men toward retirement as provided by law.

H.R. 8548, Mr. Fish.—That hereafter all enlisted men who have served honorably in the U.S. Army may be retired at the expiration of twenty-five years' service regardless of their grade or rank then held and with not less than \$100 per month as their retired pay, and allowance to which they would be entitled if retired with thirty years' service now provided for by law: Provided, That the petition signed by the enlisted men be accepted and the enlisted men's wishes be granted; that the enlisted men of the U.S. Army shall create a fund by a deduction of one per centum of each enlisted man's pay which they feel will more than pay the difference between this rate of retirement and the retirement now provided by law.



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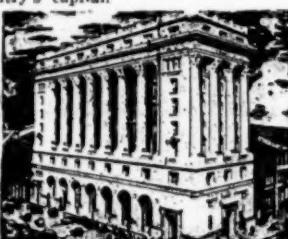
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THE FINANCIAL DIGEST

This paper will be glad to furnish to its readers information on any brokerage house. A letter addressed to the Army and Navy Journal, 354 Fourth avenue, New York city, will bring the information desired.

The statements made herein are based upon information and statistics which we consider reliable. But as not made upon our personal knowledge we do not guarantee their correctness.

By Raymond V. Sykes.

The five securities suggested below are intended for the business man. The list contains four preferred stocks of nationally known companies which are earning their dividends by a wide margin and may be considered high grade investments, together with a very attractive bond of approximately the same rating as the stocks. The securities may be purchased as a group, one share of each stock and one \$500 bond costing a total of approximately \$720, upon which the owner will receive \$49.25 annually or an average yield of 6.42 per cent.

If it is desired to buy the securities separately, this may be done, the range of prices running from as low as \$4 for one share of American Thread Preferred, to about \$445 for a \$500 Park and Tilford 6 per cent. debenture bond. The securities in this group possess a good "over-the-counter" market, and may be purchased through any dealer in unlisted securities.

The American Thread Company was incorporated in 1898, and is the leading producer of all kinds of sewing, crocheting, knitting, and mending cotton, and engages in the production of allied products. The plants are located at Willimantic, Stonington and Griswold, Conn., Holyoke and Fall River, Mass., and Lake View and Milo, Me. The capitalization consists of \$6,000,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due 1928, \$4,890,475 preferred stock of \$5 par value, and \$10,800,000 common stock of \$10 par value. For the year ended March 31, 1923, the net profit after bond interest, depreciation and taxes, and adjustment of inventories, was \$2,113,302. The preferred dividend of 5 per cent., or 25 cents, was earned over 8½ times. The company is in a particularly strong financial position, the excess of current assets over current liabilities amounting to almost three times the total amount of preferred stock outstanding. Dividends on the preferred have been paid regularly since 1899.

New York Real Estate.

The City Investing Company was incorporated in 1905 and is engaged in holding New York city real estate. The company owns a half interest in Adams Express Building at 61 Broadway, a number of apartment house leaseholds, and holds mortgages on a number of lofts and other types of buildings. The capitalization consists of \$1,000,000 7 per cent. preferred and \$4,000,000 common stock. As the company is simply a holding organization it has very little operating expenses and practically no current liabilities, these amounting to \$321 at the end of the last year. Taxes and interest due at that time amounted to \$14,551. Total assets consisting of real estate mortgages, equities in real estate, cash, etc., were \$5,756,376. Net profit for the last year reported was \$503,435.97, equivalent to \$50.34 a share for the preferred.

Lord & Taylor was originally established in 1826 and now consists of one of the leading retail department store businesses of New York city. The company got into some difficulty during the war and dividends on the first preferred were suspended between 1915 and 1920, having been paid regularly since the present company was incorporated in 1904. By the close of 1922, however, the total accumulation on the first preferred was paid off and all accumulations on the second preferred had been liquidated with the exception of 24 per cent. During the last three or four years the company has developed a remarkable earning power, paying 12 per cent. on the first preferred in 1921, 39 per cent. in 1922, and the regular 6 per cent. in 1923. I also paid 38 per cent. on the second preferred in 1923. Earnings for 1923 were equivalent to \$43.29 per share for the first preferred, \$40.69 for the second preferred and \$24.62 for the common. In other words, the dividend on the first preferred was earned more than seven times over.

National Licorice.

The National Licorice Company was incorporated in 1902 as the consolidation of several existing companies manufacturing licorice products. The plants are located at Brooklyn, N.Y. Capitalization consists of \$500,000 6 per cent. preferred and \$1,000,000 common stock. At the close of 1923 the company had an excess of current assets, consisting of cash. Government bonds, accounts receivable and inventories over current liabilities of \$531,609, or \$31,609 more than the total amount of stock outstanding. The company does not file an income statement, but that earnings have been substantial is witnessed by the fact that dividends have been paid on both the common and preferred since 1902, the disbursement on the common in 1923 amounting to 15 per cent.

Park & Tilford was organized in 1840, later reorganized and incorporated, and in

COMPTROLLER GENERAL**DECISIONS.**

If neither retired pay of an Army officer nor the salary or compensation of the other office held by him amounts to \$2,500 per annum, both the retired pay and the salary may be received by him without regard to their aggregate amount. (Fuller's case, March 21, 1924.)

In the absence of evidence showing that the mother has been designated as a dependent relative by her soldier son, she is not entitled to the six months' death gratuity. (Piersalla's case, March 21, 1924.)

There appears to be no law or regulation authorizing the assignment of medical officers of the Navy to the exclusive duty of attending the families of officers of the Navy, and no right accrues to an officer so assigned for reimbursement for the expenses incurred by him in connection with such assignment. (Barnard's case, March 14, 1924.)

A remission or mitigation of a sentence by the Secretary of the Navy releases the offender from the consequences of the offense from date of its issuance, but affords no relief from what the offender has already suffered by execution of the sentence prior to date of remission or mitigation is granted. Accordingly, pay which had accrued to an apprentice seaman prior to the date of the mitigation of the sentence, had been forfeited when the mitigation order was issued, may not be applied on payment of an allotment made to his wife pursuant to the Secretary's action mitigating the court-martial sentence. (Ford's case, March 17, 1924.)

The effect of the saving clause as to enlisted men in Section 16 of the act of June 10, 1922, providing that "nothing contained in this act shall operate to reduce the total of pay and allowances which any enlisted man of the Navy . . . is now receiving during his current enlistment and while he holds his present grade or rating," is to grant to an enlisted man in case the total of his pay and allowances under prior laws in effect as June 30, 1922, is greater than the total of his pay and allowances under the act of June 10, 1922, the right to continue to receive the pay and allowances as prescribed by the prior law until the termination of the enlistment or extended enlistment in which serving on June 30, 1922, if he continues in the same grade or rating. It does not give him, however, the right to the items of pay and allowances that might be greater under the prior laws, and also to those that may be greater under the act of June 10, 1922. (O'Reilly's case, March 17, 1924.)

Transportation for dependents is authorized only when an officer is ordered to make a permanent change of station, and a naval officer is not entitled to reimbursement of costs of transportation of dependents where it appears that the change of station was temporary in fact and so recognized by the Navy Department. (Dalton's case, March 24, 1924.)

Where an officer is by act of the Government and for its convenience, and not by reason of the officer's voluntary action or request, is placed during the interval between detachment and a new assignment, that he has no station at which he may demand quarters in kind, he is entitled to rental allowance during such interval, if neither he nor his dependents during such period occupied public quarters and no public quarters were available for him. (Bates's case, March 27, 1924.)

An officer is not entitled to the payment of one month's additional pay and allowances under the provisions of Section 9 of the act of May 18, 1917, where it appears that he entered the Service by provisional appointment to the grade of second lieutenant in the Regular Army, and that he was subsequently promoted to fill a vacancy as temporary officer in the Regular Army, and while serving as such temporary officer during the period of emergency he was discharged from the Service under Section 1 of the act of May 18, 1917. (Bates et al. case, March 27, 1924.)

An officer in the Marine Corps for whom public quarters were available at a station, going in hospital or on sick leave, is not entitled to rental allowance while so absent from his station. (Bradley's case, April 5, 1924.)

The right of a naval officer to sea pay while on duty on board a vessel is not affected by the fact that the vessel was loaned to the Naval Militia during the period of his service thereon. (Zimmer's case, April 3, 1924.)

The fund appropriated by the act of Jan. 22, 1923, for the fiscal year 1924 under the heading "Contingent Bureau, Medicine and Surgery," for "care, transportation and burial of the dead" and for "purchase of cemetery lots," may be used to pay the reasonable fee for services of clergymen at burials of enlisted men when the services of a Navy chaplain are not available. (Letter to Secretary of the Navy, April 4, 1924.)

A machinist's mate, U.S. Navy, detailed to duty involving actual flying in aircraft from July to Dec. 31, 1916, and who performed the duties required by the order during this period, is entitled to fifty per cent. additional pay provided in the act of March 8, 1915. (Strand's case, April 2, 1924.)

August, 1923, came under the control of the D. A. Schulz interests, the organization that has been so successful with the Schulte Retail Stores Corporation. The company is engaged in the retail distribution of food products in New York city, where it operates a number of stores. Capitalization consists of \$565,000 real estate mortgages, \$2,240,000 of 30-year debenture bonds maturing June 1, 1936, and 200,000 shares of capital stock of no par value.



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RETIREMENTS OF N.C.O.

1ST SERGT. ANTHONY M. KOHLER, Co. I, 30th Inf., U.S.A., upon the completion of thirty years honorable and faithful service, was on March 26, 1924, placed on the retired list at the Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. He first enlisted with Co. H, 5th Pennsylvania Vol. Inf., April 27, 1898, and re-enlisted with Co. I, 19th Inf., U.S.A., May 26, 1899. Subsequent enlistments were in the 19th Inf., Hospital Corps, 30th Inf., C.A.C., D.E.M.L., and was transferred to the 30th Infantry on March 3, 1924.

1ST SERGT. M. M. WHITENIGHT, 14th Cav., upon the completion of over twenty-two years of active service was placed on the retired list at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, April 1, 1924. Sgt. Whitenight enlisted for Cavalry unassigned on March 4, 1901; on March 19 he joined Troop F, 14th Cavalry, at Fort Leavenworth and was the first man in Troop F, 14th Cav., on its organization. He has had two tours of Philippine service with the 14th Cavalry, and took part in the first Tarlac Expedition, the Davao Expedition, and in the Cotta Batta Valley Expedition. He has also had service in Alaska, being stationed at Fort Davis, 1st Sgt. Whitenight has a total credit of 30 years 2 months 27 days service, considering his double credit for foreign service. He has actually served over 22 years. "His service," says Col. Cavenagh in G.O. 5, "has been honest and faithful, and his example of loyalty to his country, energy and attention to duty is one which all members of the military service should strive to follow. The good wishes of all officers and enlisted men of the regiment will follow Sgt. Whitenight in his well earned retirement. As a mark of honor to 1st Sgt. Whitenight and to demonstrate the esteem in which he is held by his regiment, the 14th Cavalry will pass in review before him on April 1."

LATE ARMY ORDERS

Continued from page 824

Francisco; thence about Aug. 1 for Manila for duty.

Wnt. Ofcr. A. Anderson from Panama to Atlanta, Ga., for duty.

Wnt. Ofcr. J. G. Thompson to N.Y. city and sail about July 10 for Panama C.Z. for duty. Leaves granted as follows: Two months and 9 days to Maj. J. S. Wood, F.A., about June 20; 2 months and 15 days to Maj. J. P. Ediger, Int., about July 1; 1 month and 20 days to Maj. E. E. Lewis, Inf., about July 1; 2 months and 10 days to Capt. F. M. S. Johnson, C.E., about June 7; 4 months to 1st Lt. A. W. Stevens, A.S., about April 17, to leave U.S.

Mtr. Sgt. N. Scales, S.C., placed upon the retired list at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and 1st Sergt. J. C. Toole, 1st Engrs., at Fort DuPont, Del.

S.O. 90, APRIL 16, 1924, W.D.

Capt. A. V. Rinearson, Jr., C.A.C., to West Point, N.Y., for duty.

1st Lt. P. H. Leech, A.S., to Camp Nor-

moyle, Texas.

1st Lt. F. Steiner, M.A.C., to Fort Sam Houston.

Lt. Col. A. M. Whaley, M.C., to duty as attending surgeon, Washington.

Maj. J. K. Brown, Cav., attached 9th Cav. temporary; thence to Cavalry School as student.

Cavalry officers to Cavalry School as students Sept. 9: Lt. Col. R. M. Parker; Maj. C. W. Foster, J. C. F. Tillson, D. G. Richart, B. L. Burch, W. W. Edwards, J. P. Meyer; Capt. E. J. Dwan, L. W. Biggs, C. B. Cox, M. H. Ellis and R. S. Ramey.

2d Lt. J. H. Pitzer, A.S., transferred to Coast Art.

Maj. F. R. Borden, M.C., to Langley Field, Va.

Col. W. S. McNair, G.S. (F.A.), detailed to O.R. 2d Corps Area.

The following C.A.C. officers on completion of foreign service assigned as follows: 2d Lts. R. W. Crichton and D. B. Herron to Fort H. G. Wright, N.Y.; Col. R. E. Wyllie to 63d C.A., Fort Winfield Scott, Calif.; 2d Lt. H. W. Winslow to 62d C.A., Fort Totten, N.Y.; 2d Lt. M. C. Casey to 9th Coast Art., Fort Banks, Mass.

Maj. A. L. Webb, I.G., to Fort Monroe, Va.

Capt. E. W. McLaren, F.D., to temporary duty office I.G.; thence to Governors Island, N.Y.

Maj. F. M. Holmes, I.G., to office I.G., Wash-

Capt. J. W. Rodman, 33d Inf., assigned as student, Fort Benning, Oct. 1.

1st Lt. A. N. Taylor, 33d Inf., from foreign service to 1st Division.

Capt. P. A. Scholl, F.D., to Fort Hayes, Ohio.

Lt. Col. F. Griffin, S.C., to 3d Corps Area Hdqrs.

Lt. Col. E. R. Warner McCabe, F.A., to temporary duty in office Asst. Chief of Staff; thence to Rome, Italy, as military attache.

Capt. H. D. W. Riley, 11th Engrs., to duty Fort Humphreys, Va.

Capt. F. M. S. Johnson, C.E., to San Fran-

cisco, sailing Aug. 19 for Panama.

Maj. F. C. Wallace, F.A., assigned 18th F.A., Fort Sill.

Maj. L. C. Sparks, F.A., assigned 1st F.A., Fort Sill.

Capt. W. McFarland, M.A.C., to Fort Ben-

ning, Ga.

LATE NAVY ORDERS

Following officers to course instruction at Naval Academy: Lts. J. L. Allen, R. W. Bruner, H. B. Davis, L. Dreher, D. B. Duncan, F. C. Peake, J. E. Maher, S. B. Ogden, A. M. Pride, R. B. Tugge, F. A. Smith, D. L. Taylor; Lts. (j.g.) A. O. R. Bergeson, J. H. Chadwick, K. J. Christoph, G. L. Clark, L. Corman, J. B. Dow, W. M. Downes, E. P.

Forrestal, W. B. Goggins, R. F. Good, P. C. Haas, W. A. Hardy, H. E. Haven, P. R. Heineman, R. Highleyman, H. H. Hill, P. F. Hunt, F. B. Kaufman, E. P. Kranzfelder, W. E. A. Mullan, A. P. Mullinix, C. D. Murphy, H. C. Rule, Jr., A. G. Scott, H. G. Sickel, A. J. Spriggs, C. L. Surran, H. W. Turney and J. L. Wyatt.

Capt. F. H. Brumby to command U.S.S. New Mexico.

Lt. Comdr. J. F. McClain to U.S.S. Oklahoma; C. E. Riordan to command U.S.S. Farra-

gt.

Lt. A. V. Zaccor to R-11.

Lt. (j.g.) F. A. Saunders to R-15.

Ens. E. W. Foster to U.S.S. Cheewink; J. W. Harper, Jr., to U.S.S. Arkansas; J. B. Pearson to continue in U.S.S. Colorado; M. J. Strong to U.S.S. Shirk; M. S. Q. Weiser to U.S.S. Arkansas.

Chief Mach. W. L. Graeff to U.S.S. Rochester. Comdr. R. B. Horner to continue duty Naval Academy; H. F. Leary to duty Asst. Naval Attaché, London, Paris, Rome, The Hague, The Netherlands and Berlin.

Lts. (j.g.) M. E. Curtis to Naval Forces in Europe; P. N. Jackson to Naval Hospital, San Diego, for treatment.

Lts. F. H. Clements, M.C., to Asiatic Sta.; M. D. Willcutt, M.C., to Naval Hospital, League Island, Philadelphia.

Chief Mach. E. O. Tauer to Naval Hospital, New York.

Comdr. R. W. Ryden, C.C., to Bu. Construction and Repair, Navy Dept., Washington.

Supply Corps—Rear Adm. J. S. Carpenter to home relieved all active duty; Lt. E. Mixon to Dest. Div. 31, Battle Fleet; Lt. A. R. Marron to navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

NAVY OFFICERS DUE FOR SHORE DUTY

DURING the next ten days orders will be issued by the Navy Department relieving commanders of ships in the fleet who are due for shore duty this summer. These orders will be issued, according to the plans of the Navy Department, before the Battle Fleet comes north on April 22, and the Scouting Fleet on May 5.

It is not believed that any of the flag officers will be relieved at this time. A large number of captains and commanders are to be relieved from duty at sea. A number of these orders appear this week

DRIVE ON TO SECURE CHAPLAINS' INCREASE

THE Secretary of War on April 16 joined in a drive to secure legislation for an increase of twenty-five chaplains in the Army. There are two bills (S. 1532) and (H.R. 7088) pending before the Congress which authorize the promotion of chaplains to include the grade of colonel with a provision for the rank of brigadier general for the Chief of Chaplains.

The Secretary also recommended that an enlisted personnel of 150 be authorized for the Chaplains Corps, which would allow one enlisted man for each chaplain to provide clerical aid.

Hearings were held before a joint meeting of the Senate and House Military Committees. Speakers included Bishop Charles H. Brent of the Protestant Episcopal Church, who served as Chief Chaplain of the A.E.F., and Dr. Charles S. Macfarland, general secretary of the Federal Council of Churches, who holds the rank of major in the O.R.C.

NAVY LINE SELECTION BOARD IS ANNOUNCED

ADM. E. W. EBERLE heads the Selection Board as it was announced by the Secretary of the Navy on April 17. The date of convening the board at the Navy Department has been changed to June 2 instead of May 20, as was previously announced.

The other members of the board are: Adm. R. E. Coontz, commander-in-chief, U.S. Fleet; Adm. S. S. Robison, commander-in-chief, Battle Fleet; Rear Adm. Marbury Johnston, president Naval Examining Board; Rear Adm. C. S. Williams, president Naval War College; Rear Adm. Hilary P. Jones, president General Board; Rear Adm. Joseph Strauss, rear adm. W. R. Shoemaker, rear adm. C. F. Hughes and Lt. Comdr. W. A. Edwards (Bureau of Navigation), recorder.

THE nomination of Brig. Gen. Eli Cole to be major general and Col. Dion Williams to be brigadier general of the Marine Corps upon the retirement of Joseph H. Pendleton in June is now regarded as settled in the best informed circles. Secretary Wilbur, with Maj. Lejeune, commandant of the Marine Corps, has been going over the records and it is stated that the Secretary has decided that Gen. Cole and Col. Williams should be promoted.

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KANSAS, APRIL 7.

The officers formerly belonging to the 4th Division, overseas, entertained at dinner on March 22 at the Chocolate Shop in Leavenworth. Col. and Mrs. Robert H. Allen on March 25 honored Gen. Hugh A. Drum of Washington with a buffet luncheon.

Gen. and Mrs. Harry A. Smith on March 25 entertained twelve guests at dinner in honor of Gen. Drum.

Mrs. Clarence O. Sherrill of Washington was here for several days as the guest of Miss Mary Fuller, who with Mrs. E. B. Fuller entertained in her honor at a tea for forty guests. Assisting were Mmes. J. D. Taylor, R. H. Allen, F. D. Bolman and G. B. Pillsbury.

Mrs. T. L. Brever was hostess at bridge and tea in honor of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Ashley Gould of Washington, D.C. Col. and Mrs. C. M. Bundel gave a luncheon in honor of Gen. Drum.

Mrs. H. L. Taylor was hostess at bridge, mah jong and tea. Mrs. James Huston honored Mrs. Sherrill with a luncheon and bridge. The same afternoon Mrs. Ben Lear entertained in honor of her guest, Mrs. White of San Francisco, at bridge and mah jong.

Mr. J. T. Kennedy entertained with a tea on March 27; Mrs. J. P. Bubb was hostess at a bridge party for Mrs. Ashley Gould. Mrs. Sam Fuller was hostess at a bridge supper on March 28 in honor of Mrs. Clarence O. Sherrill and for Mmes. Goodjohn, MacMillan, Carroll, Conard, Fuller, Humphrey, Creighton, Todd, Tullock, Baumeister, Allen, Ovenshine, Patterson, Huston, Carney, Lysle, Misses Lucy Tullock and Mary and Lottie Fuller.

Capt. and Mrs. C. J. Dick were dinner hosts on March 21 for Cols. and Mmes. F. R. Brown, R. S. Pratt, S. T. Mackall, W. H. Monroe, T. M. Coughlin, O. R. Cole, Clarence Deems, Majs. and Mmes. M. J. Gunner, N. W. Campanole, J. B. Johnson, F. V. Schneider, D. C. Cordiner, F. F. N. Dailey, L. McD. Silvester, M. H. Thomlinson, C. A. Meals, P. V. Kieffer, Majs. C. A. Hunt, Russell Patterson and Miss Madeline Brown.

The officers and ladies of the Infantry branch of the Army held a dinner on March 28 at the Shrine Temple in Leavenworth. About 300 were present, and following the dinner and talks by the guests of honor there was dancing in the ballroom of the Temple. Maj. Gen. C. S. Farnsworth, Chief of Infantry; Maj. Gen. G. B. Duncan, commanding the 7th Corps Area; Brig. Gen. Harry A. Smith, commandant of Fort Leavenworth; Brig. Gen. H. A. Drum of Washington, and the heads of the departments at the school were guests of honor.

Capt. and Mrs. G. B. Pillsbury entertained at dinner on March 28 in honor of Mrs. Sherrill and for Maj. and Mrs. F. S. Besson, R. R. Ralston, Miss Mary Fuller, Miss McDonald, Majs. B. F. Miller and W. C. McChord. Maj. and Mrs. H. F. Spurgin entertained forty-two guests at a progressive dinner at the Officers' Club on March 28.

Maj. and Mrs. C. B. Amory had as their guests at dinner on March 28 at the club Majs. and Mmes. Patton, Wilbourn, E. N. Hardy, William Nalle, Col. A. V. P. Anderson and Col. A. M. Miller. Maj. and Mrs. Newman had as their guests at dinner Majs. and Mmes. P. R. Davison, J. W. Rumbough, C. W. Mason, Mrs. Crittenden of Kansas City, Mrs. Shields, Majs. P. W. Evans, Edward Montgomery and Weber. Maj. and Mrs. C. D. Daly were also dinner hosts on March 28.

Maj. and Mrs. J. C. King on March 29 entertained at dinner Gen. and Mrs. H. A. Smith, Cols. and Mmes. J. G. Pillow, T. M. Coughlan, O. P. Robinson, E. G. Ovenshine and Maj. and Mrs. E. S. Hughes. Mrs. E. H. Humphreys was hostess at a bridge tea for Mrs. Sherrill, and for Mmes. J. D. Kelly, P. C. Bullard, W. H. Prosser, I. P. Swift, F. S. Besson, R. O. Henry, R. Allen, James Huston, Sam Fuller and Miss Mary Fuller.

Col. and Mrs. G. D. Arrowsmith entertained at dinner at the Officers' Club on March 29 in honor of Maj. Gen. C. S. Farnsworth, and for Col. and Mrs. R. H. Allen, C. N. Bundel, E. B. Fuller, G. M. Cralle, C. H. Miller and Maj. and Mrs. Hardenberg. Col. and Mrs. E. L. Butts of Kansas City were guests of Maj. and Mrs. J. C. Hatie and attended the Infantry dinner.

Col. and Mrs. C. M. Bundel entertained at luncheon on March 30 for Gen. Farnsworth, who left that day for Omaha, and for Col. and Mrs. G. D. Arrowsmith, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Valentine and Miss Mary Fuller. Mrs. J. C. Hatie was hostess at her bridge luncheon club on March 31. Mrs. C. D. Peirce also attended her bridge luncheon club on that day.

Mrs. J. G. Pillow entertained with a bridge and mah jong supper in honor of Mrs. Hood, guest of her brother and sister, Col. and Mrs. G. B. Pillsbury, and for Mmes. H. A. Smith, G. S. Patton, J. D. Taylor, Ben Lear, T. H. Lowe, David McCoach, Lytle Brown, R. R. Ralston, C. M. Bundel, G. B. Pillsbury, F. S. Besson, R. H. Allen, Misses Mary and Lottie Fuller.

Mrs. A. G. Campbell entertained with a bridge tea in honor of her mother. Mrs. William Roberts, who has been her house guest. Mrs. S. S. Winslow and Mrs. Edwin Butcher were hostesses at bridge tea for forty guests.

Maj. and Mrs. Maynard entertained twenty-four guests with a bridge supper on March 29. Mrs. Henry W. Baird, wife of Maj. Baird,

on duty with the Organized Reserves in Kansas City, has been the guest of Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Johnson. A number of parties were given for Mah Jong tea by Mrs. Reed on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. T. K. Brown entertained at bridge, as did Mrs. Colley. Mrs. William Nalle gave a luncheon at the Officers' Club on Friday, and Maj. and Mrs. Johnson entertained at dinner for Mrs. Baird.

Col. Henry C. Merriam was host at a dinner for fourteen. Col. and Mrs. William E. Persons entertained twelve guests. Maj. and Mrs. B. C. Lockwood entertained at dinner for Maj. and Mmes. J. P. Bubb and F. L. Purdon, Maj. J. B. Ord, Maj. and Mrs. H. L. Taylor gave a dinner on April 4. A reception and dance was given on April 4 in honor of the members of the Special Course of the Command and General Staff School.

Maj. and Mrs. Robert R. Ralston entertained at dinner Col. and Mrs. E. H. Humphrey, Maj. and Mmes. McCormack, Worcester, Skinner and Pratt. Col. and Mrs. R. C. Kirtland and Maj. and Mrs. A. D. Chaffin entertained forty guests.

Col. and Mrs. G. B. Pillsbury honored their sister, Mrs. Hood, with a dinner on Friday. Maj. and Mrs. Cordiner entertained with an evening bridge party on April 4. Maj. and Mrs. E. W. Wildrick entertained at dinner, as did Maj. and Mrs. A. G. Campbell.

On April 5 the annual West Point dinner was held at the Hotel Baltimore in Kansas City, Mo. About 200 officers from the post attended.

FORT HAYES

COLUMBUS, OHIO, APRIL 4.

Capt. and Mrs. T. D. Sterling of Fort Hayes entertained Lt. Col. and Mrs. F. H. Adams, Maj. and Mrs. C. J. Gentzkow and Capt. and Mrs. Hans Ottzenn at dinner March 24. Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Merklin of Columbus entertained March 24 with a dinner in honor of Maj. and Mrs. Alfred Ballin and Miss Sarah McKinley of Fort Hayes.

Lt. Robert C. Ashley of Brooks Field has returned to San Antonio after a visit at the home of Mrs. Mary E. Anderson, Columbus, Lt. Ashley made the trip by plane.

Capt. and Mrs. Thayer D. Sterling of Fort Hayes gave a dinner in Columbus March 28 for Mrs. Charles Crane of Santa Monica, Calif.; Miss Martin of North Carolina; Majs. and Mmes. Hudelson and Morris, Maj. Templeton, Lts. and Mmes. Wilson and Motley, Miss Margaret Edwards, Lt. D. M. N. Ross.

Mrs. Harry D. Mitchell, wife of Lt. Col. Mitchell, entertained forty guests at a bridge dinner Thursday, April 3, honoring Mrs. Morton W. Thompson of Danville, Ill., who is making a month's visit with her niece, Mrs. Fletcher O. McFarland of Fort Hayes. Lt. and Mrs. Edwin J. McAllister of Fort Hayes entertained at bridge and roulette Wednesday evening April 2, for the young ladies and bachelors of the post.

CANAL ZONE

CAMP GAILLARD, CULEBRA, APRIL 2.

The officers and ladies of the post called at Col. and Mrs. A. W. Bradbury's quarters in a surprise party to say good-bye to Mrs. Bradbury, who sailed for the States on March 26 for several months.

Mrs. Fox Conner and Mrs. Eisenhower entertained the ladies of the post at a musical and sewing party recently. Mrs. Conner played several violin selections. Mrs. Kraft and Mrs. Doyle gave a bridge party at the Officers' Club recently, when all the ladies of the post were present.

Mrs. Fitz Gerald's guest, Miss Johns, sailed for her home in New York on March 12. Among the parties given in her honor was one by Mrs. Dooley and Mrs. Fitz Gerald. There were twelve tables of bridge.

Mrs. A. J. MacKie gave a bridge luncheon recently. Mmes. Perry and Marston entertained all the ladies of the post at bridge and sewing. Mrs. Knabenshue gave a reception in honor of the 4th Field Artillery officers from Gatun, who are at Gaillard for maneuver training.

Mrs. Knabenshue entertained about fifteen ladies at a sewing party on March 25 given for Mrs. Fitz Gerald. The hop on March 21 was unusually well attended. Mmes. Dooley, Mumma, De Long, Booth and C. H. Conner gave dinner parties before the hop. Guests attended from Clayton and Corozal.

Mrs. Parker from Gatun spent the week end at Gaillard as the guest of Mrs. E. H. Conner. Capt. Parker is in charge of the 4th Field Artillery at Gaillard.

Capt. and Mrs. Robinson entertained Capt. and Mrs. Conner at dinner in Panama City on March 23.

The 42d Infantry officers left Gaillard on Monday for Arraijan to complete the maneuvers for the season, returning to the post April 5.

Lt. and Mrs. Joyce were guests at a dinner party at the Union Club on Sunday. The officers and ladies of Empire entertained all officers and ladies of Camp Gaillard on March 14 at a barn dance. Lt. and Mrs. Allen L. Stowell were visitors at Gaillard recently. Mrs. Stowell has just returned to the Zone after a long vacation in Ohio.

April 19, 1924.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

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POST CORRESPONDENCE**HAWAIIAN NOTES**

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, H.T., MARCH 30.

Col. and Mrs. Andrew Moses entertained recently at a hop supper for a large party, including Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Summerall, Brig. Gen. Adams, Cols. and Mmes. Reeder and Farr.

Mrs. Beverly F. Browne's recent dinner guests were Brig. Gen. Granger Adams, Majs. and Mmes. Harleigh Parkhurst, Harold E. Miner, Capt. and Mrs. Arthur A. White, Capt. and Mrs. Albert G. Wing entertained with a buffet supper honoring Miss Mildred Wing. Lt. and Mrs. William C. Goldsborough were hosts at a dinner honoring Lt. and Mrs. Leo F. Post on March 14.

Col. and Mrs. H. L. Laubach entertained at dinner for twenty, including Maj. Gen. and Mrs. C. T. Menoher, Cols. and Mmes. I. J. Carr, H. R. Perry, Capt. and Mrs. A. O. Walsh were dinner hosts for Maj. and Mrs. H. E. Miner, Capt. and Mmes. S. D. Bedinger, W. T. Scott, H. E. Tisdale, A. F. Kibler, K. K. Jones, R. O'Day, Lt. and Mrs. A. J. Hastings.

Capt. and Mrs. R. J. Crosby entertained at supper Capt. and Mmes. Conner, Dunn, Kurtz, Sharpton, Hunter, Lt. and Mrs. H. L. Kersh, Mrs. Theodore E. Haley and Miss Mary Connor. Mrs. Beverly F. Browne was honor guest at a bridge given by Mrs. Arthur A. White.

Mrs. Neil S. Edmond entertained at luncheon for Mmes. Farr, Herren, Browne, Sinkler, Gibson, Mueller and Evans. Maj. and Mrs. Ralph Hospital were supper hosts for forty guests. Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. D. Murphy entertained at dinner for Comdr. John Rogers, Maj. and Mrs. C. R. Abraham, Capt. and Mrs. D. L. Crane, Mrs. H. R. Brown, Miss Elizabeth Wright and Lt. Emmitt Niblack.

Capt. and Mrs. J. A. Brannon entertained at dinner for Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ryan, Capt. and Mmes. Collins, Pope, Lehman, Lt. and Mrs. Meredith. Col. H. L. Newbold's dinner guests were Capt. and Mmes. McDowell and Voorhees, Lts. and Mmes. Vanture and Berg. Capt. and Mrs. Raymond G. Lehman were dinner hosts for Col. and Mrs. Laubach, Maj. and Mrs. Gibson, Capt. and Mmes. Scott, Fleegal and Head, Miss Ann Shirley and Maj. New-garden.

Lt. and Mrs. Arvid E. M. Fogelberg entertained with bridge and mah jong for Col. and Mrs. Perry, Maj. and Mrs. Tillotson, Capt. and Mmes. Peck, Dyer, Lts. and Mmes. Russell, Blaine, Gibson, Mmes. L. J. Shearer and G. M. Kinman. Mrs. Frank E. Brokaw was hostess to the 21st Infantry Bridge Club. Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Hills entertained sixteen at supper. Lt. and Mrs. McGregor and Mrs. Lena Shillock entertained with a hop supper, honoring Mrs. Grace Langes.

Mrs. R. P. Davis entertained at a luncheon for Mmes. Summerall, Menoher, Farr, Carr, Moses, Burdin, Wildrick, Parkhurst, Gibson, Ferris and Miley. A stag dinner was given by the chaplains of the post, their guests being their regimental commanders and Maj. Gen. Charles T. Menoher guest of honor.

Capt. and Mrs. Clarence C. Fenn entertained at a bridge dinner for Cols. and Mmes. Farr, Carr, Moses, Maj. and Mrs. Abraham, Maj. McMahon, Capt. and Mrs. Hill's, Capt. Ostrander and Mickel, Mr. and Mrs. John Macaulay, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Charles W. Weeks entertained at dinner Cols. and Mmes. Farr, Carr, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Murphy, Maj. and Mmes. Lyman and Burdin.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. L. J. Owens entertained at a beach supper, honoring Mrs. H. Bernard McMurdo, the guests bidding "aloha" to Mrs. McMurdo. Mrs. Everett S. Prouty was a recent bridge hostess for twenty guests. Lt. and Mrs. Edwin V. Kerr entertained at a bridge supper for Maj. and Mrs. Miner, Capt. and Mmes. Walsh, Dunn, Hunter, Vance, Lts. and Mmes. Townley and Kanaga.

Mrs. Otto W. B. Farr entertained at a bridge luncheon at the Oahu Country Club, honoring Mrs. William Chamberlain. Col. and Mrs. Irving J. Carr were recent dinner guests of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Charles P. Summerall. Capt. and Mrs. Samuel Harrison entertained at bridge Maj. and Mrs. Richie, Capt. and Mmes. Mueller, Peabody, Nix, Connell, Lt. and Mrs. C. L. King, Lts. Somers and Lawrence.

Mrs. Robert G. Kirkwood entertained with a bridge tea for Mmes. Farr, Moses, Browne, Miner, White, Haley, Kurtz, Achatz, Benner, Calhoun, Arnold, Metzger, James, Gard, Tate, Kanaga, McGregor, Kurtz, Partridge, De Graaf and Shillock, Mallory, Parkhurst and Fray.

GOVERNORS ISLAND

NEW YORK, APRIL 8.

Mrs. Crawford entertained with a tea on April 2. Miss Bullard has as her house guests Mrs. Greene and Miss Helen Greene of Birmingham. Maj. and Mrs. Wright entertained thirty guests at dinner March 29 in honor of Maj. Wright's birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Murphy entertained with a bridge luncheon on April 3 for sixteen.

Lt. Col. Frank Davis, who was called suddenly to Florida by the death of his uncle, returned April 1.

Maj. and Mrs. Rose entertained at dinner on April 3 for Col. and Mrs. Lewis, Capt. and Mrs. Cromwell and Maj. Ulio.

Mrs. Swentzel entertained at tea on April 4. Lt. Col. and Mrs. Higgins gave a tea on April

3 for Cols. and Mmes. Baldwin, Conrad and Watson, Gen. Bullard, Col. Byrnes, Maj. Philip Rhinelander, Maj. Ulio and Lt. and Mrs. Powell.

Mrs. Rose left April 4 for a month's visit to Washington. Misses Janet and Elizabeth Justice have returned from Plattsburg, where they took part in the Cosmopolitan screen production of "Janice Meredith."

Col. and Mrs. Ames had as their guests Mrs. Le Breton and Mrs. Rainsford, who recently returned from Europe. Mrs. Bailey has returned from a visit in Atlanta.

Lt. and Mrs. Powell gave a dinner April 1 for Lt. Col. and Mrs. Higgins, Col. and Mrs. Byrnes. Mrs. Keefer arrived April 4 after a month's visit in San Antonio.

Col. and Mrs. Baldwin entertained at dinner on Wednesday. Lt. Col. Frazer is in Washington for a week.

FORT MONROE

VIRGINIA, MARCH 30.

Mrs. J. G. De Vine entertained at a bridge tea on March 17. There were six tables. The same afternoon Mrs. Easterbrook invited a group of ladies in for tea.

Capt. B. F. Harmon on Tuesday was host at a small bridge party. Mrs. Hugh De Valin gave a tea on Wednesday for her sister, Mrs. C. F. Green, who has since joined her husband, Lt. Comdr. Green, in Washington. Mrs. J. F. Kahle entertained at two tables of bridge on Thursday for Mrs. A. G. Pendleton, who is visiting the post. The same afternoon Mrs. Chauncey L. Fenton was hostess at bridge for sixteen.

Mrs. Donald L. Dutton was hostess at bridge and mah jong on Wednesday. Mrs. J. H. Cunningham was a luncheon hostess on Friday in honor of her aunt, Mrs. Oler of Larchmont, L.I.; Mrs. T. M. C. Osborn honored Miss Dorothy McCall of New York, who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. E. Imhof, with a bridge tea.

Preceding the regular fortnightly hop held at the Coast Artillery School on Friday Col. H. J. Hatch and his sister, Miss Hatch, entertained at dinner Maj. and Mmes. Shedd, Homer, Clark and Welshimer, Mrs. Annie Clark and Capt. Harmon. A dinner was given the same evening at the Fort Monroe Club by Maj. and Mrs. Horton, their guests numbering forty.

The 122d anniversary of the founding of West Point was commemorated by a dinner given by the graduates at the officers' mess on March 22. The arrangements were in charge of a committee headed by Maj. William E. Shedd.

Mrs. Albert H. Warren of West Point, who has been the guest of Capt. and Mrs. Kahle, left for Sunday for Washington; Mrs. Osborn left for Saranac Lake. Mrs. E. H. Block and son Herbert are spending a few days with relatives in Washington. Mrs. G. V. Emerson has as her guests her sisters, Misses Dorothy, Theresa and Adele McLaughlin of Jersey City. A tea was given in their honor by Mrs. Fred H. Smith on March 25. Mrs. Oliver Bond was hostess for the Tuesday afternoon bridge club on March 25.

Lt. Col. Robert I. Rees is visiting his son-in-law and daughter, Maj. and Mrs. Ray Cramer. A beautifully appointed luncheon was given at the Fort Monroe Club on March 27 by Mrs. A. G. Pendleton for twenty-four guests.

Mrs. Robert F. Woods, who was the guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Maj. and Mrs. E. K. Smith, for a few days, was honored with a bridge party on Thursday. The following were invited: Mmes. William R. Smith, Hanvey, Dutton, Cullen, Wheatley, Phillips, Peed, Gallagher, Knight, Thiele, Villaret, L. L. Pendleton, Loutsalot, Miss Wesson, and Mrs. W. W. Richardson of Hampton, Va. The same afternoon Mrs. Edgar Thompson was hostess at a tea.

Mrs. L. L. Pendleton entertained at two tables of bridge in her apartment at the officers' mess. Mrs. E. C. Wheatley on March 28 was a luncheon hostess for Mmes. Bennett, Cullen, Villaret, Thiele, Homer, Horsfall, Pendleton, Smith, Knight, Price and Peed.

Miss Katherine Smith, accompanied by Miss Ellenor Harmon, arrived Friday to spend the weekend with her parents, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Smith.

The bi-monthly dinner dance held at the Fort Monroe Club on March 28 was in charge of Mrs. Shedd and Mrs. Lewis, covers being laid for 160 guests. Gen. and Mrs. Smith had a special table to celebrate the birthday anniversary of their daughter Katherine. Other separate dinner hosts were Maj. and Mrs. Thiele, Maj. and Mrs. Loughry, Lt. and Mrs. Slifer, Lt. and Mrs. Bowman. The same evening Maj. and Mrs. Welshimer entertained at dinner for Maj. and Mrs. Donovan, Capt. and Mrs. Crisp.

Col. Harry C. Barnes while here to deliver a lecture to the advanced class is the guest of his son, Lt. Cooper Barnes.

Maj. and Mrs. W. E. Shedd entertained at dinner on Saturday Maj. and Mrs. Donovan, Maj. and Mrs. Homer, Capt. and Mmes. Lewis, Crisp and Block, Lt. Col. Barnes, Maj. Gage and Lt. Barnes. Maj. and Mrs. Villaret entertained forty guests at a bridge and mah jong party at the club on March 29. The same evening Capt. and Mrs. Twyman were hosts at a bridge party at the officers' mess.

Mrs. E. J. Cullen left last evening for a three weeks' stay with relatives in Washington.

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NAVAL ACADEMY

ANNAPOLIS, MD., APRIL 9.

Lt. Lawrence C. Leonard, U.S.A., of Fort Monroe, has been spending several days as the guest of Prof. Thomas L. Gladden and family of Weems Creek.

Ensign and Mrs. Vincent P. Conroy, who were married recently in New York and who spent part of their honeymoon in Annapolis, are now visiting in Washington, D.C. Ensign Conroy graduated from the Naval Academy in 1923, and was captain of the Naval Academy football team.

Mrs. Samuel A. Clement was hostess last Thursday at a buffet supper in honor of Adm. and Mrs. W. W. Phelps, who with their son are visiting them.

Mrs. Frank Slingluff entertained at a luncheon and mah jong last Monday. Mrs. Colin D. Headlee was hostess at a bridge party Thursday in honor of Mrs. L. Vance Jefferis, house guest of Mrs. Gambrill, jr.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Albert M. Penn were hosts at a buffet supper that preceded the hop at the officers' mess last Friday. Lt. and Mrs. Harry Leighley of Quantico are guests at Cavalier Hall. Lt. Leighley is a graduate of 1922, and is trying for the Olympic wrestling team.

WEST POINT

NEW YORK, APRIL 8, 1924.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Sladen entertained at dinner on Friday in honor of Mrs. Howe. Other guests included Col. and Mrs. Alexander and Col. Echols.

The Drama Study Club met with Mrs. Robb this week. The Reading Club met with Mrs. Stearns. Mrs. Wilson read a paper on Hungary, and Mrs. Stearns gave current events.

The Monday Bridge Club met with Mrs. Devers. Maj. Rose and Mr. Torring Pickering were luncheon guests of Maj. and Mrs. H. B. Lewis on Sunday. Mr. Rich of Boston spent Wednesday and Thursday with Maj. and Mrs. Thompson. Dr. Ogilby, president of Trinity College, conducted the services at the Cadet Chapel on Sunday and was the guest of Col. and Mrs. Ashburn for the week-end. On Saturday Col. Wilcox entertained at dinner for Dr. Ogilby and for Col. and Mrs. Ashburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Rice-Ray of Detroit motored to West Point and were week-end guests of Maj. and Mrs. Du Bois. At the tea dance on Saturday tea was poured by Mrs. Bagby and Mrs. Weaver, who were assisted by Mmes. Conklin and Small. Mr. George Harrison was the week-end guest of his brother-in-law and sister, Maj. and Mrs. Keyes.

Ruth Alexander celebrated her fourth birthday anniversary on Saturday and had as her guests Jacqueline Keyes, Beverly Hoge, Barbara Hudnut, Betty Hineman, Elinor Wilson, Frances H. Lewis, Marjorie Catron and Marjorie Mitchell. Frances H. Lewis had several of her little neighbors in on Thursday afternoon, as it was her fifth anniversary. Stephen Slaughter celebrated his third birthday anniversary on Saturday with a small party.

A smoker was held on Saturday night at Central Valley Inn by all officers in the Infantry stationed at West Point.

Mr. William Huffman of Congers, N.Y., spent Monday with Maj. and Mrs. H. B. Lewis. Miss Josephine Anderson has come from Beechwood School to spend her spring vacation with her brother and sister-in-law, Maj. and Mrs. Anderson.

A scout party was held Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Stearns in honor of Frances Stearns and Anne Virginia Ashburn, as they both have won the hostess proficiency badge.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, APRIL 5.

Col. Parker Hitt, Mrs. Hitt, Mary Lou Hitt, Col. George Grunert, Mrs. Grunert and Mary Grunert returned on March 19 from a month spent in the Panama Canal Zone.

Col. and Mrs. George T. Bowman entertained at a dinner party on March 28 for Cols. and Mmes. George C. Barnhart, Wait C. Johnson, Walter S. Grant, Herbert B. Crosby, A. W. Brown, Comdr. T. Crapster, U.S.N., and Mrs. Crapster, Capt. J. Lewis, U.S.N., and Mrs. Lewis, Cols. and Mmes. Wooten and Tyner.

Col. and Mrs. Charles E. Kilbourne and Col. and Mrs. William L. Goldsborough entertained at a dinner party in compliment to Miss Margaret Wherry of New York, niece of the wife of Maj. Gen. John L. Hines of Fort Myer.

The first break in the faculty of the Army War College for 1923-24 will come when Col. Ewing E. Booth leaves early next week for his new assignment with troops. Col. and Mrs. Booth will go to Fort McIntosh, Texas, for station.

Col. and Mrs. Walter S. Grant entertained at a dinner party on March 29 in observance of their fourteenth wedding anniversary. Those present were Cols. and Mmes. Lawrence B. Simonds, Upton Birnie, jr., and George T. Bowmen.

Mrs. A. D. Schenck, widow of Gen. Schenck, has returned to her home, 2311 Calow avenue, Baltimore, after spending the winter with her son-in-law and daughter, Col. and Mrs. Upton Birnie, jr.

Capt. Raymond G. Sherman is to relieve Capt. Parry W. Lewis in command of the Army music school on this post. Capt. and Mrs. Lewis will start soon for the Philippine Islands, where Capt. Lewis will take station. They have many friends here.

Mrs. William P. Wooten was hostess at lunch-

POST CORRESPONDENCE

BUFFALO, N.Y., APRIL 9.

son for Mmes. George S. Simonds, Raymond W. Briggs, F. B. Wilby, John R. D. Matheson and others. The guests of honor were Mrs. L. V. Frazier's house guest, Mrs. Emil Becker, and Mrs. Frazier. Mah jong and bridge were played.

Col. and Mrs. W. L. Goldsborough and Col. and Mrs. Charles E. Kilbourne entertained at Sunday supper in honor of Mrs. Dawson Blackmore, house guest of Col. and Mrs. William Bennett. Mrs. Charles C. Dean, of Portsmouth, Va., has been a house guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Parry W. Lewis, on the post.

SAN DIEGO and NEARBY BASES

CALIFORNIA, APRIL 9.

Mrs. L. C. Robertson, wife of a brother of Rear Adm. Ashley H. Robertson, is the guest of Adm. and Mrs. Robertson for a stay of several weeks. Her home is in St. Paul, Minn.

Lt. Col. Giles Bishop, jr., commanding the 7th Regiment at the marine base here, has been designated as executive officer in charge of the Western Division rifle and pistol matches to be held by the Marine Corps at Mare Island, beginning April 29.

Lt. Col. Sidney E. Clyne, N.G.C., who saw service in the World War, has been appointed city marshal of Chula Vista, one of the smaller cities near San Diego.

Mrs. H. S. Kendall, wife of Lt. Kendall, was hostess at a bridge tea at the Coronado Country Club Friday. Mrs. Beverly F. Browne, wife of Col. Browne, was guest of honor at an informal tea given by Mrs. Edward Millar of Coronado Wednesday. Col. Browne is captain of the Hawaiian polo team which has been playing in the tournament at the Coronado polo grounds, and he and Mrs. Browne have been guests of Mrs. Millar during their stay.

Rear Adm. Ashley H. Robertson, commanding the 11th Naval District, has been a patient at the naval hospital in Balboa Park this week, suffering from an attack of indigestion. His condition is reported as improving.

THE ENGINEER SCHOOL

FORT HUMPHREYS, VA., APRIL 8.

Mrs. Nold and Mrs. Hardy entertained at a tea on Wednesday. Mrs. Brown sang. Mrs. Davison played the violin, and Mrs. Laird accompanied.

Mrs. Fleming entertained at bridge on Wednesday evening. Mrs. Polk, wife of Col. Hardin Polk and sister of Maj. Fleming, is the house guest of Maj. and Mrs. Fleming.

Capt. and Mrs. Hoge have had as guests for the past week Mrs. Hoge's father and sister, Dr. and Miss Fendall. Capt. and Mrs. Vandervanter entertained for Dr. and Miss Fendall at a card party.

The Monday Bridge Club met with ten tables. Capt. Arthur Brown and Mrs. Harloe were hosts.

FIELD ARTILLERY SCHOOL

FORT SILL, OKLA., MARCH 31.

A reception and dance was held at the Officers' Club March 29 for the officers and ladies of the Special Class, the National Guard Officers' Class and the Reserve Officers' Class.

Friday evening was spent most agreeably by a large majority of the post at the Liberty Theater as spectators of the comedy "Nothing But the Truth," given by eleven of the officers and ladies of the post for the benefit of the Officers' Club.

Col. and Mrs. W. W. Harts entertained on Friday at dinner for Gen. Irwin and Mrs. Small of Chicago, who is visiting her brother, Gen. Irwin. Lt. and Mrs. W. L. Carr gave a buffet supper Saturday for Capts. and Mmes. Bennett, Brady, Young, Fitzhugh, Lt. and Mrs. Gaston, Maj. Elser, Lts. Gant and Graves.

Mrs. J. Starkey gave a tea on Wednesday for the ladies of the Special Class and Battery Officers' Class. Mmes. Gallup and O'Connell poured tea, assisted by Mmes. Lewis, Tyndall, R. Allen, Sharp and Miller.

Col. and Mrs. D. F. Craig were dinner hosts on Saturday to Majs. and Mmes. Sharp and Gallup, and Mr. Reed.

Mrs. R. L. Pemberton on Tuesday entertained with a bridge tea for Mrs. Carr's mother, Mrs. S. W. Carr of Mansfield, Ohio. Among those present were Mmes. Ballard, Almquist, Ward, Soderholm, Jay, Carr, Cheston and Lipincott. Mrs. J. Barnes had a table of mah jong on Thursday for Mrs. Small.

Maj. and Mrs. W. C. Crane were hosts at dinner on Friday and Saturday. Lt. and Mrs. H. Gaston entertained Capts. and Mmes. Brady and Young. Lt. and Mrs. Carr and Mrs. S. W. Carr on Wednesday night.

There were many parties last week complimenting Mrs. De Armond of Liberty, Mo., who is visiting her son, Maj. G. W. De Armond. Mrs. J. Rogers gave a luncheon on Monday for her, Mrs. G. W. De Armond a tea on Tuesday, Mrs. E. M. Wilson a bridge tea on Friday, and Mrs. F. Sharp a bridge on Monday.

Maj. and Mrs. R. Paddock entertained the cast of "Nothing But the Truth" after the performance on Friday night. Mrs. R. K. Learhard had five tables of bridge on March 26. Among her guests were Mmes. Chaddock, Barnett, Dupuy, Neilson, Waters, Young, Moore,

Butner, Almquist, Ratay, Marston, Dosher, Wren, Greene and Rountree.

Maj. and Mrs. F. Sharp were dinner hosts on March 29 to Col. and Mrs. Herron, Col. and Mrs. Hamilton, Maj. and Mrs. Wilson and Col. Parker. Mrs. W. S. Carr entertained at a bridge tea on Friday.

Col. and Mrs. W. W. Harts entertained at dinner at the Officers' Club on Saturday. Maj. and Mrs. W. R. Gruber gave a dinner for Maj. and Mrs. Barnes and Capt. Guthrie. Maj. and Mrs. R. Lewis entertained at dinner Saturday for Maj. and Mrs. Marshall, Col. Butler and Maj. Horowitz.

Maj. and Mrs. C. L. Gandy left Tuesday for a six weeks trip to the East. Mrs. H. Brenizer gave a tea on Tuesday for a few of her friends. Maj. and Mrs. Burr gave a dinner party Friday for Maj. and Mrs. Lewis and Maj. and Mrs. Beukema.

FORT SILVER, OKLA., APRIL 7.

The dance at the Officers' Club Saturday night was preceded by two large dinners—one given by Capt. and Mrs. W. Spence for forty of their friends, and the other by Capt. and Mrs. R. Moore for Col. and Mrs. Austin, Maj. and Mmes. Sharp, Tyndall, Lewis, Capt. and Mmes. Bennett, Henry, Easterbrook, Sheetz, Mrs. McConaughy, Capt. Emerson, Miss McClure, Lts. and Mmes. Argos, Donaldson, Almquist, and Lt. McConaughy.

Mrs. H. B. Dawson had three tables of bridge on Friday, followed by tea. Her guests included Mmes. Thurber, Sabini, Busch, Ming, Spence, Marston, Lewis, McIlhenny, Jordan, Young, Watson and Michener. Mrs. D. F. Craig had a table of mah jong and one of bridge complimenting Mrs. A. A. Small, who is visiting her brother, Gen. G. L. Irwin. Her guests were Mmes. McCabe, Wilson, Tyndall, Rogers and Barnes.

Miss Baugh of Eagle Pass, Texas, is visiting Capt. and Mrs. V. E. Pritchard. Mrs. T. W. Wrenn entertained with four tables of bridge at the Officers' Club on April 2. Lt. W. R. Hensley entertained at bridge on Wednesday night. Mrs. C. M. Hallam had seven tables of bridge on April 1 at the Officers' Club.

Maj. and Mrs. J. F. Barnes entertained Mrs. A. A. Small, Gen. Irwin and Maj. Busbee at dinner on Wednesday. On Friday Mrs. E. M. Wilson entertained at dinner followed by bridge for Col. and Mrs. Craig, Maj. and Mmes. Sharp, Downs, Barnes, and Capt. and Mrs. Easterbrook.

Mrs. R. Lewis entertained for Mrs. Small with mah jong on Wednesday. Lt. and Mrs. H. Brenizer were hosts at tea on Sunday.

Mrs. J. G. Tyndall gave a bridge and mah jong party on Friday, complimenting Mrs. A. A. Small. Those present were Mmes. Sturdevant, Craig, Austin, Sharp, Harts, Wilson and Barnes.

PORTSMOUTH NAVY YARD

NEW HAMPSHIRE, APRIL 4.

Capt. and Mrs. Douglas E. Dismukes were at home April 2. Music was furnished by the naval orchestra and dancing was enjoyed. Mrs. Dismukes was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Wise, wife of Col. F. M. Wise, U.S.M.C.; Mrs. Braham, wife of Lt. Comdr. H. M. Braham, and Mrs. Warfield, wife of Comdr. Ralph M. Warfield.

Col. and Mrs. Hamilton D. South on Saturday gave a dinner complimentary to Capt. and Mrs. Dismukes, and for Capt. and Mmes. C. T. Owens and W. M. Hunt, Comdr. and Mrs. Robert E. Hoyt, Mr. Brine, Mrs. D. C. Laizel and Mrs. Tucker.

A dinner party was given last week at the Commandant's quarters in honor of Miss Judith Lee Dismukes and Douglas E. Dismukes, jr., home for the spring vacation. Col. and Mrs. F. M. Wise presided, and the guests included a number of officers and ladies at the yard.

Lt. T. H. Taber, M.C., has recently arrived from Hampton Roads to assume his duties in the yard dispensary. Lt. and Mrs. Taber and family have taken up a residence in Kimmel and Mrs. Tucker.

The ladies' bridge club met with Mrs. Norton, wife of Comdr. E. R. Norton, on Monday. Mrs. Robert E. Hoyt entertained on Tuesday evening. Mrs. D. L. Trautman on Thursday gave a bridge and mah jong party. Mrs. E. E. Brady entertained on Thursday, with Miss Judith Lee Dismukes as guest of honor.

Comdr. and Mrs. Ralph M. Warfield, recently returned to this yard from the Virgin Islands, are receiving many cordial greetings.

Mrs. Page, wife of Lt. J. W. Page, gave a dinner to-day.

FORT PORTER

BUFFALO, N.Y., APRIL 7.

Mrs. Hazelhurst was the hostess at the club last week, and Mrs. Whitmore, wife of Maj. William Whitmore, M.C., will entertain the club this week.

Mrs. D. D. Mitchell had an informal bridge party Friday evening. Maj. and Mrs. Ralph Drury were among the guests.

Maj. and Mrs. McDonald expects to go to Plattsburgh for the encampment in June.

Lt. Comdr. S. M. Major, U.S.N., ret., is in Kentucky for a visit to his family.

FORT SNELLING

MINNESOTA, MARCH 29.

Mrs. Howard M. Savage was hostess Tuesday for the Afternoon Bridge Club. Mrs. Dana Schmalz will be the next hostess for the club. Chaplain and Mrs. Frank C. Hideout entertained on Friday at dinner. Maj. and Mrs. Ray C. Hill entertained on Thursday at dinner.

Mrs. W. N. Jordan, Des Moines, Ia., is the guest of her son and daughter-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Herbert S. Jordan. Capt. and Mrs. E. G. Gebhardt have arrived from Schofield Barracks and are at the club. The officers of the garrison are entertaining this evening at a formal dance. Capt. and Mrs. Farragut Hall and Col. and Mrs. Craig Snyder are entertaining this evening at dinner.

Capt. and Mrs. Merton A. Farlow, who have been ordered to Honolulu for duty, will spend two months visiting relatives in the East before sailing in June.

NINTH CORPS AREA

PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF., MARCH 29.

The combined opening on March 26 of the new Army golf course at Fort Baker and a newly formed bridge club for the women of the four outlying posts—Fort Scott, Fort Baker, Alcatraz and Fort McDowell—brought a gay throng to the Service Club of the post. Col. Percy P. Bishop opened the course, which has nine holes, and after the first game the officers gathered at the Service Club, where tea was served at the close of the bridge that occupied the women during the afternoon. Mrs. Manly B. Gibson was hostess, assisted by Mrs. Percy P. Bishop and Mrs. Llewellyn P. Williamson.

Mrs. Harry B. Sepulveda entertained recently for her mother, Mrs. Edward J. Stone of Boston. The hostess was assisted at receiving by Mmes. Lucius R. Holbrook, John S. Chambers and Clarence E. Partridge. About fifty callers greeted the guest of honor.

Maj. and Mrs. Augustus B. Jones gave a supper and card party at their Letterman quarters on March 22. Col. and Mrs. Charles S. Lincoln were dinner hosts at the Presidio recently, entertaining Cols. and Mmes. E. A. Sirmeyer, Covington and R. B. Lister, Maj. and Mrs. L. B. Magruder and Mrs. Knight.

Miss Louise Aaron, who is the house guest of her brother and sister-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. T. R. Aaron, at the Presidio, was hostess to a group at cards on March 26. Maj. and Mrs. William G. Weaver entertained at dinner recently.

Miss Irene Canby, daughter of Col. and Mrs. James Canby, entertained March 24 with a luncheon for the Countess Graziella Sicilian.

FORT HAMILTON

NEW YORK, APRIL 1.

Capt. and Mrs. Bratton gave a supper, prior to the hcp, for Col. and Mrs. Huguet and Mr. and Mrs. Hupfel of New York city, Maj. and Mmes. Andre and Rose, Col. Davis, Maj. J. A. Ullo, and Maj. McClure of Governors Island; Miss Keane of Washington; Col. and Mrs. Wagner, Maj. and Mmes. Hay, White and Watrous, Capt. and Mmes. Lloyd and Gibson.

Mrs. Spencer on March 25 gave a bridge and tea in honor of her sister, Miss Edith M. Abbott, her house guest. The guests were Mmes. Dale, Lloyd, Andrews, Wheatley, Mr. and Mrs. De Kraft, Miss Dale, Miss Patton and Mr. L. Duff. Mrs. Gibson and small son have returned from a visit with relatives in Washington. Capt. and Mrs. Evers were week-end guests of Lt. and Mrs. Conrad.

Miss Edith M. Abbott of Concord, Mass., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Spencer, returned to her home Sunday. Several of the friends of Douglas Methven helped him celebrate his first birthday anniversary on March 31.

BATTERY PARK

WASHINGTON, D.C., APRIL 9.

Maj. and Mrs. John L. Beatie will have Mrs. Beatie's mother, Mrs. George C. Stevens, with them for the spring season. Mr. John Seibel of South Carolina, guest of his brother and sister-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. George F. Seibel, gave a dinner last Saturday at the Willard Hotel in honor of his daughter, Miss Mary Ross Seibel, who is attending the Holton Arms School.

Capt. and Mrs. George F. Seibel entertained at dinner last Sunday in honor of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles K. Mallory. Mrs. Mallory, wife of Capt. Philip H. Mallory, gave a tea last Friday in honor of Mrs. Reeves' mother, Mrs. Joseph Richardson of Atlanta, Ga., who is visiting Col. and Mrs. J. H. Reeves. Mrs. Mallory was assisted by her sister, Mrs. Arthur Peter.

The Battery Park Garden Club met Tuesday with Mrs. Hartnett, wife of Col. E. T. Hartnett, in Wilson's lane. The meeting was very largely attended. The club was treated to an illustrated talk by Mr. Wilson Pope, agricultural explorer of the Department of Agriculture, on "Plants and Peoples of Guatemala and South America," with particular reference to the large number of vegetables, plants and flowers introduced in the United States from South America and Guatemala.